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A CATALOGUE

GF.

THE GREEK COINS

135

THE BRITISH MUSEUM.





OF THE

GREEK COINS OF TROAS, AEOLIS, AND LESBOS. 13392



WITH ONE MAP AND FORTY-THREE AUTOTYPE PLATES.

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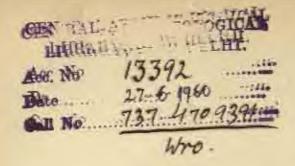
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A. RIFE DE LOUVIS, PARIS; A. ASURIA & CO.;

KEGAN PAUL, FRENCH, PRESNER & CO.; LONGMANS, GREEN, 2 CO.

1894.



LOEDON

PRINTED BY MILETEY AND DITINGTON, LD., ST. JOHA'S MOUNE, SURRESINGUE MOAD, S.O.

PREFACE BY THE KEEPER OF COINS.

This volume of the Catalogue of the Greek Coins in the British Museum describes the money of Troas, Acolis, and Lesbos, districts which formed part of the Roman Province of Asia.

The size of the coins is given in inches and tenths, and the weight in English grains. Tables for converting grains into grammes and inches into millimètres, as well as into the measures of Mionnet's scale, are placed at the end of the volume. A map has been prefixed, showing in red letters the position of the cities that issued coins.

In the Introduction, a sketch of the numismatic history of Troas, Acolis, and Lesbos has been attempted, and, so far as is compatible with limits of space, reference is made to such details in the history, geography and religion of the towns as serve to throw light upon the coinage. The Notes deal briefly with questions of processare, attribution, reading and types; but some of the more important types and attributions are discussed in the Introduction.

The whole work has been written by Mr. Warwick Wroth, F.S.A., the Senior Assistant in the Department of Coins and Medals. I have carefully read the proof-sheets, and have minutely compared each coin with the description in the text.

BARCLAY V. HEAD.

CORRECTIONS.

Page xxix., bottom, for Assus (B.c. 400—241) and Neundria, read Assus (B.c. 400—241); cp. Neandria.

" 76, no. 1, for PPYNEAN, resul OPPYNEAN.



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INTRODUCTION.

PART L

COINAGE OF TROAS.

The coinage of the numerous towns of the Troad* belongs mainly to the fourth century n.c. and to the latter part of the lifth century. Early coinages (of the sixth century z.c.) have been attributed to Abydus, Cebren, Dardanns, and Zeleia, but in none of these cases can the attribution be considered as indisputable. The close of the fourth century is marked in the Troad by political change and by frequent migrations of the urban populations. These movements are reflected in the coinage, and will be more readily apprehended if, in this Introduction, we arrange the towns of the Troad in three or four groups, suggested by geographical proximity or by identity of political fortune.† The first group—the Alexandria-Troas group—consists of towns whose inhabitants, after the permanent or temporary loss of their autonomy, were removed to form the population of the important town of Alexandria Troas (Antigoneia). The second group embraces the city of Ilium and towns in its

^{*} See Index I. (Geographical) and the map at the beginning of the volume.

The coinages of twenty-three towns (not including Tenedos) are extant. All these, with the exception of the currency of Rhosteum, are represented in the British Museum.

[†] In the Catalogue fafes the towns are, for convenience of reference, arranged appliabelically.

neighbourhood, two of which—Gergis and Rhocteum—were circ. n.c. 180 annexed by the Romans to the territory of Hinm. The third group consists of Assus and the neighbouring towns of the southern Troad. The city of Abydus is somewhat isolated, though in the time of Alexander's successors it is brought into relations with its neighbour Dardanus. Zeleia and Tenedos—from their geographical position—and the towns of Birytis and Gentinus (the sites of which remain unidentified) cannot well be included in any of the above-mentioned groups.

ALEXANDUIA-TROAS GROUP.

Alexandria Tross, now Eski Stumbul, was founded about n.c. 310

ALEXANDRIA by Antigonus, who brought thither the inhabitants

TROAS. of Cebren, Colone, Hamaxitus, Neandria and
Scepsis. The city at first bore the name of Antigoneia, but about

B.C. 300 was improved by Lysimachus and re-named Alexandria, in

memory of Alexander the Great.

No coins of the place inscribed with the name of Antigoneia are known to exist, and it is therefore probable that the money of the various populations that had been drafted thither—especially the money of Hamaxitus and Neandrin—continued to circulate in the newly-founded city.

The earliest coins bearing the name of Alexandria are bronze pieces struck eire. s.c. 300 (Pl. iii. 6-8), and imitated from the latest autonomous money of Hamaxitus (Apollo Smintheus) and Neandria (Apollo, rev. Horse feeding).*

The earliest specimens in alver attributable to Alexandria are tetradrachus of Antiochus II. (n.c. 261-246), with mint-mark a feeding horse (Gardner, Brit. Mus. Cat., Seleucid Kings, p. xxx.;

Sestini (Mes. Hoderwar., il., p. 139, no. 2) publishes a Nesndrian coin of these types stamped with the countermark AAEEAN which shows that the Nesndrian coins sirculated at Antigoneia oven after its name had been changed to Alexandria.

p. 14, nos. 5, 6, 7; Babelon, Rois de Syrie, p. 1vi.; pp. 29, 30). Alexandrine tetradrachus with the same mint-mark are also attributed to Alexandria by L. Müller (Num. d'Alex., nos. 923, 924; pp. 236, 237), who, however, seems wrong in assigning them to the reign of Antiochus II. instead of to the period after the battle of Magnesia, circ. a.c. 189.

Probably about the same time as the town of Ilium, Alexandria began to issue tetradrachms (Pl. iv. 1, 2) and drachms* of Attio weight bearing the image of Apollo Smintheus. These coins are dated; the earliest date, so far as we know, being Dated soinage. Ers B.C. 312 or "137,"+ the latest "236." According to the B.C. 3001 conjecture of Spanheim, which most later writers have adopted, I the Era from which these dates are reckoned is n.c. 300, the year (probably) in which Lysimachus changed the name of the city from Antigeneia to Alexandria. In accordance with this theory, the dates ".137" and " 230" would respectively correspond to s.c. 164 and s.c. 65. If, however, as De Witte has suggested (Rev. num., 1858, p. 49), the coins are dated according to the Seleucid Em (a.c. 312), the dates "137" and " 236" would be equivalent to s.c. 176 and s.c. 77. If this latter Era be accepted -as I am inclined to think it should be-it will follow that the coinage of these tetradrachms and drachins came to an end almost at the same time as the corresponding coinage of the Bithynian Kings. The latest tetradrachm of Alexandria (year "286"= B.C. 77) bears, in fact, a close resemblance to the latest Bithynian tetradrachms, issued in a.c. 74 (Brit. Mus. Cat., Pontus, p. 215, no. 8).

In the time of Augustus, Alexandria Troas became a Colonia.

For drachme, see Zeit. f. Num., iii., p. 305; pl. viii. 13; ep. Imhoof, Mon. gr., p. 261; Z. f. N., xv. (1867), p. 42, Loebbecke.

[†] Longpérier in Rev. 1101, n.a. 1850, p. 116; pl. iii 2.

² Echhel, Doct. www. vot., ii. 481; Lenka, Num. Hell. As. Gr., p. 8; Hand Hist. sum., p. 449; cp. De Witte in Rev. sum., 1858, p. 49.

It was one of the chief towns of the Troad under the Empire, and the place of embarkation and arrival for voyagers between Macedonia and western Asia Minor. Its colonial bronze coinage* belongs principally to the period extending from Commodus to Gallienns, and the types chiefly relate to Apollo Smintheus, whose temple (originally in the territory of Hamaxitus) lay at a short distance from the sea-shore, twelve geographical miles south of Alexandria Troas; (cp. Pl. v. 5, 18; vi. 1, 9).

In addition to colonial types of the ordinary character, such as the Wolf and Twins (Pl. v. 2) and the Marsyas statue of the Roman Forum (Pl. v. 9; vi. 8; p. 19, no. 78, note), an Eagle holding in its talons the head of a buil (Pl. v. 1), and a Horse feeding (Pl. iv. 10, 11, 12) often occur. Both these types seem to refer to local legends, and may be best discussed in connexion with the types relating to Apollo Sminthens.

Types relating to and colomal coins, presents few variations in essentable sminthess tial points (see e.g. Pl. iii. 6; iv. 1, 5; v. 3, 1, 12, 13; vi. 9; cp. Pl. xi. 2). The figure wears a bimation, and carries on his choulder a quiver; in his outstretched right hand is a patera; in his laft, a bow. The statue is usually placed on a pedestal, and the patera is held over a flaming tripod (Pl. v. 4). There can be no doubt that these types reproduce the cultus-statue in the Sminthion. According to Strabo, this statue was the work of Scopas, and the emblem of Apollo Smintheus—the mouse or rat—was represented

^{*} For exceptional specimens in gold, see infra, p. 12, 20, 37, Carnealla; and Rabelon in Res. assa., 1885, p. 22 ff., Gallienus.

[†] On Apallo Sminthaus, see De Witte in Rev. num., 1858, p. 1 ff.

¹ On the remains of the temple, see Spratt and Leake in Transactions of the Royal Society of Literature (London), 2nd Ser v., p. 235 ff.; Pallan, in Antiquation of Louis, pt. iv., p. 40 ff.

Strabo, ziii., p. 604; Overbeck, Schriftquellen, ece. 1168-1170.

beneath the foot of the god. The mouse appears on the bronzo autonomous coins [Pl. iii. 6], but not on the later specimens,* The facing types (Pl. iv. 6; v. 4, 13; Overbeck, Kunstmythol., "Apollo," Münztaf. v., no. 38) show distinct traces of archaism, which, as Gardner, f Furtwangler, and Weils have pointed out, it seems impossible to reconcile with the style of Scopas, unless indeed we suppose he was merely reproducing an older templestatue, to the general character of which he was compelled to adhere. Furtwangler and Weil are rather inclined to recognize the status by Scopas in the coins represented in Pl. iv. 8; v. 15; vi. 2, 5. On grounds of style this identification may seem probable; but, on the other hand, it appears to me to be negatived by the absence of the distinctive emblem-the mouse-and the presence of another Apolline emblem-the raven (Pl. vi. 2), and also by the circumstance that this type is not confined to the coins of Alexandria Troas, but appears also on the Mysian coinages of Apollonia ad Rhyndacum and of Cyzions.

On some specimens (e.g. Pl. v. 14)** the statue of Apollo Smintheus surmounts a cavern, within which another precisely similar statue is seen lying flat on the ground. Before the cavern stands a hordsman with his right hand upraised, either as a gesture of adoration or surprise. On the right, a bull is seen running away, as if terror-

^{*} The mouse does not appear on the brows coin of Hamaritus (Pl. xi. 2), the carliest Tread coin on which the type of Apollo Sminthens appears. — An autonomous brows coin of Alexandria Treas (middle of first centary 8,c.) has a mouse and a head of Apollo as countermarks: Imhoof-Bluner, Griech. Müzzen, p. 622, no. 206.

⁺ Types of Greek Coins, pp. 176, 177; see also Overbeck, Kunstmythol, "Apollo," Pl. v., nos. 25-36, pp. 91-95.

² Furtwangler, Maisterweeke der griech, Plastik, p. 524; and roff to

[§] Weil in Baumeister's Doukmiller, iii., pp. 1669, 1670.

See p. 24 infra, note to no. 121 of Alexandria Treas.

stricken, with its head turned back towards the cavern.* It would seem that some local legend connected with the discovery of the statue of the god is here portrayed. The engraver appears to have naively blended two incidents of the legend—first, the chance finding in a cavern of the statue of Apollo Smintheus by a herdsman—next, the setting-up of the statue for worship in a place of honour over the cavern. On other coins of Alexandria Troas, a herdsman—who is evidently the same herdsman—is represented in the presence of a divinity who appears to be Apollo (Imhoof-Blumer, Griech, Münzen, pp. 625, 626; Pl. vii. 25, 26), and he often appears standing heside the feeding horse that occurs frequently as a coin-type of Alexandria Troas (Pl. iv. 12; v. 7; vi. 12).

The feeding horse † (Pl. iv. 10, 11; vi. 19) first appears on the autonomous coins of Alexandria Tross (Pl. iii. 7 (circ. s.c. 300); Pl. iii. 9-14), and is itself derived from the feeding horse on the coins of Neandria, circ. s.c. 400-310 (Pl. xiv. 1).‡ On the fourth century coins of Larissa in Thessaly the animal seen feeding is one of the famous Thessalian horses, but it is difficult to determine its significance at Neandria. Cavadoni (Spicil., p. 151) suggests that it is one of the horses of Erichthonius, father of Tros.§

The type of an eagle holding a bull's head in its talons (Pl. v. 1) has been explained by Leake (Num. Hell., As. Gr., p. 7), following Eckhel (D.N.V., ii., p. 482), as referring to some foundation-legend

^{*} Cp. p. 10 infra, note to no. 80.

⁺ On one of the autonomous bronze coins of Alexandria Trees the horse is feeding before a point-tree (Imbest-Blumer, Mass. gr., p. 261, no. 165).

A feeding bull is the type of the earlier coins of Gargara: see p. 52 in/ra, nos. I. 3.

[§] M. Babelon is of opinion (Rois de Syrie, pp. xxxvi., xxxvii.) that a (wingless) Pegasos, drinking, is represented; but the analogy of the come of the Thessalian Lariesa, and of Gargara (feeding bull), the representation of grass beneath the horse on no. 7 in Pl. v., and the absence of wings seem to me to be obstacles to this explanation.

of the same character as the legends told of the Syrian Antioch and Nicomedia, according to which, when a founder (i.e. Sciences I. and Nicomedes I.), "undetermined as to the site of his intended city, was sacrificing to some deity, an eagle carried away the head of the victim and deposited it on the future site." From the appearance of this type as a symbol in the "field" of certain coins (e.g. Pl. vi. 10) representing the Emperor sacrificing to Apollo Smintheus, it may be inferred that the foundation-legend of Alexandria Tross was in some way connected with that divinity.

CEREN. (Archaeological Journal, xxii. (1865), pp. 51-57) with a site on the hill of Tchale-Dagh ("Bush Mountain"), three miles S.S.E. of Turkmanli, and mine miles S.W. by W. from Baïramitch. The remains are those of a considerable fortified town, and the walls of part of the acropolis are of a "Cyclopean" character.† While at this place, Mr. Calvert procured seventy-one coins (found on the site or in the neighbourhood), of which no less than twenty-five were of Cebren itself.

The attribution of several of the coins assigned to Cebren in this Catalogue is conjectural (see p. 42 infra), though they bear the type of the city—a ram's head (PL viii, 6-8). No. 1 (p. 42), a stater resembling some of the coins that occurred in the Santorin Hoard, is assigned to Cebren on the suggestion of Mr. Head (Cat. Ionia, p. xxxiii., "Cebrenia, or possibly Clazomenae"). If this attribution is correct, Cebren must have begun to issue money at the beginning of the sixth century s.c., an unusually early period for coinage in the Troad. Silver coins with the type of a ram's head and incuse square reverses (Pl. viii. 6-11) apparently belong to the period n.c. 500-400. In s.c. 447 the Cebrenians were assessed in the Athenian Tribute

^{*} Op. Wroth, Beit, Mns. Cat. Pontus, &c., p. xx.; p. 190, no. 62; Pl. xxxiv. 16. + Cp. Xen., Hell., iii. 1, 17.

Lists at about three talents, and in n.c. 413 at six talents, an assess. ment which shows that it was a tolerably wealthy town." After the overthrow of the Athenian domination Cebren fell under Persian influence, and its government was entrusted by Pharnabaxes to Zenis of Dardanns as satrap under him, and afterwards to Mania, the widow of Zenis (circ. E.c. 400). The type on the bronze coins (s.c. 400-310) of a youthful head in a Persian head-dress wreathed with laurel (Pl. viii. 16) is significant of a period of Persian government-either the time of Mania, or the epoch after the Peace of Antalcidas (s.c. 387), when the Troad again fell under Persian rule, + The head of Apollo also appears on coins of this period.

About n.c. 310 Antigonus removed the inhabitants of Cebren and Scepsis-the two places being constantly at variance with one another-to his new town Antigoneia, subsequently called Alexandrin Trons.; With this event the silver and bronze coinage bearing the name of Cebren would seem necessarily to come to an end.

The bronze coins catalogued on p. 46 infra, nos. 37-40 (Pl. viii. 21-23), and others described by Dr. Imboof-Blumer Coins inseribed

ANTIOXEON (Z.f. N., iii. 805-307), are inscribed ANTIOXEON. but so closely resemble in types and atyle the latest bronze pieces bearing the name of Cobren, that there can be no reasonable doubt that they were struck at Cebren itself shortly after the money inscribed with the name of that town. That these coins could not have been issued, however, by the Cebrenians themiselves appears clear from Strabe (p. 597), who distinctly says that the Cebrenians, after having been transferred by Antigonus to Antigoneia (Alexandria Trosa), remained there, although the

^{*} Waldington, Melanges, i., pp. 21.97.

⁺ M. Waddington (Milanges, I. 26) suggests that the head (Pl. viii. 16) may be that of Paris, whose tomb was shown near Cobren.

¹ Shube, xiii., p 527.

Scepsians, who had been transferred to Antigoneia at the same time, were permitted by Lysimuchus to return home.

It may be conjectured, therefore, that at some time between s.c. 310 and 280 (?) Cebren was re-peopled from some other town, under the anspices of Seleucus I. or of his son Antiochus I. The new-comers issued bronze comes exactly resembling the old coinage of Cebren, but inscribed "Antioch," the altered name of the town.

Colone, a maritime town of the Troad, is placed by Mr. Calvert

(Archaeological Journal, xvii. (1860), pp. 287-291)
on a hill of the range called Beahik topch, where
he discovered Hellenic remains. This site is about three miles
north of Eski-Stambul (Alexandria Troas). Mr. Thacher Clarke,
however, does not accept this identification, and argues that Colone
must have been south of Alexandria Troas, between that town and
Larissa.* Kiepert (Form. orb. ant., map ix.) marks the town, with
a query, south of Alexandria Troas and below Larissa and Neandria.

Colone was captured by Mauia, the widow of Zenis (s.c. 408-400) surrendered to Derkyllidas s.c. 399, and was incorporated with Antigoneia (Alexandria Troas) about s.c. 310.

Its coins (Pl. ix. 1-2) are in bronze only, of the fourth century s.c. The obverse type is a head of Athena; the reverse, a star,† probably represents the sun and alludes to the cultus of Apollo Killacos, which (according to Daes of Colone, cited by Strabo, p. 612) was originally introduced into Colone by the Acclians.

I. Müller (Num. d'Alex., p. 237, nos. 925-927) attributes to Colone Alexandrine tetradrachus with the symbol of a star, or a star and a wreath. But this attribution is certainly incorrect, as the coins belong to Müller's Class VI., and were consequently

[.] American Journal of Archaelogy, it., p. 141, and map, p. 140.

⁺ Cp. the star as a type at Thymbra (Pl. xvi. 12), and also at Gambrian, where some of the E coins attributed in Brit. Mus. Cat. Mysis, p. 62, to the third century s.c., may belong to the fourth century s.c.

struck after a.c. 200, and long subsequent to the period when Colone had an independent existence.

Hamaxitus, on the western coast of Troas, was tributary to Athens in a.c. 425, and, like Colone, was captured first by Mania and then by Derkyllidas.* Its inhabitants were removed to Antigoneia (Alexandria Troas) circ. B.C. 310. No silver coins of the place are known. The earliest bronze coins (Head of Apollo, rev. Lyre) are of good style, circ. B.C. 400-350 (Pl. xi. i.). On bronze coins later in date but issued, necessarily, before circ. B.C. 310 (Pl. xi. 2) is a representation of Apollo Smintheus, whose temple lay within the territory of Hamaxitus. This type is often repeated on the coins of Alexandria Troas.

Larissa, a maritime town of the Troad, after being tributary to Athens in s.c. 425, shared the lot of Colone and LARISSA Hamaxitus in being captured by Mania and by Derkyllidas and in having its inhabitants removed to Antigoneia (Alexandria Troas) circ. s.c. 310. It seems probable that, like its neighbours Colone, Hamaxitus and Neandria, it issued coins during the fourth century, but among extant specimens bearing the name of Larissa there are none that can be attributed with certainty to the Larissa in the Troad. Calvert (Archaeological Journal, xviii. (1861), 253-255) finds the site of Larissa on the low hill Limun Tepch (Harbour Mound), on the shore about six miles south of Colone [placed by him north of Alexandria Trons], and twenty-one miles from Hium Novum. Some foundations of buildings and fragments of pottery have been found there, but the town appears to have been of small extent.

^{*} Judeich, Kleinas, Stud., p. 39; p. 45.

[†] Clarks, in his map in American Journal of Archwology, it., p. 140, places Larissa south of Alexandria Tross and Colone, and north of Hamaritas.

Neandria lay south-east of Alexandria Treas, and was situated on Mount Chigri, where coins of the ancient city have been discovered, as well as extensive walls and NEANDRIA. other remains that are partly as old as the seventh and sixth centuries s.c.* In the latter part of the fifth century s.c. Neandria was one of the towns paying tribute to Athens, and afterwards came under the sway of Mania (circ. s.c. 400). Its first coins are silver and bronze of good style, belonging to eirc. s.c. 400 or a little earlier. Apollo is represented on them, as commonly on coins of the Troad. The inhabitants of Neandria were moved to Antigoneia (Alexandria Tross) circ. s.c. 310, when the coinage must have ceased. Its latest types are copied on the earliest coins of Alexandrin Trons. (Cp. Pl. xiv. 5 with Pl. iii. 7.)

Kiepert (Formac, map ix., p. 2 and 3) places Scepsis on the upper waters of the Aesepus. Calvert† and Clarke† suppose it to have been situated at Kourshounli-tepch, north-east of SCEPSIE Cebren, on the Scamander. Its silver coinage begins in the lifth century s.c. (circ. s.c. 460). Some of the silver coins and the bulk of the bronze belong to the period 400-310 s.c. About B.c. 400 Scepsis was in the hands of Mania, and in S10 its inhabitants were removed by Antigonus to Antigoneia (Alexandria Tross), though they were afterwards suffered by Lysimachus to return home. After their return the Scepsians seem to have fallen under the influence of the Kings of Pergamum (Strabe, xiii., p. 609), and to have struck few coins of their own excepting some bronze pieces of

^{*} R. Koldewey, Neaudroia, S1st Winekelmannsfest Programm. Berlin, 1891, p. 6; J. Thucher Charke, "A Proto-Ionie Capital from the arte of Neandria," in American Journ. of Arrh., ii., p. 1 ff. The identification of Mount Chigri with Naundria was suggested by Mr. Calvert: ep. Ramany, Journ. Hell. Stud., 1, p. 821.

[†] Arrhaeological Journal, zzii. (1865), p. 53.

I American Journal of Archwology, iv., p. 317: up. Ramony, Hist. of Auc. Groy. p. 155.

late style (second or first cent; s.c.). The Imperial coinage extends from Augustus to Maximinus, and is usually without the name of a local magistrate. A coin issued under Severus Alexander (Imhoof-Blumer, Grisch. Münzen, p. 629, no. 235; pl. viii. 9) has the name of a strategos.

The letters NE and N which occur on some of the antenomous silver (p. 80, nos. 2, 3, 4; Pl. xv. 2, 3, 4) are supposed by Dr. Imhoof-Blamer (Z. f. N., i., 140 n.) to indicate via Scepsia, as distinguished from the original home of the Scepsians, which is called by Strabo (xiii, 607) Palaescepsis. Mr. Head objects to this explanation that we have no independent evidence that the town was ever formally called "New Scepsis," and he suggests that the letters in question may record an alliance with Neandria, though at the same time it is to be noted that only the types of Scepsis itself (Half Horse, rav. Fir-tree) are represented, and not, as would be rather expected, those of Scepsis and Neandria in combination.

The two principal types at Scepsis are the fore-part of a winged horse and a Fir-tree (Pl. xv. 4, &c.). The horse is apparently Pegasos (see p. 80, note to no. 3). The horn in which, on the later coins, the horse's body ends (Pl. xv. 7, &c.) is left unexplained by Dr. Imhoof-Blumer (Mann, gr., p. 267 note), who, however, mentions the view of Dr. J. P. Six, that the type is a rhyton in the form of a hippocamp [Pegasos?]. Terracotta rhytons partly formed of a horse or a winged horse may be seen in the British Moseum.*

The tree, usually called by numiscentists a palm, is no doubt correctly described by Imhoof-Blumer (Monu. gr., p. 267) as one of the coniferco—the fir or the pine. It is perhaps a tree from the forest of Mount Ida† (Cp. "Seamandria," p. 79 infra); but its

^{*} Op Smith, Diet of Antiquities, a.v. " Rhyton."

⁺ Cp. Imhoof-Blamer, Monn. gr., p. 267, notes 51 and 52; Schliemann, Rhos, p 57.

mythological significance is uncertain, unless indeed it is connected with the Dionysos who appears on some of the later coins of Scepsis.

The types of the Imperial coins chiefly relate to Dionysos, who sometimes appears as horned and bearded (Pl. xv. 14, 15, cp. 13; xvi. 2).* On a coin of Severns Alexander (Imhoof-Blumer, Griech. Minnen, p. 629, no. 235; pl. viii. 9) this Dionysos is scated on a throne, on each side of which is an ox standing.

The type of Aeneas leaving Troy with Anchises and Ascanius (Pl. xvi. 4) occurs also at Himm and Dardanus (p. 51, note to no. 29), and may have seemed specially appropriate, because Palaescepsis—the original home of the Scepsians—was believed to have been founded by the family of Aeneas. The Imperial coins of Scepsis are usually inscribed CKHΥΙΩΝ ΔΑΡΔΑΝΙΩΝ (ΔΑΡΔΑ &c.).

LIUM GROUP.

In discussing the coinage of Ilium, attention must here be mainly confined to questions of dates and types, without entering into the claims of the city (Hissarlik) to be the Ilium whose fortunes are set forth in postic guise in the IliuL† The bulk of the coinage is bronze of the Imperial Ago, and none of the autonomous pieces can well be assigned, from the criteria of style and fabric, to a date earlier.

^{*} See also Imboof-Blumer, Greek, Münzen, p. 628, no. 230;

[†] See e.g. on this question, Journal Hell, Stud., ii., p. 7 ff. (Jebb); iii., p. 69 ff. (Mahaffy); iii., p. 185 ff. (Jebb); iv., p. 142 ff. (Sayes and Jebb). On the history and remains of Himm, see Schliemann, Hios, chapters iii and xi., and the convenient historical summary given by Prof. Jebb in Journ. Hell. Stud., ii., p. 20 ff. See also Schnehhardt, "Schliemann's Excevations," Eng. traus. by Miss E. Sellers, London, 1801; Perret and Chipiez, Hist. de l'Art. tom. vi. (ep. Ramany in Classical Review, 1803, p. 478); Doerpfeld in Mittheilungen d. deutsch. web. Inst. is Athen, xviii. (1893), p. 199 ff., on discoveries of remains of the Myernasan Age.

than circ. E.c. 300. This is what, on historical grounds, would be expected; for until the days of Alexander the Great Ilium was a place of no political importance." On landing in the Troad in B.c. 334, the Macedonian conqueror approached Hium, and there, after a solemn sacrifice to Athena Hiss, commanded that the town should be enlarged and have the rank of a city. Lysimachus still further increased its importance by incorporating with it some decayed towns in the neighbourhood, and surrounding it with a wall of five miles circumference, within which he built a temple of Athena. According to a statement of Demotrins of Scepsis-the exactness of which has been sometimes doubtedthe place was already in decay about the year a.c. 190.† This statement appears to receive some confirmation from the numismatic evidence, for none of the extant specimens in the earliest series of Ilian coins (nos. 1-9; Pl. xi. 3-7) can well be later than eire, E.c. 250. From this period till eire, E.c. 189 there is a break in the coinage, I After the Peace with Antiochus in 189, the Romans confirmed the liberties of Ilium, and annexed to it Rhoeteum and Gergis, thus (says Grote \$) making the Ilians masters of the whole coast from the Peraes (or continental possessions)

[&]quot;The numes of coins picked up from the surface by the shapherds on the site of Novem Himm is really automating, but they are all of browne; the oldest of them do not go farther back than the Macedonian period. For the most part they are coins of Himm itself, but those of Alexandria Trons are also very frequent; while those of Signam, Dardanes, Tenedos, Ophrynium, Gergis, Elsoussa, Abydus, Lampescus, Heracleum, Smyrna, Ephesus, Adramyttinus, Asses, &c., are marr. I found also coins of all these places in my smarations on Hissarlik, and a very large number of Him coins, or coins of Alexandria Trons. Silver tetradraches of Himm are very rare; I never found one." Schlimman, Hims. p. 612.

[†] See Journ. Hell. Stud., iii., p. 78 (Mahaffy); iv., p. 216 (Jebb); Schliemann, Rios, p. 173.

[†] According, however, to Prof. Percy Gardner (Brit. Mas. Cat. Sciencid Kings, p. 25, no. 10; p. xxxi.), the tetradrachus of Antiochus III. (n.c. 222-187) which bear the symbol of Athena Illes were struck at the mint of Illing.

[§] Hist. of Greece, L, p. 271, chap. zv.

of Tenedos (southward of Sigeum) to the boundaries of Dardanus, which had its own title to legendary reverence as the special sovereignty of Aeneas. It was at this time that the Ilians began—like many other cities of Asia Minor—to issue flat tetradrachus (Pl. xi. 8-11) and drachus (Waddington, Voy. en As. Min., p. 79, no. 1) of Attic weight, bearing the names of magistrates.

Fimbria took Ilium by siege in a.c. 85, but Sulla repaired the havee that he had created. The later history of Ilium—as Prof. Jebb has well remarked—is little more than that of the Roman benefits conferred upon it, and "the Roman originum memoria is henceforth the dominant note." Julius—as the descendant of Acneas and Islus—and Augustus added fresh territory to the city, and confirmed its privileges. Caracalla visited it, and paid honours to the tomb of Achilles.

The types of the autonomous coins relate to Athena Ilias (Pl. xi.). This goddess also figures prominently Types. on the Imperial money, the other types on which refer to Hektor and the beroes of the Trojan War. The majority of these types have been described and engraved by Postolaccis in Schliemann's Ilios, pp. 641-647, but attention may here be directed to the following :- Daspanus and Chayse? (Pl. xiii. 2); Phiam (Pl. xiii, 3); Ganymede (Pl. xii, 4, 8; Zeit. f. Num., xvii. p. 9; pl. i. 15); the Judgment of Pauls (Zeit. j. Num., xv. 43; pl. iii. 12); APOLLO EKATOX (Zeit. f. Num., xvii. p. 9; pl. i. 14); the rivergod SKAMANDER* (Pl. xii. 9; Pl. xiii, 10). The favourite here is HECTOR, who in historical Ilium had a temple and statue, and who was believed by the Ilians to haunt their city and the plain of Troy + On the coins he is seen in a quadriga of galloping herses (Pl. xii. 14); rushing forward to fire the Grecian ships

^{*} On the Skamander, see Schlismann's Ilios, p. 93.

[†] Max. Tyr., Biss. Iv., cited by Head in Num. Chron. 1868, p. 327.

(Pl. xiii. P)-"vel Danaem Phrygios jaculatus puppibus ignes;"
or trampling on the prostrate body of Patroklos (Pl. xiii. 4).+

Pl. xii. 2 represents the FLIGHT OF ARNEAS from Troy, an incident not related in Homer, but one which is often portrayed on archaic Greek monuments; for instance, on the black-figured vase in Baumeister, Denkmüler, i., p. 31, no. 32, and on a sixth-century coin of Aenea in Macedonia (Von Sallet, Beschreibung, ii., p. 53; pl. iii. 21). On the coins (Pl. xii. 2; cp. 5) Aeneas carries Anchises; and leads Ascanins, but Crousa is absent. The representation, therefore, exactly corresponds with the Virgilian description of the Flight. A similar type occurs on the coins of Dardanus (Pl. x. 2), and of Scepsis (Pl. xvi. 4).

The statue of the Athena of Himm—sent from heaven by Zens in answer to the prayer of Hos, the founder of the city—is described by Apollodorus (iii. 12, 3) as holding an uplifted spear in the right hand, and in the left a distaff and spindle. The statue was three cubits long, and the feet were joined. The coins on Pl. xi. 3, 4-7, 8, 10, 11; Pl. xii. 12; Pl. xiii. 5, 6, are evidently intended to recall this famous statue. Probably the mummiform figure on the Imperial coin Pl. xii. 12** gives a better idea of the archaic statue of Athena at Himm than is given by the earlier coins of the city, in the case of which the engraver appears to have shrunk from representing Athena in a barbarous form. The type of no. 53 (Pl. xii. 10; Pl. xiii. 5) has not been quite satisfactorily explained. Probably it represents Hos sacrificing a bull to the

Virg., Arn., il. 276.

Y See note on no. 75, p. 68 infra-

² See note on no. 29, p. 51 infra: cp. Overbeck, Heroische Bildwerke, pp. 660, 651.

[§] Jen., II., 707 ff.

^{||} Op. coin of Alexandria in Egypt, Brit. Mus. Cat. Alex., pas, 637, 638.

^{**} On an Ilian coin of M. Aurelius a similar figure is represented within a temple (Imhoof-Blumer, Greeck, Münzen, p. 027, no. 224; pl. viil. 3).

patron goddess of his city. On Pl. xii. II the bull is seen approaching the statue of the goddess—a willing victim for the sacrifice.*

The site of Gergis, according to Calvert (Archaeological Journal, xxi., 1864, pp. 51-53) and Schlismann (Hias, pp. 19, 55), is to be found where Greek remains are seen on the rocky heights of Bali-Dagh, near Bounar-bashi. Mr. Calvert says that coins of Gergis are sold in the neighbourhood of Bali-Dagh, and that specimens have been picked up there. Kiepert (Formas, map ix., p. 2 and note 22 on p. 3) places Gergis farther east, on the Granicus.

Gergis is first mentioned by Herodotas (v. 122), who states that the inhabitants were a remnant of the ancient Tenerians. About e.c. 400 it was under Persian role, and Xenophon (Hell., iii. 1, 15) refers to Gergis and Scepsis as two fortified towns where Mania had chiefly deposited her treasures. In s.c. 399 Gergis was taken by Derkyllidas. Attalus I., king of Pergamum (s.c. 241-197), removed the inhabitants of the town to a place user the sources of the Caicus, and their old territory was given by the Homans, eirc. s.c. 189, to Himm.

The coimage of Old Gergis—the new town does not appear to have coined money—is not earlier than circ. n.c. 400, and necessarily comes to an end in the reign of Attalus, n.c. 241-197. The latest coins do not appear to be posterior to circ. n.c. 241, if, indeed, they are as late. Nos. 5-8 (p. 55) show in the exergne an ear of corn, a symbol found also on coins of Alexandria Treas (circ. n.c. 300 and later), Assus (n.c. 400-241), and Neandria (n.c. 400-310).

With this type compare coin of Cyzicus, Wroth, Cat. Mysia, pt. zi. 1 (exergus).
The sacrifice of Xerxes to Athena Him consisted of a thousand own (Hdt., vii. 43).

[†] Strabo, ziii., p. 516.

¹ Lin, mavill. 39.

The female head on the obverse of the coins (Pl. x. 12, 13, 14, 15) can be identified as that of the Sibyl Herophile, from the statement of Phlegon preserved in Steph. Byz., s.v. Γέργις:—Γεργιθία ή χρησμολόγος Σιβύλλα, ή τις καὶ ἐτετύπωτο ἐν τῷ νομίσματι τῶν Γεργιθίων, αὐτή τε καὶ ἡ σφίγξ, ὡς Φλέγων ἐν Όλυμπαίδων πρώτη. The hirthplace of the Sibyl—claimed also by Erythrae*—was by some writers placed in the neighbourhood of Gergis, at Marpessus, while her tomb was stated to be in the temple of the Apollo of Gergis.†

A head of SIBVLLA placed within a wreath of laurel occurs on denarii of L. Manlius Torquatus, circ. s.c. 54,1 and probably also on the obverse of denarii of T. Carisius, s.c. 48, which have a sphinx as the reverse type.

OPHRYNIUM.

Mr. Calvert, who places the site at half a mile N.N.E. of the village of Benkioi, remarks that the acropolis occupied the brow of one of the highest hills in the neighbourhood. The remains are extensive, spreading from the acropolis to the west and north-west down a steep descent towards the Hellespont. There are traces of a mole that served to form the port.

Little is known of the history of Ophrynium. It is mentioned (Herodotus, vii. 43) in the time of Xerxes, and was visited by

^{*} The Sibyl Herophile occurs on Al coins of Erythrae and Chies in alliance (time of Valerian): Head, Cat. Ionia, p. 150; pl. xxxviii, 10.

[†] Sieph. Byz., s.v. l'épyer: on the Sibyl, see art. "Herophile" in Ramber's Lexicon; cf. S. Reinach in Rev. des études grecques, iv. (1801), p. 276 ff.; K. Buresch in Mittheilunges (Athens), Bd. xvii. (1802), p. 16 ff.

I Babelon, Monn. de la répub. com., ii., p. 180.

[§] Habelon, op. cit., i., pp. 313, 316.

Archeological Journal, 1860, svii., p. 291 L; see also Newton, Travels is the Levant, l., p. 132 L; Schlimmum, Ilius, p. 59 &c. — Calvert found 14 bronze coins of Ophranium on the site.

Xenophon (Anab., vii. 8, 5). Its coins belong to the fourth century a.c., and are probably not anterior to Philip of Macedon, from whose money the reverse type of no. 1 (Pl. xiv. 6) appears to be copied. Roman remains and Roman Imperial Coins have been discovered on the site of Ophryniam, but as its autonomous coinage does not extend beyond circ. a.c. 300, the town probably ceased to be of importance at about that period. The warrior represented on the coins, Pl. xiv. 6 obc.; xiv. 7, 9, 10 rec., is probably intended for Hoctor, as there was a grove dedicated to this here at Ophrynium.* On the reverse of nos. 2-7 (Pl. xiv. 8) the infant Dionysos is seen playing with a bunch of grapes. In all probability the vineyards of Ophrynium produced excellent wine, like those of the modern Renkioi.

Rhoeteum stood near the entrance of the Hellespont, south of Ophrynium and north of Ilium. In s.c. 425 it was a tributary of Athens, and in the fourth century it issued coins. About s.c. 189 it was handed over by the Romans, together with Gergis, to Ilium (Livy, xxxviii, 39). The city was still existing in the time of Strabo (xiii, 595) and of Pliny (H. N., v. cap. xxx.).

The coinage of Rhoetenm is represented by a unique silver coin

in the Waddington Collection.

Obv. Head of Apollo L, laur.

Rev. PO IT El Triquetra of crescents.

A Weight, 48 grains.

(Waddington, Voy. num. en Asie-mineure, p. 79; pl. viii. 10=Head, Hist. num., p. 474).

M. Waddington (ep. cit., p. 80) anggests that the crescents represent the three phases of the moon, and that the type thus

Strabe, aiii., p. 595.

refers to the worship of Artemis. A similar type occurs at Birytis in the Troad (see infra) and at Thebe in Mysia (B. M. Cat. Mysia, p. 170).

Scamandria, a small town on the river Scamander. Its site was supposed by Mr. Calvert* to be at Inc (Ezkine), a Turkish town where many fragments of sculpture and pottery are to be seen; but Kiepert (Formae, p. 2; p. 3; map ix.) marks it at Kourshounli Tepeh, where Calvert and Clarks place Scepsis. The coins—which are all of bronze and of the fourth century p.c.—have been well separated by Dr. Imboof-Blumer; from the currency of Scepsis: the Scepsian coins—with the exception of the earliest silver—have H and not A in the inscription (XKH etc., not XKA). The types of Scamandria consist of a bunch of grapes, a fir-tree, ‡ (Pl. xiv. 12), and the head, sometimes inscribed 1\Delta H, of the nymph of Ida, the mountain where the river Scamander took its rise (Pl. xiv. 12, 13, 14).

The place probably ceased to be of importance after the close of the fourth century a.c., § but the inhabitants did not share the lot of their neighbours in being transferred to Antigoneia (Alexandria-Troas). A fragmentary inscription published in C. I. G., no. 3507, records an agreement between the people of Ilium and Scamandria apparently in regard to certain religious rites. Scamandria is mentioned by Pliny (v. cap. xxx.) as being in his time a "civitas parva," and it occurs in the list of Hierocles (cp. Sterrett, "Inscriptions of Assos," in Papers of American School of Class. Stud. at Athens, vol. i., p. 64:—"Avθιμος ὁ πρόεδρος Σκαμάνδρου).

^{*} Referred to in Schliemann's Ilian, p. 57.

[†] Zeit. für Nom., 1. 140-142

On this type, see under "Scepain."

[&]amp; Ramasy, Hiet. Geogra p. 154.

^{||} He refers in the same sentence to New Hium.

Sigeum, aitunted at the entrance of the Hellespont, north-west of Ilium.* The earliest coins that can be with cortainty attributed to Sigeum are not carlier than the fourth century a.c., at which period the Athenian colonists, who both before and after the time of Pisistratus had disputed possession of the place with colonists from Mytilene, were evidently finally established. The coin-typos relate to Athena (Pl. xvi. 5-11),† who had a temple at Sigeum as early as the time of Alenens (rd Abhpanor rd & Zereig, Hdt., v. 95). The fine head of the goddess, Pl. xvi. 5-9, recalls the helmeted head of Athena on coins of Syracuse by the engraver Enkleidas.‡

None of the coins appear to be later than circ. s.c. 300. When Lysimachus in s.c. 302 invaded Asia Minor, he besieged Sigeum's and introduced a guard there. If L. Müller is right in attributing to Sigeum Lysimachian tetradrachus bearing a crescent and various monograms, it is at this period that they must have been struck (L. Müller, Lysim, nos. 391-402). The Alexandrine coins assigned by Müller (Num. d'Alex., nos. 918-922) to Sigeum are of Class V. i.e. s.c. 250-200.

In Strabo's time Sigeum no longer existed (xiii. p. 595). The city

^{*} In Kieperi's Specialkorte (map ir.) the ruins are marked a little south of the village of Yentshehir. Cp. Schliemann, Illos, p. 72.

[†] The head of Zens also occurs: Leake, Nam. Hell., p. 115; Mion., ii., p. 671, nc. 263.—The bronze coin with type a cock, assigned to Signum in Head's Historia nam., p. 475, was described from a spenimen in the British Museum, of which the hadly-preserved lagend was read ≳IFE. The true reading is TEFE and the coin belongs to Teges in Arcadia.

[†] Head's Syracuse, pl. iv. 10; pl. v. 6; Arthur J. Evans in Num. Chron., 1891, p. 348. Op. also the helmeted head of Athena Parthenos on a gold medallion in the Hermitage, Harrison, Mythol and Mon. of Ame. Athena, p. 454, fig. 52.—I cannot agree with M. Babelon (Rois de Syris, p. lii.) that the head on the coins of Sigeum is necessarily that of the Athena of Ilium. M. Babelon bases his identification on C. I. G., no. 3505 (the isseription now at Trinity College, Cambridge). This inscription, though found at Sigeum, is (as Dobres and Bueckh ad for, have shows) evidently a decree of Himm, not of Sigeum itself.

[§] Diod. Sic., xx 107.

had been destroyed by the people of Hium, and its territory appears, at least as early as s.c. 189, to have become the property of the Hinns.*

Thymbra lay to the south-east of Himm, and has been identified with Akschi Kioi, the present Thymbra Farm, about an hour's walk from Hissarlik.† The necropolis of the town extended to the artificial mound Hanai Tepeh, about 500 yards distant. This mound, when excavated by Calvert and Schliemann, yielded pre-historic remains as well as archaic and later Greek pottery.

The only coins known of Thymbra are of the fourth century a.c. (probably of the latter half). The fate of the town is unknown: possibly it was one of the decayed towns that were incorporated by Lysimachus with Himm (Strabo, xiii. 593). The existence of a cultus of Zeus Ammon is to be inferred from the obverse type of the coins (Pl. xvi. 12). The reverse type, a star, is probably symbolical of Apollo Thymbraeus, whose temple at Thymbra is mentioned in the writers (Strabo, xiii. 598; Steph. Byz., s. c. Θύμβρα; cf. Virg., Aen., iii. 85).

Assus Group.

The importance of Assus, the ancient and flourishing stronghold of Southern, Trons, may be judged from its extensive remains at the modern village of Behrum explored by Mr. J. Thacher Clarke and his fellow-workers.**

^{*} Strabo, xiii, 600; op. Grote, Hist. of Greece, vol. i., p. 273, chap. xv.

[†] See Schliemann's Hiox, aspecially Appendix iv., by F. Calvert; and Calvert in Archaeological Journal, xvi. (1859), p. 1 f.: see also Ramsay in Journ. Hell. Stud., ii., pp. 79, 80.

^{\$} Head, Hist. wam., p. 475, "n.c. 350-300."

[§] This type occurs at Pitane in Mysia.

^{||} Cp. this type at Gambrium (Mysia) and Colone (Tross).

See Mr. Clarke's excellent Report on the Investigations at Asses, 1881.

Boston, 1882. The inscriptions of Asses are published by Mr. J. R. 5. Sterrett to Papers of the American School of Class. Stud. at Athens, vol. i. (1885), pp. 1-(s).

In antiquity the neighbourhood of Assus was noted for its wheat (cp. the "ear of corn" symbol on the coins), and the city had a monopoly in the export of the produce of the Southern Troad. At the present day, coasting-vessels lie within the ancient mole ready to ship to Smyrna and Mytilene the valonia brought by cameltrains from all parts of the interior.*

None of the coins of Assus need necessarily be assigned to an earlier period than the fifth century n.c., and it is probable that the city first began to issue money (Pl. vii. 9) when freed from the Persian yoke through the Battle of Mycale (n.c. 479) and the fall of Byzantium (s.c. 477). The coinage thus initiated extends to about n.c. 241, when Assus was incorporated in the Kingdom of Pergamum. The tyranny of Eubnius (cive. n.c. 360) and that of Hermeias (ob. n.c. 345), the friend of Aristotle, seem to have had no special influence on the coinage. The silver Alexandrine coins assigned to Assus by Müller (Num. d'Alex., nos. 928-931) belong—if his attribution is correct—to the period after n.c. 133. The Imperial coinage (imperfectly represented in the British Museum) extends from Augustus to Severus Alexander. The coins of Commodus and later Emperors bear the names of the local στρατηγοί.

The two principal types are a Griffin and a head of Athena (Pt. vii. 9-16). The Griffin appears on the earliest coins and is again found on the Imperial money. It presumably refers to the worship of Apollo. The effigy of Athena is not seen till about a.c. 420, when it occurs on the interesting specimen described infra, p. 36, from an electrotype. On the obverse of this coin is a fine head of the goddess, wearing a helmet ornamented with a griffin, and on the reverse an archaic simulacrum probably of Athena herself. The head of Athena is placed on a bronze coin of Augustus (infra, p. 38, no. 24); and the people of Assus, in a decree passed on the accession

^{*} Clarke, op. cit., pp. 55, 56.

of Caligula, take an oath of allegiance to the Emperor in the name of Athena—τὴν πάτριον ἀγνὴν παρθένον.* This goddess was the Athena Polias in whose honour the Assians creeted the Dorie temple on their acropolis.†

Antandrus, an ancient town (Hdt., vii. 42; Steph. Byz., s.v.)
on the north of the Gulf of Adramyteum, east of
Gargara, was famous for the timber which it supplied for ship-building (Virg., Aen., iii. 5; Thuc., iv. 52). It came
under the Persian and Athenian dominations, and is mentioned as a
tributary of Athens in s.c. 425. Its coinage begins in the fifth
century. Of the specimens in the British Museum the earliest
appears to be of circ. s.c. 420, and the latest (in the autonomous
series) of about the time of the last main issue of the coins of
Cargara, probably circ. s.c. 234.‡ There is also an Imperial
coinage.

^{*} Clarke, op. cit., p. 133 f.; also in Sterrett, op. cit., no. xxvi., p. 50.

⁺ Sterrett, op. cit., p. 63 : up. no. xiv., p. 33 :- rie tie Hulle allos Adquae ispener

[†] The silver states at Paris, of which the reverse is photographed in Imbouf-Blumer and Keller, There and Pfloacen Bilder, pl. ix. 17 (=Brandis, p. 420, no. 1=Mion., iii., p. 665, no. 659), and stributed to Antandrus, is evidently of an earlier date than n.c. 420 (450?).—H. P. Borrell attributes the three following coins to Antandrus:—

i. Obv. Forepart of lion r. Rec. Lion's head r. A. '2.' Wt. 29 grains. (Nam. Chron., ri. 146.)

Ohr, Head of Apollo r. Rev. ANTA Forepart of buil r. A. S. (New. Chron., vi. 147, no. 3; ep. N. C., iii., p. 96.)

iii. Obv. Head [boarded Herakles F] I. Rev. AN Club. E. 4. British Museum, from the Borrell Collection (cp. Rev. sum., N. S. ziv., p. 181; Nam. Chron., iii, 96).

Nos. i. and ii. are stated by Borrell to have been sold by him to the Bank of England, but I cannot find that they came with the Bank Collection to the British Museum. No. i. was purchased by Borrell (MS. Cutal, in Brit. Mus.) in the neighbourhood of Antandrus. The inscription AN on no. iii. favours—though not decisively—the attribution to Antandrus, but the types and fabric are not specially suited to this town, and I have not ventured, therefore, to catalogue the coin under Antandrus.

The principal types of the autonomous coinage are a head of Apollo, a lion's head, a female head (Artemis Astyrene? Pl. vii. 1, 2), and a goat, sometimes standing before a fir-tree—a type that has not been satisfactorily explained. On the Imperial coins Asklepios, Apollo, and Hephaistes (Pl. vii. 8) are found. The archaic cultus-statue of Artemis Astyrene occurs on a coin inscribed ACTVPHNH, published in Zeit. für Num., vii., p. 24; pl. i. 14. The temple of this goddess was situated in a grove at Astyra, a small place between Antandrus and Adramyteum, and was under the administration of the people of Antandrus.

The extensive ruins discovered by Mr. Diller on the summit of Quelou-Dagh, a spur of the main range of Ida, lying north-east of the acropolis of Assus, have been identified by Mr. Thacher Clarke; as those of Gargara. According to Mr. Clarke, the entire enclosure within the walls is nearly as large as that of the neighbouring Assus, while the acropolis is much larger. In the time of Strabo, the town of Gargara was situated on the sea-shore, the inhabitants having removed thither from the summit of Qozlou-Dagh, probably in the time of the Pergamene kings. The district at the present day is fortile, and its fertility was celebrated in antiquity.

From s.c. 454 to 440 the annual contribution of Gargara to the Athenian tribute-lists was 4,500 drachms, while Assua contributed one talent. Possibly the city issued coins during this period, though the earliest specimens now extant are silver pieces of

^{*} Astyra did not issue coins: see Borrell in New. Chron., vi., p. 148.

⁺ Strabo, xiii., 606 and 613; Xen., Hell., iv., 1, § 41.

In his paper in the American Journal of Archaeology, iv., p. 291 ff. Kiepert (Specialkurte vom weetlichen Kleinneien, map iv.) places Gargara en the shore farther to the east of Assus, below Arykly: cp. his Foreige, map ix., p. 3.

[§] Clarke, op. rit, p. 313.

Cp. Virg., Georg., i. 103; Ovid, Are Amat., i. 57; Some., Phoen., iv. 608.

good style (Pl. x. 3, 4), which can hardly have been minted before circ, a.c. 420. The silver coinage and the bulk of the bronze, judging from style, come to an end at least as early as the establishment of the Pergamene Kingdom, circ. 5 c. 284. From that time till about a.c. 133 (?) the city appears to have no coinage of its own. Its later currency consists of bronze of the second and first centuries s.c. (Waddington, Asie-mineure, p. 72, pl. viii. 5), and of rare Imperial coins extending from Augustus* to Sept. Severus.† In Byzantine times Gargara was a bishopric and a place of some importance. It was captured by the Turks in the fourtseath century.

The prevailing types on the autonomous coins are Apolline, as usual in Treas. The horse (e.g. Pl. x. 4, 6) may possibly be a Thessalian type, for the legendary founder of Gargara was Gargaros, the son of Zeus by the Thessalian nymph Larissa. Asklepios occurs on the Imperial coins.

Lamponia was in the neighbourhood of Assus and Gargam, Mr. Thacher Clarke (American Journ. Arch., iv. (1888), p. 315) proposes to identify it with the ancient site discovered upon the summit of Qojekia-dagh, an eminence midway between Gargam and Antandrus, and 61 kilomètres from the sea. Lamponia is mentioned by Herodotus (v. 26) as being captured in s.c. 506 by the Persian commander Otanes. In the Athenian tribute-lists, s.c. 454-426, the Lamponians appear with an annual contribution, first of 1000, and afterwards of 1400, drachms. The coinage begins circ. s.c. 420, and does not extend beyond circ. s.c. 350, at which period, or somewhat later, the existence of Lamponia would seem to have ceased (Clarke, op. cil.,

^{*} Boutkowski, Diet., p. 1792.

⁺ Mion., Sap. v., p. 358, m. 495, with the name of a orparyyor.

¹ Clarke, vp. cit., p. 307.

pp. 316, 317). Mr. Clarke supposes (p. 317) that the town was deserted during the general migration of the Trojan population that took place under Alexander and his immediate successors. The obverse of the coins is a bearded head of Dionysos (Pl. xiii, 11, 12, 13). The reverse type, a buil's head, appears also on the money of Assus.

"The site of Pionia is a low hill upon the northern bank of the Satniceis [modern river Tonzla], bearing PIONIA somewhat west of north from the Qojekia-dagh (Lamponia)."* The fields in this region are exceptionally fertile, and Clarke supposes that Pionia was once the centre of an agricultural district of importance. Strabo (p. 610) states that it was a settlement of the Leleges, but it is not heard of in pre-Roman times. In the Roman period it belonged to the conventus juridicus of Adramyteum, and was still existing in Byzantino times. Its coins are bronze, ranging from the time of Hadrian to that of Caracalla. On some of them the name of the local magistrate, a στρατηγός, occurs. The supposed alliance of Pionia with Assus is based on a mistaken reading of a coin of Pionia (see Borrell in Num. Chron., vi., p. 188). By some numismatists Pionia is described under "Mysia," but its geographical, if not its political, position suggests that it should be classed with the Troad fowns.

Pionia was believed to have been founded by Pionis, one of the Herakleidae, and Herakles is one of the divinities represented on its coins (Pl. xiv. 11). Pausanias (ix. 12, 3) declares from his personal observation that when sacrifice was offered by the Pionians to the hero Pionis, smoke rose spontaneously from his grave.

^{*} Clarke, in Am. Journ. Arch., iv. (1888), pp. 317-319.

ARYDUS.

Abydus on the Hollespont. Mr. Head and others attribute to

Abydus an electrum coinage during the sixth

century, bearing the type of an eagle, the usual

device on the inscribed coins of the city.*

The earliest known silver money is of the Persic standard, and probably belongs to the period s.c. 480-450 (Pl. i. 1-6). In B.c. 411 Abydus revolted from Athens, and from that time till about u.c. 388 was a faithful ally of Sparta. During this period Abydus was the military station of the Spartans on the Hellespont, and about s.c. 394 it was put into a good state of defence by its Harmost Derkyllidas, who resisted the attempts of Pharnabasus to obtain possession of the town. It is to this period-circ. B.C. 411 to circ. B.C. 387-that the finest coins of the city must be assigned. The head of Apollo, Pl. i. 8, is of much beauty, and the well-known subject of Nike sacrificing an animal—usually a bull, but in this case a ram-is most gracefully rendered on the gold stater, Pt. i. 7.† Another pleasing gold stater of Abydus, of the same period (published by Loebbecke in Zeit. für Num., xvii. p. 169, no. 2; pl. "x." (=vi.), 2), has the type of Artemis riding on a stag. The metal for the gold currency was in all probability derived from the mines in the territory of Abydus. These gold-mines are mentioned

i. Obv. Eagle standing l. on hare; head turned back: border of dots, Rev. Quadripartite incose aquare.

El. Stator of Phoenician standard, circ. n.c. 500 or earlier. Head, B. M. Cat. Ionia, p. 7, no. 33; pl. i. 23. "Abydush."

ii. Ohr. Eagle standing I. with head turned back; in front, dolphin.

Rec. Quadripartite incuse square,

El Suiter of Phonician standard. Head, Nava. Chron., 1875, p. 265; pl. vii. 7.

[†] Compare the type of Nike sacrificing a ram on a gold stater of Lampaseus in Dr. Hermann Weber's Collection (Wroth, Cat. Mysia, p. xxi., no. 8). On "Nike sacrificing a Bull," see Cecil Smith in Jeura. Hell Stat., vii., p. 275 ff.

by Xenophou eirc. s.c. 389-8, though in the time of Strabe (xiii. p. 591) they were nearly exhausted.

Abydus, from the Peace of Antalcidas (g.c. 387) till n.c. 341. when it was in league with Athens against Philip II., appears to have maintained an independent position.* In s.c. 335 it was occupied by the Macedonians. From circ. n.c. 387 till circ. n.c. 320 there seems to be a gap in the coinage. On the long series of silver coins with the Apollo and eagle types (Pl. i. 9-15) more than twenty magistrates' names occur. This series may, on grounds of style, be attributed to circ. s.c. 320 to 280. The latest autonomous coinage consists of the coarse tetradrachms of Attic weight (Pl. ii. 10-13), of which more than twenty-eight varieties are known.t These cannot have been struck earlier than a.c. 196, when, on the conclusion of the war with Philip V., Abydus was declared free by the Romans (Liv. xxxiii. 30), and the first issue may not, perhaps, have taken place till circ. s.c. 189, when the Romans made peace with Antiochus. At about the latter period the people of Ilium appear to have begun the coinage of Attic tetradrachus, while the tetradrachms of Alexandria Troas were coined-so far as can be ascertained-either from B.C. 176 to 77 or from B.C. 164 to 65. On the Imperial coins-which for the most part relate to Artemis-the most interesting type is the well-known representation of Hero and Leander, Pl. iii. 2 (see also p. 7, no. 60, note). This subject also occurs on the coins of Sestus, and on some specimens Eros is seen flying. terch in band. The evidence of the coins from n.c. 411 enwards shows that Apollo and Artemis were the principal divinities of Abydus. The temple of Artemis is mentioned by Polybius (L. xvi. § xxxi.), who says that when the city was besieged by Philip V. of Macedon the women of Abydus took refuge there.

^{*} Judeich, Kleinsriatische Studien, p. 297.

[†] Imboof-Blumer, Monn. gr., p. 261.

¹ Imboof-Blumer, loc. cit.

DARBANUS.

Dardanus was situated on the Hellespont, north of Ophrynium and
70 stadia south of Abydus. It lay in the plateau of
Maltepé, below Cape Kefez-Burnu (Lolling, Mittheil.

des deutschen arch. Inst. in Athen, 1881, p. 220), where Greek
remains have been discovered (Lolling, loc. cit.; Schliemann, Ilios,
p. 134). Various electrum and silver coins bearing a cock, the
distinctive type of Dardanus, are supposed to have formed the currency during the seventh and sixth centuries. The attribution of
these coins—enumerated in a note below*—is not, however, certain.
The earliest coins certainly of the place are of the fifth century.
The coin no. 1, Pl. ix. 3, bears a monogram ‡, supposed by De
Luynes (Num. des Satrapies, p. 48) to indicate the name of Zenis
of Dardanus, satrap, under Pharmabaxus, of Acolis,† and this view

ELECTRUM.

L. Obv. Cock and Hen. Rev. Incuse oblong or double square. 'Third' of Phonician standard. 7th and 0th century n.c. Brit Mus. Head, Cat. Ionia, p. 3, no. 8; pl. i. 8.

Ohn. Two cocks facing. Rev. Incuse square of mill-sail pattern. 'Sixth' of Phocale standard. 7th and 6th century n.c. Brit. Mus. Head,

Cat. Ionia, p. 10, ph. 44; pl. il. 5.

iii. Obe. Cock r.; above, floral ornament. Rev. Quadripartite incuse square. 'Stater' of Phonoician standard. Circ. n.c. 500. Brit. Mus. Head, Cat. Lonia, p. 8, no. 34; pl. i. 24 (assigned by Dr. J. P. Six to Chios).

iv. Ohr. Cock holding mussel-shell in mouth. Her. Two incase squares. Stater. Loobbeaks Coll., Zeit. f. N., zvii., p. 8; pl. i, 13. (See also Brandis, p. 300, on electrum coins).

SILVER

- v. Obc. Cock i. Rev. Incase square. Stater. Montagn Coll. Num. Chron., 1893, p. 31; pl. iii. 1: assigned by Hend. Cat. Innia, p. arrill, to Dardanus.
- vi. Obv. Cock's hand r. Rev. Incuse square. Draches. Paris. Imboof-Keller, Tier- and Pflances Bilder, pl. v. 38. (See also Fox, Engravings, &c., part ii., p. 8, no. 45).

[†] De Luynes, Nam. des Satr., p. 48, dascribes the figure on horschack (Ph.ix. 3) as Mania, the widow of Zenis and successor in his government. But the figure is undoubtedly male, as Mr. Head (Nam. Chron., 1878, p. 124) has pointed out.

has been regarded as probable by Brandis (p. 319; p. 428) and by Head (N. C., 1873, p. 124; Hist. num., p. 471). Plausible as is this interpretation of the monogram, there is a decided difficulty in assigning to the time of Zenis (circ. s.c. 413-399?) a coin which in style appears to be at least as early as s.c. 430.

The bulk of the autonomous coinage of Dardanus belongs to the fourth century (Pl. ix. 4-11). Strabo states (xiii., p. 595) that in the time of the Kings (Alexander's successors) the inhabitants of Dardanus were on more than one occasion removed to Abydus, and then moved back again. After the peace with Antiochus in s.c. 189, the Romans declared Dardanus a free city in honour of the Trojan descent of the inhabitants,* and it is probably to this period that a few branze coins of late style belong,† Pliny (H. N., v., cap. 30) describes Dardanus as a small town. Its Imperial coinage extends from Augustus to Sept. Severus and his family, the types, being principally Trojan, like those of Hium: see e.g. Pl. x. 1, the Rape of Ganymede; Pl. x. 2, the Flight of Aeness. The historical Dardanus was not, however, on the site of the Homeric city (Strabo, p. 592).

The ordinary types of the autonomous coins are a horseman and (on the reverse) a cock. We have no clue to the significance of the last-named type beyond the statement of Pollux (ix. 84), that the people of Dardanus represented "a cock-fight" on their coins.‡ Usually, a single cock is represented, sometimes (Pl. ix. 11) in fighting attitude. Two cocks facing one another are seen on a fifth

[.] Livy, xxxviil. 39: the same thing took place at Ilium.

[†] Some bronze coins of Dardanus have on the reverse an eagle, a type apparently suggested by the coins of Abydas: Imboof-Blumer, Griech. Milazes, p. 626, no. 218; pl. vin. 1; 76, p. 626, no. 219.

[†] Cp. E. Benthgen, De vi ue significatione gulli, Göttingen, 1887. p. 36; and references in P. F. Perdricet, "Sur l'introduction en Grèce du coq," in Revue arch., 1893 (vol. 33), 3rd ser.), p. 158, note I.

century coin of Dardanus in the Gotha Collection,* on the early electrum coin (if of Dardanus) described above, p. xlii., note * no. ii., and on a Lycian coin (Babelon, Perses ashéménides, Pl. xii. 10).

ZELEIA, BIRYIIS, GENTINUS.

ZELEIA the Aesepus and 190 from Cyzicus.† The Turkish village Sarikioi is probably its site (Lolling in Mittheilungen des d. arch. Inst. in Athan, vi. (1881), p. 229). The town is mentioned in the Iliad (ii. 824), and Mr. Head has suggested; the possibility of its having struck electrum coins with the type of the Chimaera as early as the seventh or sixth century. Zeleia was the headquarters of the Persian army just before the Battle of the Granicus (E.C. 334), but after that event it became autonomous, and a revolution resulting in the establishment of a democracy appears to have taken place.§

The bronze coins inscribed with the name of Zeleia (Pl. xvi. 18) may be safely assigned to the period s.c. 350-300; probably the actual occasion of their issue was just before or just after the Battle of the Granicus. An inscription of Zeleia (Mitthellungen, 1881, p. 229) makes mention of Artemis—a goddess represented on the coins—and of the temple of the Pythian Apollo. A bronze coin published by Domersan (Allier Coll., p. 80; pl. xiii. 20; cp. Z. f. N., vii. 223) bears a curious symbol encircled by a wreath of corn.

Imboof-Riumer, Monn. gr., p. 263, no. 170.

[†] Strabe, ziii., p. 687.

I Num. Chron., 1875, p. 223; p. 255 ff.; the British Museum specimen of the onin is described by Read in Cat. Ionia, p. 9, no. 41; pl. ii, 2, where it is assribed to Zeleia or to Sieyon.

[§] Leiling, Mittheilungen, 1881, p. 229 f.: 1884, p. 58 f.

β Cp. Fitym, M., p. 408, 40 :- Ζέλεια δούμμισται μπό Ζελέδε τωσε, η διά τό τω ηλιων έν αύτη λίων εδουβείσθω.

The coins inscribed BIPY, specimens of which are known to have been found in the Tread, are no doubt correctly assigned to the place mentioned by Steph. Byz. as Βέρυτικ, Τρωίκη πόλικ. Nothing is known of its site and history. From the coins, the true spelling of the name would appear to be Βίρυτικ. Stephanus also mentions Βήριθρος, πόλις Τρωϊκή.

The coins are bronze, of the fourth century a.c. The youthful head on the obverse of Pl. viii. 1, 2, 3 would at first sight appear to be one of the Dioskuri, while the branded head on Pl. viii. 4, 5 might be called Ulysses. There seems, however, to be some connection between the two types, and the stars on each side of the youthful head, and the triskelis of crescents. (Pl. viii. 5), suggest a solar explanation. Perhaps the heads are of two Kabiri.

Gentinus is only mentioned by Steph. Byz., s.v. Fertios, as a city of the Troad founded by one of the sons of Aeneas. Its coins (Pl. x. 9-11) are bronze of the fourth century s.c., with types Apollo, Artemis (?), and bee.

TENEBOS.

The earliest coinage of the island of Tenedos appears to extend from orc. s.c. 550 to about the time of the Peace of Antalcidas, s.c. 387. There is then an apparent coessation of coinage until after s.c. 189, when Tenedos—like other cities of Asia Minor—issued flat tetradrachms of Attio weight. Before the age of Pausanias the inhabitants had placed themselves under the protection of Alexandria Troas.† Only one Imperial coin of the place is known, of the time of Augustus (Imhoof-Blumer, Mann. gr., p. 270).

This type occurs also at Thebe in Mysia (Brit. Mus. Cat. Mysia, p. 179), at Rhoeteium and at Megara (B. M. Cat. Attieu, Pl. xxi 3). On the Kabiri in the Troad, see T. Friedrich, Kabiren and Keilinsubriften, Leipzig, 1894, pp. 51, 52, 75.

[†] Pags., x. 14, 2.

The types of the coinage from first to last (and almost without exception) consist of a janiform head on the obverse, and a double-axe on the reverse (Pl. xvii.). A formal explanation of these cointypes is given by Aristotle in a passage preserved by Steph. Byz. s.v. Tevedos:—ἡ μᾶλλαν, ῶς ἡησιν 'Αριστατέλης ἐν τῆ Τενεδίων πολιτεία, ὅτι βασιλείς τις ἐν Τενέδω νόμον ἔθηκε, τὸν καταλαμβάνοντα μοιχούς ἀναιρεῖν πελέκει ἀμφατέρους. 'Επειδὴ δὲ συνέβη τὸν υίὰν αὐτοῦ καταληφθῆναι μοιχύν, ἐκύρωσε καὶ περὶ τοῦ ἰδίου παιδὸς τηρηθῆναι τὸν νόμον καὶ ἀναιρεθέντος, εἰς παροιμίαν ἐλθεῖν τὸ πρᾶγμα ἐπὶ τῶν ὑμῶς πραττομένων. διὰ τοῦτό ψησι καὶ ἐπὶ τοῦ νομίσματος τῶν Τενεδίων κεχαράχθαι ἐν μὲν τῷ ἐτέρω μέρει πέλεκυν, ἐπὶ δὲ τοῦ ἐτέρου δύο κεφαλὰς, εἰς ὑπόμνησιν τοῦ περὶ τὸν παίδα παθήματος.

While Aristotle thus connects the double-axe with the enactment of a Tenedian king who punished adulterers—and his own son—by beheading, a curious explanation, given in Suidas, connects the double-axe with the stern law-giver of Tenedos (whom he names Tennes) in another way:—Τενέδιος ἄνθρωπος: ἐπὶ τῶν φοβερὰς ὅψεις ἐχάντων. ὁ γὰρ Τέννης ἐνομοθέτησεν ἐν Τενέδιο ἄνθρωπον πέλεκυν ἔχοντα ἴστασθαι κατὰ νῶτον τοῦ κριτοῦ, καὶ τὸν μάτην λέγοντα ἄλισκόμενον πλήττειν,

Pansanias (x. 14, 1, &c.) gives yet another explanation. Commenting on the dedication at Delphi of Tenedian πελέκειε, he states that, according to old tradition, these axes were connected with an incident in the life of Tenes, the κτίστης of Tenedos, who had east his father Kyknos adrift by cutting with an axe the rope that moored his ship to the island.*

^{*} On the proverbial expression Territory release, see Steph. Byz. e.e. Timbes, and cp. Cio., Ep. ad Quint., ii. 11, "Tenediarum igitur libertus securi Tenedia percussa est." The founder Tenes (or Tennes) had a temple and statue at Tenedos, and was homoured with ascribes till a late period of Tenedian history; see Diod., v. 83; Cic. is Fere., II. i. 19.

The passages above quoted show that ancient writers on Tenedos connected the double-axe with some incident in the historywhether real or legendary-of that island. These explanations are considerably divergent, and as elucidations of the town-arms and coin-type of Tenedos must be pronounced of no antiquarian value. and merely acticlogical. To modern numismatists it has seemed more in accordance with numismatic analogies to look for the origin of this emblem in ancient religion or cultus." The doubleaxa is familiar on coins as the attribute of the Carian Zons Labrandeus. There can, however, be no question of this Zeus in Tenedos, and Lenormant; has well pointed out that the wellery is also the symbol of Dionysos. Simonides (cp. Athen., x. 84) calls it Διωνύσοιο άνακτος βουφόνον θεράποντα, and it appears as a type on the coins of Alexander of Pherne, who was a devout worshipper of the Dionyaos of Pagasae, by exaleiro Helekuy ! The coins themselves lend some support to the view that the Tenedian double-axe is connected with Dionysos, for all the silver pieces from eire. B.c. 420 enwards show, in addition to the double-axe on the reverse, a bunch of grapes as a constant symbol.§

Eckhel (Doct. num. vet., ii. 489) explained the janiform head as Tenes and his sister Hemithea, whose adventures are related by Pausanias (x. 14). It must be borne in mind, however, that a

Prof. W. Ridgeway, in his important work on The Origin of Metallic Currency, supposes (p. 318) that the double-are coin-type is the representative of a primitive barter-currency in axes. In the Classical Review for 1893, p. 472, and for 1893, p. 82, I have given my reasons for dissenting from this view.

⁺ Art, " Bacchus," in Daremberg and Saglia, Dict. des Ant.

Cp. the double-are as a coin-type of the kings of the Odryan: Head, Hist. Num., p. 240.

[§] On still earlier coins of Tenedos we find an amphore accompanying the doubleaux (News. Obrow., 1893, p. 89; pl. vii. 15, Greenwell). There is, I believe, no mention in the writers of the worship of Dienyses in Tenedos. Modern travellers, however, wouch for the excellence of its wine; Lauroix, Res de la Grèce, p. 338; Newton, Travels in the Levaut, 1. 271, 272.

janiform head is not peculiar to Tenedian coins. Thus, a janiform female head occurs on a sixth century coin of Athens,* and on contemporary coins of Lampsacus.† This type at Tenedos need not therefore be of special local significance, as Eckhel's explanation would require. Mr. Barclay Head (Hist. Num., p. 476), following a suggestion of Lenormant's,‡ describes the heads as those of Dionysos and Ariadno (or Kore). Yet if Dionysos were intended, the male head would almost certainly be wreathed with ivy. On those coins, however, on which the head is wreathed, the wreath is of laurel and not of ivy. Perhaps, therefore, the heads are those of Zeus and Hera.

PART II.

Coinage of Arous,

Or the eleven ancient cities of Aeolis enumerated by Herodotus (i. 149), eight are known to have issued coins:—Cyme, Larissa, Neonteichos, Temnus, Pitane, Aegae, Myrina and Grynfum. The coinage of these and other Aeolie cities belongs, like that of the Troad, principally to the fourth century a.c., though it is probable that the city of Cyme issued money as early as the seventh century. In giving an account of the numismatic history of the cities, they may be conveniently arranged in the following order. First, the important city of Cyme; next, Elaea, Grynium and Myrina, three

Head, Brit. Mus. Cat. Attica, p. 5, no. 20; pl. ii. 10.

⁺ Wroth, Brit. Mus. Car. Mysia, pl. zviii. 9-11.

[?] Art. " Backus," in Duremberg and Saglio, Diet. des Aut.

[§] The coim of Pitane are described in the Brit, Mos. Catal. Mysic...

neighbouring cities, of which the last two were connected politically; next, Aegae and Temnus, two cities lying inland among the mountains, and lastly, Larissa Phriconis and certain other small towns, the sites of some of which are doubtful.

CYMIE.

Cyme is one of the old Acolic towns mentioned by Herodotus, and Strabo* refers to it as the largest and noblest of the Acolian cities, and as having taken part with Lesbos in the founding of about thirty colonies.† Its site is at the modern Namourt.‡ Various antiquities of Cyme have been discovered by M. Baltazzi, and by M. S. Reinach, who excavated the necropolis near Cyme in 1881.§ Among other objects found by Reinach were a statue and five archaic bas-reliefs of Kybelc, of the end of the sixth century B.C.

The earliest coins bearing the name of Cyme are silver pieces dating from about the time of the Persian Wars, a.c. 480 (Pl. xix. 8, 9). The attribution to Cyme of silver coins of the seventh century, from the Santorin Hoard (Pl. xix. 4-7; note p. 104 infra), seems, however, extremely probable.

An early issue (before s.c. 500) of electrum coins is in Mr. Head's Historia Numerum, p. 479, ascribed to Cyme:—

i. Obv. Fore-part of prancing horse; beneath, flower? Rev. Three deep incuse depressions; that in the centre, oblong; the others square.

El. 220 grains. Stater.

^{*} riii., p. 623.

[†] Up. Rameay in Journ. Hell. Stud., ii., p. 272 ff.; Pottier and Reinach, Nécropole de Myrina, p. 47.

Antiquities of Cyme have also been obtained at the neighbouring village of Tehakmakli, on the Phocasan road, about 500 mètres from Namourt. (S. Reimick, Chronique d'Orient, p. 18, year 1883.)

^{\$} Bull, corr. hell., x., p. 492 f.: see also Pottier and Reimach, op. cit., p. 506 f.

U Reinach, Chron d'Or., p. 650, year 1890.

Obv. Horse prancing 1.; beneath, flower.
 Rev. Quadripartite incuse square.

El. 215-17 grains. Stater. Hist. Num., p. 479= Head, Cat. Ionia, p. 8, no. 36; pl. i. 26, "Cyme?" =J. P. Six in Num. Chran., 1890, p. 216, no. 6, "Chios."

Although the attribution of these particular coins—especially no. ii.—is by no means certain, it is at least curious that tradition seems to point to the existence at Cyme of an early coinage in gold, or rather in electrum. Heraclides Ponticus (De Robus publicis, xi. 3=C. Müller, Fragm. hist. gr., ii. p. 216) states that it was Hermodike, the wife of the wealthy Phrygian King Midas, who instituted Cymaean coinage:—'Ερμοδίκην δὲ γυναϊκα τοῦ Φρυγῶν βασιλέως Μίδα, φασὶ κάλλει διαφέρειν, άλλά καὶ σοφὴν εἶται καὶ τεχνικὴν καὶ πρώτην νόμισμα κόψαι Κυμαίοις.

Pollux (ix. 83), who calls her Demodike, daughter of Agamemnon King of Cyme, mentions her together with Pheidon the Argive and others, as a possible claimant to the invention of ancient coinage. She appears also to have been regarded as the sister of the gold river Pactolus.*

In the latter half of the lifth century s.c. Cyme contributed to the Athenian Confederacy the sum of twelve talents, but from about s.c. 450 to 350 there is a curious gap in the Cymaean coinage. From circ. s.c. 350 to the Imperial age Cyme has a continuous coinage, and it was one of the Asiatic cities that issued tetradrachms (Pl. xxi. 4-9) and drachms, + of reduced Attic weight, not earlier than s.c. 190, and probably after it had obtained freedom from the Romans at the conclusion of the war with Antiochus. ‡

^{*} See Rescher, Lexicon, art. "Hermodike."

[†] Imhoof-Blumer, Mona. 97., p. 272, no. 221 (Berlin Mus.). ‡ Polyb., xxii. 27; Liy., xxxviii 39.

The autonomous coins of Cyme present three principal types, which make their appearance in such a way as to suggest that all three had an equal claim to be the representative badges of the city. These types are the eagle (and eagle's head), the half-horse (and horse), and the vase with one handle. No human head occurs on the coinage till circ. s.c. 250.

Leaving out of view, for a moment, the seventh century money with the half-horse (Pl. xix. 4-7), we find that the earliest type is the eagle's head, which appears r.c. 480-450 (Pl. xix. 8, 9). In the period B.c. 350-300, the eagle maintains its place, but the half-horse appears (Pl. xix, 10), and also (on the Æ) the vase (Pl. xix, 13). These three types are found (Pl. xx. 1-12) till circ. B.c. 250, when the eagle disappears and the half-horse (later a horse) is represented with the vase as its constant accompanying symbol (Pl. xx, 13-15). The meaning of the three types cannot be determined with certainty. If the seventh century coins (Pl. xix. 4-7) are really of Cyme, the Cymaean horse-type must have originated at the early period when animal types-often to us of doubtful significance-were almost universal on Greek money. It has been suggested that the horse at Cyme is connected with Poseidon, a god who undonbtedly appears on the Imperial money of the city* (p. 120, no. 142; p. 122, no. 150; p. 123, no. 161). But it might be argued with almost equal plausibility that the horse-type was connected-at any rate by the later inhabitants of Cyme-with the naked youth who appears on the Imperial coins standing beside a horse (Pl. xxiv. 7, 11)-a figure resembling the hero Cyzicus on Cyzicene coins.+

The vase (Pl. xx, 6, &c.) is one of very unusual form, but Dr. Birch's suggestion ‡ that it is a vessel called KYMIAAION, and

^{*} As to the meaning of the horse-type on coins, see Head, Cat. Central Greece, pp. 1, li., especially in connexion with coins attributed to the Eubocan Cyme.

f See note to no. 158, p. 199 infru.

¹ Nam. Chron., iii., p. 93 1.

thus a type parlant of Cyme (Kėµη), is far from satisfactory. I may point out that a possible clue to the interpretation of the type may be found in the reverses of the later autonomous bronze of Cyme, which show the vase in question placed between two branches of laurel (Pl. xxii, 2). On the obverse of these coins is a head of Artemis, and on another coin of the same period a head of Apollo occurs. The vase of the Cymaean coins may, therefore, have been in some way locally connected with Apolline myth or cultus.**

On the Imperial coins the Amszon Cyme, the reputed foundress of the city, frequently appears, holding a globe and a trident (Pl. xxii. 7, 14; xxiii. 3, 9). Her head is first seen on the autonomous coinage eirc. n.c. 250 (Pl. xx. 14; cp. Pl. xxi. 1-9).

Other Imperial types relate to Zeus, Poseidon, Apollo, Athena, Asklepios, Isis, the Hermos, and a local stream, the Xauthos (Pl. xxii. 13). An interesting coin (Imhoof-Blumer, Monn. gr. p. 273, no. 244*) represents Homer and his mother, Critbeis, a native of Cyme. (Cp. infra, Pl. xxii. 10, 11.) The carious coin of Gordian III. (Pl. xxiv. 1) appears to represent an athlete entering the precincts of a temple with a prize ura on his head.

ELAEA, GRYNIUM, MYEINA.

The ruins of Elaca exist near Klisi-Keni, a village on the road from Smyrna to Pergamum, south of the Caicus and north of Grynium and Myrina.† There is reason to suppose; that it was an old Acolic city, though it is not in the list given by Herodotus. According to the registers of the

^{*} The inventories of the temple of Apello at Delos mention among the anathemata a large number of vases called by a great variety of names; see Homoile, Ball, core, hell, vi., p. 108 ff.

[†] S. Reinach in Bull. corr. hell., x., 1880, p. 329; Pottier and Reinach, Nécropula de Myrina, p. 30; p. 43, &c.

Thracmer, Pergamos, p. 100 f.

tribute of the Athenian Confederacy, a.c. 454-425, Elaea paid 1000 drachms, while its neighbour Myrina paid six times that amount. Its coinage appears to begin about the middle of the fifth century s.c. (Pl. xxv. 1-3), and it also issued coins in the fourth century (Pl. xxv. 5-8). Under the Pergamene Kings, and probably at an early period of their rule,* it became the port of Pergamum. There seem to be no coins that can with certainty be assigned to Elaea between the reigns of Philetaeras and Augustus. Under the Empire, the town resumed its coinage in bronze.

The earliest coin-types relate to the goddess Athena and probably also to Demeter. According to a legend recorded by Strabo (xiii. p. 622), Elaes was founded by the Athenians who went with Monestheus to the siege of Troy. Under the Pergamene Kings special cults of Asklepios Soter and of Zeus Soter—doubtless introduced from Pergamum—appear to have been of importance at Elaes.† The Imperial types relate principally to Demoter or Persephone (Pl. xxv. 10-15; xxvi. 1, 3, 5). There is an interesting series of types of this class resembling those on coins of Cysicus and of the Egyptian Alexandria. The sacred kalathos and the flaming torches entwined by serpents are especially noteworthy (cp. note, p. 129 injva).

A curious reverse type of M. Aurelius (Pl. xxvi. 2) consists of a standing figure of Asklepios, having on one side a poppy-head and ears of corn and on the other an olive-tree. The goddesses Demoter and Athena—or perhaps the sacred precincts of their temples—are in this way evidently symbolized. Another remarkable coin of M. Aurelius in the Vienna Collection (see Imhoof-Blamer, Monn. gr., p. 274, no. 236, with cut) represents four

[.] Throwner, tor, cit.

[†] Cp. Decree of Elaes relating to Attalus, ε.c. 138-133, published by Frünkel, "Die Inschriften von Pergumum," in Die Altert. von Perg., viii., I; no. 246, p. 163 ff.;— το τῶι ναῶι τοῦ Σωτήροι 'Ασκληπιού—τὸν τοῦ Διὰι [τ]οῦ Σωτήροι Βωμόν.

fishermen opening the lid of a chest which they have dragged up in their net. From the chest a female figure is seen issuing. This type has been well explained by F. Marx (Mittheilungen des d. arch. Inst. in Athen, x., 1885, p. 21 ff.) as relating to Auge, a priestess of Athena, who, by order of her father Alens, was placed in a chest (Napraß) together with her son Telephus, and thrown into the sea. According to Euripides,* the chest, under the providence of Athena, was fished up at the mouth of the Caicus, and Ange was chosen to be the wife of Teuthras, King of Mysia.

Grynium (north of Myrina) is mentioned by Strabo (xiii, p. 622) as being 40 stadia from Myrina and 70 from Elaca. GRYNIUM. It is supposed to have been situated near the rain called Tchifout-Kulessi.+ Strabo describes it as a wollywor dependent upon Myrina. Like Myrina, it was one of the eleven ancient cities of Acolls (Herodotus, i. 149). It was given, together with Myrina and two other towns, to Gongylus I. the Eretrian, circ. a.c. 475, and in a.c. 399 was in the hands of Gongylus II.T In a.c. 306 it was ravaged by Parmenion, the general of Alexander. \ Its only coins are bronze of the third century s.c. The reverse-type of these is a mussel-shell (Pl. xxvi. 8, 9), a device familiar to us also on coins of Comae in Italy. Pliny (N. H., xxxii, 6, 21 ed. Sillig.) mentions ostrea in the neighbourhood of Grynium and Myrina :- "Ostrea . . . gandent dulcibus aquis et ubi plurami inflaunt amnes . . . Gignuntur tamen et in petrosis carentibusque aquarum dulcium adventu, sicut circa Grynium et Myrinam."

Grynium was celebrated for its ancient oracle (unovelor doxalor) and its costly marble temples of the Apollo known as the

^{*} Referred to by Strabo, ziii, 615.

[†] Pottier and Reinach, Nécropale de Myriau, p. 53.

I Up. Habelon, Melanges aum., il., p. 106.

[§] Diod. Sic., xvil. 7,

Strabo, xiii., p. 609.

Gryneau Apollo (Γρίνειος 'Απόλλων, Steph. Byz.; "Gryneau Apollo." Virg., Λευ., iv. 345). The temple possessed the right of asylum,* and connected with it was a beautiful grove ('Απόλλωνος κάλλωνος Αλωνος, Paus., i. 21, 0; Virg., Ecl., vi. 72), in which Apollo was fabled to have met the Amazon Gryne,† and wherein he was honoured with worship. A head of this Apollo appears on the obverse of the coins of Grynium (Pl. xxvi. 8, 9), and a standing figure of the same god, holding patera and laurel-branch, frequently appears on the coins of Myrina (Pl. xxvii. 1-6).

Myrina, now Kalabassary, was situated on the Pythikos (Kodja-Tchai).1 It was one of the eleven ancient cities MYRINA. enumerated by Herodotus (i. 149), and, like several other Acolian (and Ionian) cities, was reputed to have been founded by and named after an Amazon (Myrina). It lay too near to Cyme to attain much importance. From a.c. 454 to 425 Myrina paid to the Athenian Confederation the sum of one talent, while Grynium (the small town dependent upon it) furnished from 1000 to 2000 drachms. The contribution of Cyme was twelve talents. Myrina was a city which, together with Grynium, Gambrium, and Palaegambrium, had been given, eirc. s.c. 475, by Xerxes to Gongylus I, the Eretrian of On the death of Gongylus (s.c. 425?) his son Gorgion became despot of Gambrium and Palaegambrium, and his other son Gongylus (II.) despot of Myriua and Gryniam, and in s.c. 399 the two brothers are found ruling over their respective cities. Coins bearing the name of Gorgion were struck at Gambrium, | but no coins have come to light bearing the name of Gongylus II. at Myrina or Grynium.

^{*} Pottier and Reinneh, op. eit., p. 64, note 2.

⁺ Servius ad. Virg. Aca., iv. 345,

[‡] For a fall account of Myrins and the exervations conducted there, see the valuable work of K. Pottier and S. Reinach, La Nécropole de Myrina, Paris, 1887.

⁶ Cp. Babelon, Mélangos num., ii., p. 196.

^{||} See Babelon, loc. rit.

The earliest coins of Myrina do not appear to have been struck before circ. s.c. 300,* and the bulk of the coinage belongs to the second and first centuries s.c., when Myrina was apparently within the dominions of the Pergamene kings.† The terra-cottas and other objects discovered in the necropolis of Myrina by Pottier and Reinach are also chiefly of this period.

The money of the second and first centuries a.c. consists of an extensive coinage of flat tetradrachms and drachms; of reduced Attic weight (Pl. xxvii. 1-6); of an issue of Alexandrine silver, and of a bronze currency (Pl. xxvii. 7, 8). The first issue of the tetradrachms and drachms probably took place circ. e.c. 196, when the Romans conferred freedom on several Asiatic cities, after the defeat of Philip V.§ The types of the tetradrachms—the varying style of which is discussed in a note in the Catalogue, p. 135 infra—relate to the Apollo worshipped at Grynium (cos under "Grynium," supra). The "town-arms" of Myrina would appear to have been an amphora, as this device is seen as a constant symbol on the tetradrachms, and as the type of the autonomous bronze (Pl. xxvii. 7, 8). The amphora occurs also on a leaden weight in the British Museum inscribed MY, and in all probability of Myrina.

MM. Pottier and Reinach, in their excavations in the necropolis of Myrina, found many specimens of its bronze coinage. These were

On these coins (of silver), see Imbook-Blumer in Zeit, für New, iii., pp. 321-322. There are no specimens in the British Museum.

⁺ Cp. Bull. corr. hell., v., 283.

[?] The drawbins are much rarer than the tetradrachins.

[§] This statement is based on Livy, xxxiii, 30: same critics, including MM. Pottier and Reimech (op. cit., p. 40), after confronting Livy with Polybins, xviii, 26-27, maintain that Myrina in Lemnos and not the Acollan Myrina was the city upon which freedom was conferred. Whatever may be the correct interpretation of the passage, the numbersatio evidence above that the Acolian Myrina certainly followed the example of the other Asiatic cities which issued light Attic tetra-drachus after circ. n.c. 107.

^{||} Purchased for the Collection in 1893,

usually in poor condition, and were discovered in the graves, generally near the head of the deceased. Not a single example of the tetradrachms was discovered, a circumstance from which we may perhaps argue that the silver coins of Myrina of this class had little circulation locally. Borrell* has already remarked that the tetradrachms of Smyrna, Myrina, Cyme, Labedus, Magnesia ad Maesadrum and Heraclea Ioniae "are rarely found near their places of origin, but, with few exceptions, are brought from different parts of Syria."

Myrina suffered from the earthquakes in the time of Tiberina and again under Trajan, but after each disaster was rebuilt. Its Imperial coins—usually with Apolline types—extend to the time of Gallienus (Pl. xxviii. 1-7).

AEGAR, TEMNUS.

Aegae, like Temnus, lay inland among the mountains. Its aite was fixed at Nemrud Kalessi on the river Kodja-Tchai (the ancient Pythikos) by Ramssy, Reinneh and Baltazzi, who visited it together in 1881.† The place has subsequently been explored by M. Clerc (Bull. corr. hell., 1886, p. 275 ff.; 1891, p. 218 ff.), and by Bohn and Schuchhardt (Altertümer von Aegae, Berlin, 1889), and remains have been discovered of temples, a theatre, stadion, market building and bouleuterion.

Aegae was one of the old Asolic cities (Herodotus, i. 149, Alyain), but though its territory was wide, it was never a place of political and commercial importance. It does not appear in the

^{*} Num. Chron., vi., p. 156.

[†] Rumsay, Hist, Geog., p. 13; p. 431; p. 458, and his paper in Journ. Hell. Stud., ii., p. 292 f. Cp. Kieperl, Formar, map ix., p. 3, note 29.

^{*} See Robs and Schuchhardt, op. cic. The extensive necropolis has been explored by M. Clerc.

Athenian tribute-lists, and, like Temnus, was independent of Persian rule circ. B.C. 400. An inscription of the end of the fourth century B.C.* records a convention between the inhabitants of Aegae and the people of "the district of Olympus," regarding the dues to be paid by the owners of goats and sheep in passing from one territory to the other. Aegae is mentioned several times by Polybins, and we hear of its suffering in a war between Attalus I. and Prusias II. P. Servilius Isauricus, Proconsul of Asia in B.C. 46, erected or restored several of its buildings.† It was one of the Aeolian cities destroyed by the earthquake in A.D. 17 and subsequently restored by Tiberius.

The earliest coins that can be attributed to Aegae with certainty are of the third century s.c. (Pl. xviii. 1-3). An early electrum coin with the type of a goat's head has, with hesitation, been assigned to the place by Mr. Head, ‡ and Borrell has, with greater probability, attributed to it the following silver coin, "of primitive fabric," "discovered with a few others between Myrina and Cyme":—

Obv. Goat's head and neck r.

Rev. Two lozenge-shaped indentures.

A Size 2. Wt, 121 grains.

"My cabinet and Brit. Mus." (Borrell in Num. Ohron., vii. p. 45, no. 1, and Borrell's MS. Catal. in Brit. Mus.)

Aegae was one of the Asiatic cities that issued spread tetradrachms in the second or first centuries a.c. (Pl. zviii. 4) and had a bronze coinage of Imperial times. The principal divinities repre-

^{*} Published by S. Reinneh in Rome des études grecques, iv. (1891), p. 268 f.

⁺ Bohn and Schuebhardt, op. cit., p. 66 and chap. iv.

T Head in Num. Chron., 1875, p. 208: the soin is described in Head, Cat. Lonia, p. 11, po. 54, among the "Uncertain electrom."

[§] I cannot find this coin in the British Museum Collection, and Borrell's description would appear to be so far incorrect.

sented are Apollo—probably the Apollo Chresteries of Aegae (see infra, p. 98, note to no. 22),—Zeus, and Athena, whose appearance is probably due to Pergamene influence.*

Tennus was on the hill-side above the right bank of the Hermus.

Professor Ramsay identifies it with the extensive rains north of the Turkish villages Hamin Aghā and Dere Kewit It was east of Neonteiches. Temnus was independent of Persian rule circ. a.c. 400, and its earliest coins (Pl. xxviii. 9) may be assigned to the fourth century. An inscription found at Pergamum, and assignable to the early part of the third century a.c.,‡ records a treaty between Pergamum and Temnus, conferring waktreia, &c., on citizens of Temnus living in Pergamum, and on Pergamene citizens living in Temnus. At a later date Temnus is brought into relations with the Attalids.§ Brouze coins were issued during the third, second, and first centuries a.c. (Pl. xxviii, 10-12; pl. xxix. 2). There was also an issue of Alexandrine coins and a small coinage of autonomous silver (Pl. xxix 1).

The types of the autonomous coins are principally Dionysiac. On the late autonomous and on the Imperial coins Athena is seen holding a figure of Nike, and sometimes also a bunch of grapes (Pl. xxix, 8). The introduction of Athena may be due to Pergamene infinence. The bunch of grapes held by Athena is not an

As to the few Æ coins found at Argas, see Clere, Bull. core. Actl., 1891, p. 237. The coin there described as of "Tabae de Carie" appears to be rather of Tennus in Asolis, like the coin described infra. p. 143, no. 10, with AH. Among the coins was a brouze piece of Prusias II., King of Bithynia.

[†] W. M. Ramsny in Journ. Hell. Stud., ii., p. 287 f.; ep. his Hist. Geog., a.v. Tennus, and Bohn and Schuchhardt, Atteriumer con Aegae, p. 60. Kiepert (Formus, map ix., p. 3) places Temnus south of the Hermus, at Uludjak.

[?] Frankel, "Die Inschriften von Pergamon" in Altertuiner von Perg., viii., l. no. 5.

[§] Frankel, op. cit., no. 5 and no. 157.

attribute of that goddess, but the "town-arms"—or at any rate the early coin-type—of Temnus. An exact parallel occurs at Perperene in Mysia,* on a coin of Antoniaus Pius, where Telesphores holds a bunch of grapes, an object which appears as the type of the autonomous coins of Perperone, though it is not elsewhere found as an attribute of Telesphoros.

Kybele and the river Hermus (Pl. xxix, 10) are among the other Imperial types. Coins of the time of Augustus (Pl. xxix, 6, 7; p. 146) bear the name and portrait of the Proconsul, Asinius Gallus (n.c. 6-5), son of the well-known Asinius Pollio, the friend of Virgil and Horneo.

LARISSA, NEONTEICHOS, BORONE, &c.

Larissa Phriconis was in the Hermus valley, nearly nine Roman miles from Cyme. Its site is described by Pro-LARISSA fessor W. M. Ramsay+ as on a hill known as Bou-PHRICONIS. rounjik, where are the remains of Hellenic walls and pottery. Larissa was a strong place, and one of the old Acolic cities. Xenophon (Cyr., vii. 1) says that Cyrus settled some Egyptian mercenaries there, and that it was known as the Egyptian Larissa. In s.c. 399 it resisted the attack of the Spartan Thimbron. Its coins are bronze of good style (Pl. xxvi. 10, 11), and are all of the fourth century s.c. After circ. n.c. 300 Larissa seems to have lost its importance, and at some time subsequent to the siege by Thimbron its walls were completely levelled to the ground. Strabo and Pliny say that the city was deserted in their time; this statement must relate (as Professor Ramsay has pointed out) to the city on the hill, for there is evidence that a place of the same name

^{*} Wroth, Cat. Mysia, p. 169, no. 7; Pl. xxxiv. 3.

[†] See his secount of the history and topography of Lorisen in Journ. Hell. Stud., it., p. 280 L. from which the present notice is chiefly abridged. Cp. Klepert. Formus, may ix., p. 3.

lying on the read to Cyme, and probably in the plain, existed in the Imperial age.

Neonteichos was nearly four miles from Larissa Phriconis. Its site is fixed by Professor W. M. Ramsay* near Yannik Keni, south-east of Larissa. It was one of the old cities of Acolis, but apparently only coined money during the second century s.c., when it had come under Pergamene rule and the power of its neighbour Larissa had probably declined. The types relate to Athena (Pl. xxviii. 8). Ramsay has remarked that the Athena head of the regal coinage of the Attalids is found also on the money of several of the cities that were included in their dominions, circ. s.c. 190-183.

No Imperial coins of Neonteiches are known, but Ramsay states that it is clear from the remains that the place "continued to be a fortress through the Greek and Roman periods, down to a very late date."

The coins inscribed BOIΩNITIKON are bronze of the fourth century b.c. (Pl. xix. 1, 2). According to H. P. Borrell,† specimens are "generally found in Acolia, and particularly near the Hermus." Borrell and Imhoof-Blumer; have pointed out their resemblance to coins of Larissa Phriconis,§ and it may be conjectured that Boeone was an Acolian town situated near Larissa.

The coins of Autocane (none of which are in the British Museum)

are bronze of the fourth century s.c. and later,
inscribed AYTOKA, and with types, Zeus and

^{*} Journ, Holl. Stud., ii., p. 281; Hiet, Geog., p. 457.

[†] Harrell Sale Catalogue, London, 1852, lot 456; up. Leake, Num. Hell., As., Gr., p. 145.

¹ Imharf-Blamer, Monn. gr., pp. 271, 272; Griech, Minzen, p. 631.

[§] They also resemble the coins of Placia in Mysia, on the Propoutis (Brit. Mos. Cat. Mysia, Pl. xxxv. 1).

Athena. Dr. Imhoof-Blumer* points out the Acolian style of the specimens and writes:—Aŭroκάνη ou Κάνη, Κανά ou Κάναι était le nom du promontoire, qui s'élève entre Pitane et Atarneus (Strabo, p. 416, 615, &c.), et plusieurs auteurs font mention d'une ville Kavai située près de ce promontoire. C'est à elle que reviennent sans doute les monnaics des AYTOKAvaios.

The coins inscribed KAMHNON (pp. 102, 103) are all of the Imperial age. Nothing is known of a town named Came, but there is no ground for identifying it with Cane (Káras = Autocane). Von Sallet (Z. f. N., xiii., p. 70) and Head (H. N., p. 478) describe the coins of Came under Acolis, and their arrangement has been adopted in this Catalogue. Such evidence as is derivable from the processors of the coins is, however, rather in favour of an attribution to Mysia, for Borrell states; that two coins of his were found at Adramyteum, and that three coins procured by Cousinéry came from the same neighbourhood.

Tisna, the Titanus of Pliny (N. H., v. 30), was in the neighbourhood of Cyme and Aegas.; Schachhardt places
it at Uzun-Hassauli, south of Aegas and east of
Cyme. The coins (Pl. xxix. 12) are bronze of the fourth century
a.c., with the head of a river-god, doubtless the river Travaios
or Travaios, which Schuchhardt supposes to be identical with
the Pythikos (now Kodja-Tchni).

^{*} Monn. gr., p. 271; Grieck. Müszen, p. 631; Hend, Hist. num., p. 478; Priedluceder in Zeit. für Num., zi. 50; Schuchhardt in Sitz.-Her. der k. prenzz. Akademie, 1887, p. 1209 f.

[†] Num. Chryn., vi. 149; ose also Imboof-Blumer, Gricch. Münzen, p. 612. † See infra, p. 149, note, and Imboof-Blumer, Monn. gr., pp. 275, 276.

⁴ Bahn and Schuchburit, Afterthioner von Aegas, p. 61; cp. Ramsay, Hist. Geog., p. 13, and Journ. Hell. Stud., ii. 295; Pottier and S. Beinach in Bull. corr. hell., vi., p. 206; see also Pottier and Reinach, Nécropole de Myrisu, p. 34 f. Reinach thinks the town of Titanus may be identified with Gusel-Hissar on an affinent of the Kodja-Tehai (—Pythikos).

PART III.

Comage of Lessos.

The coinage of Lesbos—insula nobilis et amoena—was chiefly issued at its two most important cities, the powerful rival states of Mytilene and Methymna.* The three smaller Lesbian towns, Antissa, Eresus, and Pyrrha, were places of some importance, and issued coins, and a coinage has also been attributed to Aegirus and Nape. The ancient town of Arisba was destroyed by its neighbour Methymna before the time of Herodotus, and never appears to have coined money.

The attribution to Lesbos of the billon coins described on pp.

150-155 infro (Pl. xxx.; xxxi. 1-5) may be regarded as well established. A considerable number of the specimens in the British Museum were produced by Sir Charles T. Newton when Vice-consul at Mytilene, and, according to information in the possession of Mr. Maximilian Borrell, † specimens similar to our Pl. xxx. 1, 11, 22, &c., are usually discovered in the vicinity of the fortress at Mytilene. The types of many of the coins agree with these of the silver and electrons of Lesbos, and the inscriptions on the inscribed pieces likewise favour the attribution (e.g., p. 151, no. 14, with AES).

The coins are struck on two standards, in one of which the stater weighs about 236 grains, in the other about 171 grains. Mr. Head (Hist. Num., p. 483) describes these as the Phoenician and Persic standards. The earliest coins (which are of the Phoenician standard) must be at least as early as a.c. 550, and are thus older by about

^{*} A general account of the history and geography of Lesbos would exceed the limits of this Introduction, but information is abundant and easily accessible in many of the works enumerated in the bibliography of Lesbos prefixed to Koldswey's valuable work, Die antiless Baureste der Insel Lesbos, pp. 1, 2.

⁺ Nam. Chron., 1825, p. 341.

fifty years than the earliest silver coinage of Lesbos, i.e., that issued at Methymna.* The billon coinage appears to cease about s.c. 440, when the Mytilenean silver makes its first appearance. Lenormanty has pointed out that the word "potin" has often been erroneously applied to this series. Potin denotes a mixture of bronze, tin, lead, &c., without the addition of silver. Billon, on the other hand, contains a certain admixture of silver. The billon of Leabos contains, according to Lenormant, not more than 40 per cent. of fine silver.

It is generally admitted that the boar on these coins is the badge of Methymna, and the calf of Mytilene. The appearance of the inscription ∧E≼ on the boar's-head coins (p. 151, no. 14; p. 152, no. 21) seems to indicate that they formed part of a currency of a monetary convention of two or more Lesbian towns, though Methymna was probably the mint-place. No. 11, p. 151, with the boar's-head type, is inscribed A, a monogram in which Brandis sees the name of Antissa, the neighbour of Methymna.

The early coins with the lion-types (Pl. xxx. 2, 3) may be assigned to Mytilene, of which city the lion is a type; while those with the gargonesian (Pl. xxx. 4) may belong to Methymns, for the gargonesian occurs on aliver coins attributed, with probability, to that city (p. 177, nos. 5, 6, infra). The coins with male head (Pl. xxxi. 1, 2, Apollo?), Orpheus? (Pl. xxxi. 3), and female and lion heads (Pl. xxxi. 4, 5) may, on grounds of style and type, be assigned to Mytilene.

The attribution of the coins with the human eyes (Pl. xxx. 14-18) and the negro's head (Pl. xxx. 19) is difficult, as is also the explanation of the types. On Pl. xxx. 13, the eye is placed beside the boar's head of Methymna, and on a coin described by Fox (Es-

See also the cilvar coinage of an Uncertain Leabian Mint, p. 173 infra.
 La monutic dans l'entiquité, i., p. 107.

gravings, &c., ii. p. 10; pl. iv. 62) the eyes form the reverse and the negro's head the obverse. This interchange of types would seem to be another proof that the billon coinage was struck for general circulation in Lesbos and as the result of a monetary convention.

The circumstances under which a coinage of electrum (70 Lerbian Ricctrum xovotov) took place at Mytilene are made known Coinage. to us, at least in part, through the fragment of a Mytilenean inscription excellently commented on by Sir. C. T. Conditions of Newton in the Transactions of the Royal Society issue. of Literature (London, 1868, vol. viii., 2nd ser., p. 549).* So far as can be made out, the inscription consists of an agreement, entered into probably circ. s.c. 400, between Mytilene and Phocaca in Ionia, respecting a common coinage in electron, of a fixed weight and fineness. Each city, in turn, was to coin for a year, and it was decided by lot that the Mytileneaus were to begin, A tribunal consisting of magistrates of both cities was appointed to try any monetary officer charged with debasing the coinnec. The trial of any such officer was to take place within six months of the expiration of his term of office, and the punishment for debasing the coin with criminal intention was death.

The coinage referred to doubtless consisted of Staters and Sixths.†

The gold (or electrum) staters of Phocaca are often mentioned in inscriptions, though none have yet come to light.† The stater coinage of Mytilene is only known to us from the unique specimen figured in Pl. xxxii., no. 1.

^{*} See also Conza, Reiss auf der Insel Lesbos, p. 12; pl. vi.; Blass and Dittenberger, Hermes, xiii 392, 309; Clamm, Rhein. Mus., xxxiii. (1878), 608; R. Weil, Studien auf dem Gebiete des autikes Muszrechts, Barlin, 1893, p. 14.

⁺ Hand, Catal, Sonia, p. axis.

[#] Except, of course, the staters of the cardiest coinage of the city: see Wroth, Num. Chram., 1804, p. 14, no. 17.

The Sixths of Phocaea marked with the phoca are well known, and various electrum Sixths inscribed M and AE have long been recognized as the coinage of Mytilene, the chief mint of Lesbos.

Brandis and others have assigned similar but uninscribed Sixths to various Asiatic cities, which are supposed to have issued them either independently or in alliance. But, as Gardner,* Head+ and Six! have shown, it is much more probable that the electrum Sixths, such as those figured in our Plates xxxii.-xxxiv., are the product of a single mint-Mytilene. It is more difficult and perhaps, on our present evidence, impossible to decide whether these Sixths were coined exclusively for the use of Mytilene and other Lesbian towns. M. Sixy is inclined to suppose that some of the coins may have been minted at Mytilene at the expense and for the use of non-Lesbian towns and dynasties.

M. Six (loc. cit.) assigns the electrum Sixths to the period B.C. 550-330; Mr. Head (Hist. Num., pp. 484-485) Dates and to B.c. 450-387. I would propose, though not Types. without hesitation, to make the limits of this coinage s.c. 480-350. Mr. Head tells me that, after an examination of the British Museum series as re-arranged for the present Catalogue, he is now of opinion that his downward limit of date must be fixed at eirc. s.c. 350, and that he is willing to extend his upward limit to an earlier period.

M. Six (who is of opinion that the types were changed annually) argues, from the number of types noted by him, | that the coinage must have extended over two centuries or more. He considers that the style of the earliest and the latest coins is consistent with the assignment of them to circ. B.c. 550 and circ. B.c. 330 respectively. M. Six specially calls attention to the archaic char-

^{*} Num. Chron., 1882, p. 223 f.

[†] Hist, Num., p. 485. 1 Num. Ohma., 1890, p. 196.

J Num. Chros., 1890, p. 198 f.

Nom. Chron., 1890, p. 197, note 36.

actor of the head of Herakles on the reverses of Pl. xxxi. 16-19, yet even this head is found in conjunction with obverses which could hardly be assigned to so early a date as n.c. 550.

Among the extant Sixths of Lesbos there are no specimens which (at least to my eye) proclaim themselves as belonging to the sixth century—no specimens, in fact, which can be classed as contemporaneous with the early Sixths of Phocaes, the coinage of which undoubtedly begins in the latter half of the sixth century.* As to the downward limit of the Mytilenean coinage it is difficult to speak positively, but I am inclined—with Mr. Head—to favour the date E.C. 350 rather than E.C. 300.

The Sixths may be arranged (as in Mr. Head's Historia Numorum, pp. 484, 485) in three series, according to the technique of the reverses. In Series I. (Pl. xxxi. 6-28) the reverse-type is in intaglio; in Series II. and III. it is in relief and is placed in an incuse square. Series III. (Pl. xxxiii.; Pl. xxxiv.) is distinguished from II. (Pl. xxxii.) by having the type enclosed in a linear compartment such as is found also on the silver coins of Mytilene (Pl. xxxvii. 20-23; Pl. xxxviii. 1, 2), which (if rightly dated in this Catalogue) make their appearance about u.c. 350, when the electrum coinage comes to an end. In Series I. animal types predominate. Certain types, as the lion's head, calf's head, and ram's head, are found also on the Phocaean Sixths.+ I have not seen noted in print-what I think, however, is an intentional device of the mintmaster-that the obverse types of the Lesbian Sixths (in all three series) are almost invariably turned to the right, while the types of the Phocaean Sixths face to the left.

The Sixths of Series II. and III. form one of the most beautiful coin-series of the ancient world. This will be evident from a glance at

^{*} Head, Catal. Ionia, p. xxi. and pl. iv., no. 1, &c.

[†] The Phocacan Sixths have an incase square (without type) for severee.

Plates xxxii.-xxxiv., on which the majority of the British Museum examples are represented. Certain specimens may, perhaps, be singled out for freshness and simplicity of style (Pl. xxxii. 1 obs. stater; 19-22 obverses; Pl. xxxiii. 22, 23, 26, 27 obverses), and for delicacy of treatment* (Pl. xxxii. 10 obv.; Pl. xxxiii. 2 obv.).

It seems impossible to identify with certainty a large number of the heads, though some of the principal Greek divinities can easily be recognized:—Apollo, Dionysos (ep. the Maenads, Pl. xxxiii. 10; xxxiv. 30), Athena, Persephone, Demeter, Hermes, Hera, Zens Ammon, Asklepios (or Zens), Herakles, Nike, Pan?, Kybele?, Artemis?, Arcs? Several of these divinities are seen on the Phocaean Sixths, and several heads on the latter sevies bear a decided resemblance in style to the heads on the Lesbian Sixths (see Brit. Mus. Cat. Ionia, pl. v.). The head on no. 5 (ep. 6, 7) of our Pl. xxxiii, has been called Sappho, but this explanation, as will be shown below (Mytilene, Imperial coinage), is untumble, and Aphrodite is probably represented.

The exact assignment of the silver and bronze coins circ. n.c. 3302807 with the legend AIOAE (Pl. xxxv. 3-6) is
AIOAE somewhat doubtful, but the attribution of Dr.
Imboof-Blumer, who has discussed the question in
the Zeitschrift für Numismatik (iii. p. 312 ff.), is undoubtedly the
best yet proposed. According to his view the coins were struck for
circulation in Lesbos, and their mint-place was probably Methymna.

MYTTLENE.

The types of the earlier autonomous coins of Mytilene (a.c. 440-200) relate principally to Apollo. The worship of this god prevailed in many parts of Lesbos,† and

[&]quot; To which a photograph does not do justice.

[†] Plohn, Lesbiacovam liber, pp. 115-117.

by the Mytileneans he was honoured under the name of Makier. The female head on the bronze coins (Pl. xxxviii. 4-7; cp. xxxvii. 14-16) is perhaps intended for Aphrodite. The view that it is a head of Sappho is discussed below, under "Sappho." On the later autonomous coins (2nd and 1st centuries n.c.) the types (Pl. xxxviii, 9-24) refer to Zons Ammon, Artemis, Apollo and Helios; but the most noteworthy representation is the terminal figure of Dionysos placed, on some specimens, on the prow of a vessel (Pl. xxxviii. 9, 10, 12-19). The story of the finding by fishermen of Methymna of a zoanon of Dionyses is referred to below (p. lxxvi.). The Dionyses of the Mytilenean coins is, in fact, just such a type as we should have expected at Methymna, and belongs to a well-known series of archaic representations of the god of wine.* Festivals called Geodaicia were hold at Mytilene in honour of Dionysos, + and a distribution of wine to the magistrates and other functionaries took place during their celebration,I

On the Imperial coins (Pl. xl.-xliii.) the Tyche of Mytilene (who is often represented, Pl. xl. 9, obv.; xlii. 3, 5, &c.) holds the Dionysiac simulacrum, apparently because Dionysos was the chief divinity of the city. The importance of Artemis at Mytilene under the Empire is shown by her frequent appearance on the coins (Pl. xlii. 9, 12, &c.). An inscription found near Mytilene on the road to Thermi bears on one side the words:—Meyáλη Aρτεμεν Θερμία, and on the other:—Meyáλη Τύχη Μυτιλήνης.

Types relating to the Emperors are of frequent occurrence

^{*} Hoscher, Lexicon, p. 1000 f.; C. Boettieher, Boumbultus, Plates. 15, 16.

⁺ Bull corr. hell., ev., p. 426.

¹ Dionysos was also worshipped in Lesbos under the name of Bygraying or Bygravie; see Bull. curr. hell., iv., 445, 446; Koldewey, Lesbos, p. 63 f.

[§] Bull. corr. hell., iv., p. 430: on Artemis Thermia, see further, Plehn, Last., p. 117; Miltheilungen des deut, arch. fast, in Athen, 25., pp. 281, 284.

(Pl. xli. 5, 6, 9, &c.). Asklepios and some other divinities are also represented.*

The series of imperial coins without the imperial name or effigy is of exceptional interest (Pl. xxxix., xl.), from the representation upon them of various persons connected with the history of Mytilene. Of these personages five are well known—Pittacus, Alcaeus, Sappho, Theophanes and Lesborax.

A rare coin in the Bibliothèque nationale at Paris† shows on the obverse the head of Pittacus (\$\phi\text{ITTAKOC}\$ sio), the famous also uniform; of Mytilene, circ. a.c. 652-569, and on the reverse the head of the poet Alcaeus (\$\text{AKAIOC}\$), circ. a.c. 606. Alcaeus, as the leader of the oligarchical party, was bitterly opposed to Pittacus, and derided him in his verse. The appearance of the two leaders on the same coin is therefore somewhat curious, although a reconciliation is said to have taken place between them.

Contemporary with Pittacus and Alcaeus, says Strabo (xiii.

p. 617), was Sappho—ή Σαπφώ, δαυμαστόν τι χρήμα,
οὐ γὰρ ἴσμεν ἐν τῷ τοσούτῳ χρόνῳ τῷ μνημονευσμένῳ
φανεῖσὰν τινα γυναῖκα ἐνάμιλλον, οὐδὲ κατὰ μικρόν, ἐκεἰιγ ποιήσεως
χάριν. The head of Sappho—ΥΑΠΦΩ—appears on Pl. xxxix.
10, and there can be no doubt that the seated female figure
playing the lyre (Pl. xxxix. 6, 8) is intended for Sappho, though
it cannot be determined whether this representation reproduces
some famous statue such as that of Silanion.‡ The lyre on Pl. xxxix.

On Asklepion (Sotar) at Mytilene, see Hall. corr. hell., iv. 426; Inscriptions in Brit. Mns., pt. ii. (Lesbes), p. 47, no. ceix.; Mittheilungen, xiii, 56 f.; Reinach, Chronique d'Orient, p. 638; C. L. G., vol. ii., p. 197.

[†] L. Bürchner in Zeit für Nam., ix., p. 113; pl. iv. 2, 3; Imhoof-Blumer, Parträttönfe, pl. viil 26, 28; p. 68; see also a specimen in Max. naz. di Napoli, p. 178, no. 8002.

I Cie., In Ferr, iv. 57.

9, 10, 11, would also seem to be an emblem of the poetess, and not, as is usually the case, of Apollo.* Sappho evidently appears on the coins as being—like Pittacus and Alcaeus—a distinguished citizen of Myttlene. Her birth-place was, however, by some claimed for the smaller Leshian town of Eresus, on the Imperial money of which her head and figure may also be seen.† Pollux (ix. 84) says Μυτιληναίοι μέν Σαπφώ νομίσματι ἐνεχάραττον,! and it can hardly be doubted that he is referring to the Imperial coins now under discussion. Some numismatists have supposed that the head on the Lesbian electrum (Pl. xxxiii. 5-7) and on the autonomous bronze of Mytilene (Pl. xxxviii. 4-7) is intended for Sappho.§ But such a representation is extremely unlikely to occur on coins of the fifth century n.c. or even on those of the fourth and third centuries; || and I agree with Furtwängler** in considering the head in question to be probably that of Aphrodite.

Cn. Pompeius Theophanes, whose head appears on coins of the time of Tiberius (Pl. xxxix. I),†† was a native of Mytilene, and is well known as the intimate friend of Pompey and as the historian of his campaigns. The Mytileneans owed to his influence with Pompey the freedom of their city

For other coins representing Sappho, see Bürchner in Zeit. f. Nam., iz., p. 114 f.

⁺ See Introduction infra, under " Eresus."

t Cp. Gardner, "Pollur Account of Ancient Coins," in Num. Chron., vol. i.,

Brd ser., p. 290, note 62.

§ Furtwängler, Meisterwerke der griechischen Plastik, p. 103, note 4, justly remarks that it is most arbitrary to make the statement in Aristot., Rhet. (2, 33), Murchymiae reruppens: Zasopie suiver governen viewe, unsue that the Mytileneaus homograd Sappho by placing her head on their antonomous coins.

The head on nos. 5-7, Pl. xxxiii., resembles the head on the Sixths of Phoenea (Head, Cat. Ionia, pl. v., 13, 15, 17), on which a representation of Sappho would not be specially appropriate.

^{**} Furtwangler, Messterwerke, p. 103, note 4, and p. 106.

⁺⁺ Also on a coin of the time of Sept. Severns, Pl. al. 1. See also Bürchner in Zeit. für Nom., is., p. 131; Pl. iv. 16, 17.

(s.o. 62),* and after his death divine honours were paid to his memory. Theophanes left a son, Marcus Pompeins Theophanes, who was sent to Asia as procurator by Augustus, and who, at the time when Straho wrote (xiii. p. 618), was one of the friends of Tiberius. On the Mytitenean coins the head of Theophanes (the Elder) first appears in the time of Tiberius, and is inscribed OCC. These coins were probably struck in the earlier part of the reign, for Tiberius, about a.p. 33, put the descendants of Theophanes to death, because their ancester had been one of Pompey's friends and had received divine honours—Quodque defuncto Theophani caelestes honores Gracca adulatio tribuerat (Tac., Ann., vi. 18).

The gratitude of Mytilene to Pompey is expressed in several lapidary inscriptions,† and a marble pedestal from Mytilene1 records a triple dedication, to Pompey, to Theophanes, and to Potamon son of Lesbonax. Pompey is styled "Benefactor," "Preserver," and "Founder," and the dedication to Theophanes runs:— Dechary to σωτήρο και εύεργέτα και κτίστα δευτέρο τᾶς πατρίδος.

The Archedamis who appears on the reverse of the coins of

Theophanes (Pl. xxxix. 1) is unknown, but may be
conjectured to have been his wife.

Lesbonax of Mytilene was a rhetorician and philosophical writer of the time of Augustus. He was father of the rhetorician Potamon, who was favoured by Tiberius.

In the triple dedication just referred to we find:—Ποτάμωνε Λεοβώνακτο[5] τῶ εὐεργέτα καὶ σωτῆρος καὶ κτίστα τὰς πόλιος. In another inscription of Mytilene, Potamon himself is described as "Preserver," "Benefactor," and "Founder of the City."

^{*} PluL, Posep, 12

[†] Inscriptions in British Museum, pt. il., p. 47, no. cex.

I Isser, is B. M., pt. ii., pp. 47, 48, no. eexi.

[§] Inscriptions in Brit. Mus., pt. ii., p. 49, no. cexii.; see also on Potamon, O. I. G., 2182; Rall. corr. kell., 1880, p. 425; Kaibel in Ephemonis spig., p. 11, no. vii.

On the obverse of the coin in Pl. xxxix, 5 (time of the Antonines) Lesbonax is represented in the character of young Dionysos and is styled ΛΕCBΩNAE HPΩC NEOC. On the obverse of a coin in the Berlin Museum* he appears as a bearded philosopher (head only) ΛΕCBΩNAKTA ΦΙΛ(ΟCOΦΟΝ). A Mytileuesn inscription published (after Cyriac of Ancona) by Knibel† makes mention of Λεσβώνακτος τα φιλοσύφω. The standing figure on the reverse of the Berlin coin is probably either Lesbonax or his son Potamon.

The following inscription of Mytilene, copied by Cyriac of Ancona, and edited by Knibel in the Ephemeris epigrophica, fi. p. 7, no. i., throws some light on Julia Procula. the Julia Procula (Pl. xxxix, 6, 7 obverses) and the Fiavia Flavia Nicomachia! (Pl. xxxix. 12 rev.; 13 obv.) Micomachia, represented on the coins :-

'A βόλλα και ό δάμος Φλ. Πουπλικίαν Νεικομα [χ] ίδα παιδα Διννομάχ[ω] καὶ Π[μ]όκλ[α]ς τῶν εὐεργετῶν και ἀπό προγόνων εύεργεταν και κτ[ι]στών τας πόλιος άμμεων τὰν δι' αἰώνος πρύ. Tant [v] aperas ell v exa maions.

We need not, I think, hesitate to identify the wportages Flavin Publicia Nicomachis with the Flavia Nicomachis of the coins, nor is it rush to suppose that her mother Procla is the Julia Procla (Procula) also portrayed on the coins. § Procula and Nicomachia belonged to a family of Mytilonean everytras and erioras, just as did Theophanes and Lesbonax, who in another Mytilenean inscription | are honoured with the same epithets. The coins bearing the

Zell für Nom., ix., p. 128; pl. iv. 27, 28.

⁺ In the Ephemeris epigraphica, ii., p. 11, no. vii.

Attention was called to this inscription in an article (portions of which are here repeated) on " Portraits of famous sitizens of Mytilene," published by me in the Classical Review for May, 1884, pp. 226, 227.

[§] A Julia Hockha is mentioned in C. I. G., 3370: cp. Pape-Bunseler, Worter-

buch, a.v. Hpakha.

[|] Inscriptions in Brit. Man. pt. ii., p. 47, un coxi.

portrait of Procula may be assigned to the time of Faustina L, and those of Nicomachis to a slightly later period, for the first-named portrait resembles the head of the elder Faustina in features and the style of the coiffure, while the second recalls the heads of Faustina the younger, Lucilla and Crispina. Procula and Nicomachis cannot, therefore, be later in date than the Autonines, though, of course, they may possibly have lived at an earlier period.

The Sextus—CEECTON HPΩA—whose portrait appears as
the obverse of Pl. xxxix. 12 is unknown. He was
probably related to Flavia Nicomachis, whose bust
appears on the reverse of the same coin.*

The legend ΔΑΔΑ (cp. p. 199 infra, note), which appears on the obverse of Pl. xxxix. 2, 8, and on the reverse of Pl. xxxix. 4, is presumably the name of the personage represented. The head (Pl. xxxix. 2, 3) resembles that of Matidia, niece of Trajan. The name occurs in a passage of Nicolaus Damascenus (frag. 21 in C. Müller's Frag. Hist. Graec., iii., p. 370), in which a Dada† is mentioned as the wife of Samon the Cretan, who was associated with Skamander, the first king of the Trojans. The story of this Dada appears to be Cretan, though it is at least curious that it is stated that Dada, after her husband's death, set out for Πόλιον (ms. Πόληον), a place supposed by some commentators to be Polion, in Lesbos (cp. Steph. Byz., Πόλιον ἐν Λέσβφ τόπος, ὅπον τὸ ἡρφον Ταντάλον),

The Dada of the coins is associated with Pankratides. The inpankratides. scription ΠΑΝΚΡΑΤΙΔΗC accompanies a young male head (Pl. xxxix. 4 vbv.) and a youthful male

^{*} He may have been the husband of Nicomachie, but was not her father (see the inser, unite Austrapia [w] and H[p] field [u]s).

[†] Müller in his text reads Asida, but in a note suspects—unnecessarily as it would seem—that the true reading is Asida.

figure resembling the youthful Asklepios (Pl. xxxix. 2, 3, reverses). I take Pankratides to be the name of a man (as in C. I. G., 1355; 2007 1. Add.), and not, as has been supposed,* an epithet of Asklepios.

Mr. Head suggests that Pankratides may have been a Mytilenean physician, who is here represented—after his death—in the character of the god of healing.

The bust of Nausikaa appears on coins of the time of Faustina I.

Nausikas (Pl. xxxix. 8, 9). Doubtless some Mytilenean lady is represented, and not the Nausikaa of Homer.

Leakippos. The coin on which the legend AEVKITHIOC occurs is in bad condition (Pl. xl. 2). The figure on the reverse seems to be a philosopher, but it is not known that the celebrated philosopher Leukippos was in any way connected with Mytilene. A Leukippes is mentioned (Diod., v. 81) as the leader of a colony which Macareus conducted from Lesbos to Rhodes.

METHYMNA.

The principal type of the coins of Methymna (Molivo) is, from first to last (Pl. xxxvi.; xxxvii.), a head of METHYENA. Athena, probably evidencing not only the importance of the worship of this divinity, but also the close political connexion that subsisted between Methymna and Athens.† The

^{*} Von Sallet, in Zeit, für. Num., v., p. 330. I believe that the coin in Pl.

[†] The boar-type on the early coins (Pl. axxvi. 6, 7) has not been satisfactorily explained. Among the "Uncertain" specimens in the British Museum is a silver coin of the 6th century weighing 92'5 grains. Obe, Youthful male figure L on dolphin; r. hand outstretched. Rev. Income square. (Purchased at the sale of the Pertat Coll., &c. at Sotheby's, London, Aug. 1851, lot 419.) This has been transferred to Issus in Caria (I believe on the suggestion of Dr. Jan Six); but Mr. Hend tells me that he doubts this attribution, and believes that it may be an early min of Methymna, type Arion.

lyre that occurs on several specimens is possibly the lyre of Arion, but more probably is an emblem of Apollo. The kantharos of the autonomous coins (Pl. xxxvi. 12, &c.) and the Dionysos of the Imperial coins (Pl. xxxvii. 7) are significant types, for Dionysos was worshipped at Methymna, and the Lesbian wine was chiefly produced there; see e.g. Virg., Georg., ii. 90:—

Non eadem arboribus pandet vindemia nostris Quam Methymnaso carpit de palmite Lesbos.

Ovid, Ars am., 1. 57 :-

Gargara quot segetes, quot habet Methymna racemas.*

Pansanias (x. 19) relates a story of Methymnaean fishermen dragging up in their nets a zoanon of olive-wood, which was pronounced by the Delphic cracle to be Dionysos Κεφαλλήν. The people of Methymna thereupon offered sacrifices to it and sent a bronze copy to Delphi.† In an inscription from Methymna, the words δυ τοῦς Διουνσίοισι πρὰ τᾶς τῶ ἀγάλματος περιφορᾶς probably allude to this primitive image of the god. Curiously enough, among the Dionysiac types that frequently occur on the coinage of Methymna the famous xoanon is never seen. An archaic simulacrum of Dionysos is, however, a familiar type on the coins of Mytilene (see Pl. xxxviii. 15, &c., and supra, under Mytilene).

The Imperial coinage is much less extensive and varied in type than at Mytilene. The chief types relate to Dionysos, Athena, and the Iamons musician Arion, a native of Methymna (circ. n.c. 625). Arion first appears (PL xxxvi. 15) on a silver coin (n.c. 330-240), and is throughout represented riding on a dolphin. He wears a long chiton and holds in one hand his lyre, while the other hand is outstretched and sometimes holds a plectrum. The bronze monu-

^{*} Cp. Plehn, Levb., p. 7; Newton, True, in Levent, L, p. 111.

[†] Cp. Welsker, Grievk, Götterlehre, ii., p. 601. † S. Relmach in Bull, vorv. Aell., vii., p. 37 ff.

ment of Arion on Taenarum likewise represented him riding on a dolphin (Hdt., i. 24; Paus., ix. 30, 2).

AEGIECS, ANTISSA, ERESUS, &C.

Aegirus was a Lesbian κώμη mentioned by Strabo, xiii., p. 617:—

έν δὲ τῷ μεταξὺ Μιτυλήνης καὶ τῆς Μηθύμνης κατὰ κώμην τῆς Μηθυμναίας καλουμένην Αίγειρον στενωτάτη ἐστὶν ἡ νῆσος, ὑπέρβασιν ἔχουσα εἰς τὸν Πυβραίων Εύριπον σταδίων είκοσιν. Lalling* supposes it to have been situated on the east coast near the modern village of Mistegna.† Dr. Imhoof-Blumer (Monn. gr., p. 276) attributes to Aegirus (on grounds of type and style) the following bronze coin, of the end of the fourth century v.a:—

Obc. Head of Athena I., helmeted.

Rev. AICI Female head l., wearing stephane, earring and necklace. Æ. 9 millimètres.

The site of Antissa is shown by Koldewey; to have been in the small peninsula of Tchifut-Kalessi (Ovriokastron), west of Methymna, on the north coast of the island. It was previously supposed to be near Cape Sigrium on the west coast. Antissa joined the Mytileneaus in their revolt against Athens in s.c. 428, but in the earlier part of the fourth century belonged to the Athenian league. It was destroyed circ. s.c. 167 by the Romans, after the defeat of Purseus King of Macedon, to whose admiral, Antenor, the city had given supplies. The inhabitants were removed to Methymna (Livy, xlv. 31).

Brandis (p. 450) assigns to Antissa various pieces among the oldest billon currency of Lesbos, but the only certain coins of the

^{*} In Koldewey's Leebos, p. 34.

[†] Cp. Lolling in Mitthellunges arch. Inst., xi., p. 288; Conzs, Lexber, p. 18 (st Kavakli); Newton, Trav. in Levant, i., p. 110.

Die ant. Raurente der Invel Lesbas, p. 19; pll. 6, 7.

place are specimens in bronze, which do not seem to be older than eirc. s.c. 800 (Pl. xxxv. 11-14). This coinage cannot have continued beyond eirc. s.c. 167, when the inhabitants were transferred to Methymna. Among the coins bearing on one side the name and characteristic type (Arion) of Methymna are small bronze specimens (Pl. xxxvii. 1) with the obverse type of Antissa—bull and club (cp. Pl. xxxv. 14 obv.) These must have been struck at Methymna circ. s.c. 167, under the influence of the immigrants from Antissa.

The curious head that occurs on most of the coins of Antissa (Pl. xxxv. 11, 13 rev.) was considered by Francis Wise (whose conjecture is approved by Eckhel, D. N. V., ii. 501) to be that of Orpheus. The head of Orpheus—of oracular potency—and his lyre were borne across to Lesbos—"down the swift Hebrus to the Lesbian shore,"—and the grave wherein the head was buried was shown at Antissa.* Against this ingenious suggestion it must be urged that the head-dress is not of the peculiar (Thracian) kind usually worn by Orpheus, but has rather a Persian appearance. Imboof-Blumer (Griech. M., p. 633), Gardner (Types, Pl. xv. 12), and Head (H. N., p. 485) suppose the head to be that of Dionysos—a reasonable though not certain identification. The figure of Apollo with his lyre (Pl. xxxv. 14) may serve to recall to us the fact that the musician Terpander was a native of Antissa.

Eresus—one of the smaller of the principal Lesbian towns—was situated on the west coast of the island, south of Cape Sigrium. The acropolis is on the summit of a rock rising straight out of the sea, and in the modern Eresus and its neighbourhood are considerable remains of the ancient town.†

Eresus was on the side of Mytilene at the time of the revolt against

^{*} Plehn, Leebiac., p. 130.

⁺ Conze, Lerber, p. 27 ff., Koldeway, Lerbos, p. 22 f.; platen 8, 0, 10.

Athens in z.c. 428, but in the earlier part of the fourth century z.c. belonged to the Athenian league.

The coins are bronze, struck circ. E.C. 300-200 and perhaps later, and Imperial bronze.* The chief types of the autonomous series consist of a head of Hermes and an ear of corn (Pl. xxxvi. 1-4). The excellent quality of the wheat of Eresus was celebrated in antiquity. Archestratus (ap. Athen., iii. 111), in a passage which strikingly illustrates the coin-types, declares that if the gods eat bread, they send Hermes to buy it at Eresus.† Sir Charles Newton, writing in 1852, describes the rich land of the valleys about Ereso abounding with corn and wine, and says that he tasted excellent bread there.;

Theophrastus, the pupil of Aristotle, was a native of Eresus, and according to some accounts it was the birthplace of Sappho, who is represented on its Imperial coins.

Naps. Stephanus Byz., s.v. Νάπη, has the notice: —Νάπη πόλις
Λέσβου—ὁ πολίτης Ναπαΐος καὶ 'Απόλλου Νακαῖος, Strabo (ix., p. 426) speaks of Νάπη ἐν τῷ
Μηθύμνης πεδίψ. The uncient oracle of Apollo Ναπαΐος in Lesbos
is mentioned by the scholiast on Aristoph., Nubes, 144 (cp. Macrob.,

^{*} The Imperial series of Eresus is very imperietly represented in the British Museum. For other specimens, see Mionnet; Fox, Engravings, &c., ii., nos. 60, 61; Zeit. f. Num., xii., p. 314. For inscriptions of Eresus, see Cichorins in Mittheilungen des deut. orch. Inst. in Athen, xiv., pp. 250, 260; Couxe, Lerbos, p. 30; Bull. corr. hell., iv., p. 442, &c.

[†] Plehn, Leab., p. 6; Conm., Leabas, p. 27; Lacroix, Ilea de La Grèce, p. 209; Récia. Mus., n. f. xi., p. 214.

¹ Newton, Travels in the Levant, i. 98, 99; Conze, however (Leshos, p. 27), speaking of his visit made a few years after Newton, says that the bread he had at Ereso was conspicuously bad.

[§] Dumersan, Hauterocke Voll., pl. xiv., no. 2=Bürchner, Zeit. für Num., ix., pl. iv. 7; p. 116 (coin of Commodus with head of CAΠΦΩ); Imhoof-Blumer Moon. gr., p. 278; Bürchner, Z. f. N., iz., p. 116; pl. iv. 9 (Sappho (ΣΑΦΦΩ), seated playing lyre). On Sappho, see further under Imperial coins of Mytilene.

 17, 45), and the sanctuary of this Apollo is, in all probability, to be recognized in the ruins at Kolumdado,* south-east of Methymna.

Imhoof-Blumer (Moan. gr., p. 280; pl. E. 32) attributes to Nape a bronze coin of the fourth century a.c.;—

> Obv. Head of Apollo 1., laur. Rev. [N]ΑΓΑΙΩΝ Owl; in front, astragalus.

Pyrrha was on the coast of the bay of Kalloni. Remains of the ancient city are described by Newton (Trav. in Levant, i., p. 91 f.), Conze (Lesbos, p. 44 f.), and Koldewey (p. 27 f.). Pyrrha was on the side of the Mytileneans at the time of their revolt from Athens, a.c. 428, but in a.c. 369-68† belonged to the Attic maritime league. Its coins are bronze pieces of fourth century style, and may have been first issued about a.c. 369.‡

The female head (Pl. xliii, 5) resembles the head of Aphrodite (?) on the electrom of Mytilene (Pl. xxxiii, 5, 6, 7). The temple, of which ruins exist at Messa, and which in all probability by within the territory of Pyrrha, is supposed by Lolling —though, as he admits, on slender evidence—to have been dedicated to Aphrodite.

Pyrrha probably ceased to be of importance at least as early as the second century a.c.,** and in Strabo's time no longer existed, though the *posicretov was still inhabited.

^{*} Koldeway, Lerbos, p. 35 f.; p. 45 f., and Lulling's remarks there.

^{*} Judeich, Kleinnerat, Stud., p. 270.

[‡] Brandia, p. 453, attributes to Pyrrha a small silver coin contemporary with the bronze;—Gér. Female head. Ren. FYP He-goat, Paris Mus.

^{\$} Koldswey, Leabas, p. 59.

I In Koldswey's Lesbos, p. 59.

^{**} Course, Lashos, p. 16 note 3.

NESOS, POEDOSILENE.

Nesos was an island of the Hecatonnesi, a group lying between Lesbos and the Mysian coast. It is identical with the modern Mosycovijetov or Nyoi, the largest island of the group.* On Nesos was a town of the same name now called Mosycovijetov or Nyoi. Nesos occurs in the list of the tributaries of Athens in a.c. 425, but in the time of Strabo (xiii., p. 619) it was deserted. The coins are silver and bronze of the fourth and third centuries s.c. (Pl. xliii. 7-12); and many of them bear the head of Apollo, who had a temple in the island.

The coins were formerly assigned to Nape and to Nesiope, and the present attribution is due to Dr. Imhoof-Blamert and M. Earinos.

Pordosilene was an island—with a town of the same name—belonging to the Hecatonnesi. Several writers have identified it with Moschonnision (or Ness), but M. Earines has shown that Moschonnision is the ancient Nesos, and that Pordosilene must be looked for in the island now called Pyrges, lying to the west of Moschonnision.

The coins are autonomous silver and bronze, and Imperial bronze. Their legends confirm the statements of Strabo (xiii. p. 619) and Stephanus, that the name was changed from Pordoselene [on

1

Earinne, Μουσείου απί Βαθλιαθήκη τῆς εὐσγγελικής σχολής (Stayrna, 1876).
 1875-1876, p. 110 ff.; p. 145.

[†] Z.f. N., iii. 312 ff.

¹ Op. eit., p. 190. δ Μαιστίου και Βιβλιοθήκη της εδαγγελικής σχολής (Smyrms, 1876), 1875-1676,

p. 141 f.: cp. Imboof-Biumer, Monn. gr., p. 281.

| Steph: Byz., s.v. Πορδοσελήση: των δέ ἐκκλίνωντε τὰ δίστφημαν τοῦ ἐκόματας Ποροσελήσην ἐκάλεσαν. On the Imperial coins in the Brit. Max. the name is spelt Πωροσεληση, but the usual residing is Ποροσεληση, see Mionnet, and Waddington, Asse-mineury, p. 70.

the coins, Pordosilene] to Poroselene. Pordosilene is mentioned in the list of Athenian tributaries n.c. 425, and it is to this period that the silver coin in Pi. xlin. 13 may possibly belong, though it is perhaps safer to ascribe it on grounds of style to a date nearer n.c. 450. The head may be that of the Apollo called Exarcs, after whom (according to Strabo) the Hecatonnesi were named.

The dolphin on the bronze coins (Pl. xliii. 14) may be a symbol of Poseidon, who occurs on an Imperial coin of the place." The dolphin-type is also found at Nesos, where, however, it would rather seem-from the lyre beside it-to be connected with Apollo (Pl. xiiii. 9, 10; cp. 8, 11). Mionnet (Sup. v., p. 491, no. 1245) describes (after Sestini, Mus. Arigoni) a coin of Poroselene of Faustina II. with the type of a dolphin, in which is a hook; and Cavedoni (Spicil., p. 147), assuming (perhaps too readily) that this description is accurate, recalls the curious statement of Pausanias (iii. 25, 5) that he had actually seen at Poroselene a boy riding on a dolphin, the gratitude of which the boy had carned by healing a wound inflicted on it by some fishermen. Aelian (Hist. nat. anim., ii. 6), citing Leonides of Byzantium as an eye-witness, gives a still more elaborate account of the tame dolphin of Poroselene-o rower δελφίς ώς μέν πατρίδα έφίλει την Ποροσελήνην. Similar stories are told of a boy of Iasus, t and of a boy who used to ride a dolphin on the Lucrine Lake, and it is difficult to determine how far they rest on any basis of fact, and how far they are mere legends-like the story of Arion.

The types of the Imperial coins chiefly relate to Asklepios.

It will, I trust, be found that in the Introduction and Notes to the present volume I have given due references to all the modern

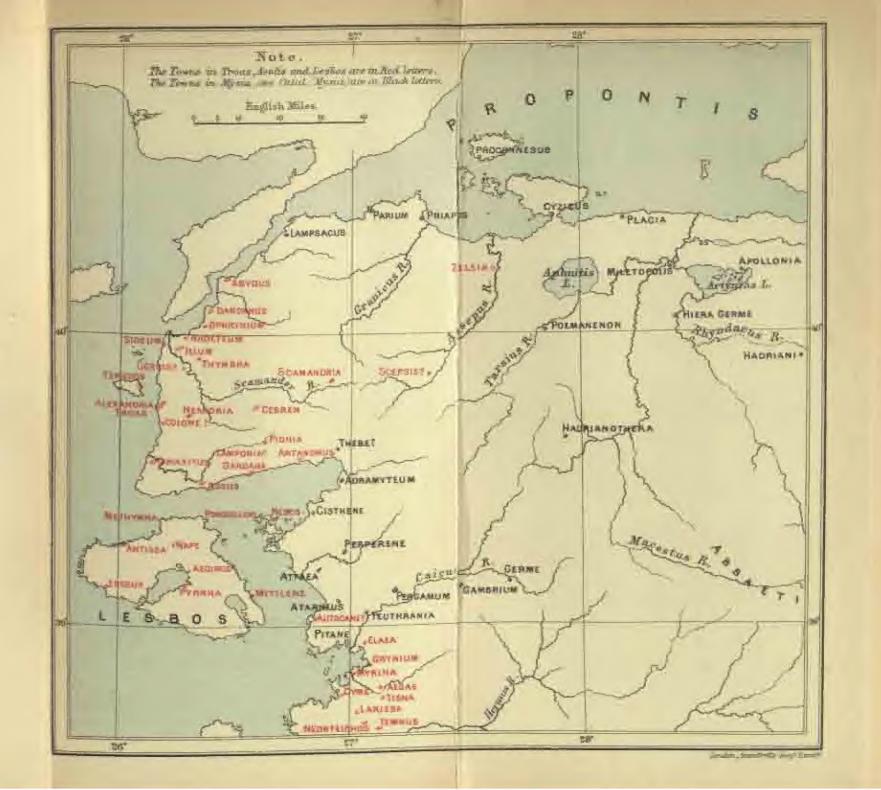
^{*} Mion., Sup. v., p. 492, no. 1247.

[†] See Hicks in Joven, Hell, Stud., viii., p. 93 f. † Plin., H. N., ix. 8.

sources of information to which I have been indebted. In reading the proof-sheets of the Introduction I have had the kind help of Mr. Grueber and Mr. G. F. Hill, and I owe to Mr. Cecil Smith several valuable suggestions on archaeological questions. To Mr. Barelay Head I am under special obligations, not merely for revising the proof-sheets in his official capacity as Keeper of Coins, but for allowing me again and again to consult him on the various points of doubt and difficulty that have arisen during the preparation of this work.

WARWICK WROTH.







TROAS.

No.	Wt.	Motal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.	
				ABYDUS,	
			Oire. n.o. 480—450.*		
			particular continuos.	WEH.	
			ABYA HUOU Engle standing L	Gorgoneion : incuso square.	
4	80;5.	A. 165	[Pl. r. 1.]		
2	81.1	AR +7	[Pl. 1, 2,]		
1	47/7	Æ 16	ABY Eagle standing L [PL 1. 3.]	Gorgonsion : incune square.†	
			ABY Eagle standing L	Gorgoneion : încuse square.	
4	12.2	Al :45	(without inser.)		
5	11.	.R · 4	(" ")		
0	10-5	AR 45	belond eagle, T.		
7	8-1	A 4	" " A'? [FL t. 5.]		
8	1-8	AB25	[Pl. 1. 6.]		
			"Abyuns," and Road, Brit.	hund to Abylus see Introduction, supre, Mus. Cat. Jonio, p. 7, no. 33; pl. 1, 23, hoof-Blumer, Monumes greegues, p. 260,	

No.	We.	Motal. Size,	Obverse.	Reverse.
				411—387.
9	159-	N *65	Nike, wearing chiton and peplos, kneeling 1, on ram which she is preparing to stab with sword held in her r. hand; her 1, hand grasps ram's mouth, [14, 1, 7,]	Eagle standing t.; în front, aplustre: whole in incuse square.
			SIL	VIDE
10	231-8	AR 19	Head of Apollo L, lanz.	ABY MHTPOΔΩPOS Eagle standing r. upon aphastre; in field r., triskelis within circle; whole in circular incuss.
				San ale
			Circ. B.c.	2010
			SILV	
11	Erri.		(Head to	33.0
1.1	164	AC 19	field of Apollo r., laur. [Fi. 1. 9.]	ABY [Υ]ΛΛΙΓΓΟΣ* Eagle standing I.; in front, bea.
			Head of Apollo r., laur.	ABY Eagle standing L
12	40-1	-R 0		ANAEIKAHS in front, kantha-
13	39-7	AL -55	[PL t 10.]	ANAΞΙΛΕΩ≷ "grapes.
14	39-3	JR -6		APXESTPA grain in olive-wreath.+
15	33 6	A &	[PL v. 11.]	FOPFIA€ , dolphin.
			* Gp. nov. 22, 23, † Gp. the (yre of	sufer, stine of Elacu, infra.

No	WE	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.	
16	39.5	A 55		HΦΑΙ<ΤΟΛΕΩ	
17	39.9	AF 155		,, no symbol bahind.	
18	40-2	AR :55		[K]EΦAΛΟΥ in front, club within wreath,"	
19	37-4	AR -6		ΛΑΜΓΙΝΗ≷ (eagle r.) in front, stem of ship.+	
20	40-3	A 5	[PL t. 12.]	AY≷A≷ in front, tripod.	
21	40.2	/R ·5		MENE≷IPPO u griffin's bead i	
23	40-	AR *55		[Y]AAIPPOS (eagle r.) in front,	
23	43-7	A 5	[PL t. 13.]	YAAIPPO " " "	
24	40-3	AR -55		XAPHX in front, laurel-branch with fillet.	
			(Head to left.)		
			Head of Apollo L, laur.	ABY Eagle standing L	
25	10/2	A :55	[Pl. r. 14.]	[A]PISTOKAH (engle r.) in front, crescent.	
26	36-9	Al vi		API≅TOKA in front, proceent.	
27	39-2	AR :55		APΩΓO , enrofcorn.	
W				acceptant and a second	
28	37:7	Æ 5		E∳APMO≅ in front, ram's hand; behind, poppy-hand f	
1			* Cp. Mion., 11. p.		
1			† Op. Dumersan,	Rautersche Ceff., p. 77; pl. ziii. 2,	

No.	Wt.	Metal. Sue,	Obverse,	Reverse.
29	39-9	Æ '55		[Ε]ΦΑΡΜΟ ΣΤΟ in front, ram's head; behind, poppy-head?
30	41:2	AR - 6		NOYMHNIO in front, cadu- ceus; behind, rose * *
31	37-5	Æ 5	[Pl. 1, 15.]	ΓΡΩΤΑΓΟΡΑξ in front, tri- dont; bohind, appustre t
32	34-8	Æ -55		86 28 CB CB
			Circ. B.C.	320—200.
			BIG	ONZE,
33		Æ ·8	Head of Apollo r., laur.	ABY Eagle standing 1.
54		Æ: 65	Head of Apollo I., laur.	ABY Eagle standing L
35		Æ: 65	[PL n, 1.]	(eagle standing r.) in front, croscent.
36		Æ-85	Head of Artemis, three- quarter face towards r.; wears ornamented stephanes, laurel- wreath, carrings (and nucklace). [Pl. n. 2.]	ABY Eagle r., with wings open; in front, aphastre. +
			Head of Artemis r., wear- ing turnted head-dress and earning.	ABY Eagle r., looking back.
37		Æ -85		in front, mm's hoad,
38		Æ ·8	(restruck : on obv. traces of young head z.);	" ear of corn. [Pl. 11. 3.]
39		Æ-9	(head smaller.)	(restruck on coin similar to no. 36.)
			* Cp. Miss., Sup. v., p. † Cp. Imboof, Gricch. M ‡ Probably restruck on	199, no. 20,

No.	Wi.	Metal. Sies.	Obverse.	Reverse.
			Turreted female head facing (Artemis).	ABY Engle r., looking back.
40		Æ '5	[Pl. u. 4.]	
41		Al 45		in front, trident?
			Head of Artemia, turreted, three-quarter face to- wards r.	ABY Stag r.; whole in wreath of linnel.*
42		Æ ·9	[Pl, n. 5.]	
43		Æ 85		(wreath of ivy.)
44		Æ 5	Head of Artemis r.; at shoulder, bow (and quiver?); bonter of dots. [Pl. m. 6.]	A BY Two torches crossed; above, star; beneath, bunch of grapes;
45		Æ ·5	Head of Artemia r.: ber- der of data. [Pl. 11. 7.]	A B Torch and quiver crossed. Υ Δ Η
46		Æ -60	Head of Artemia r.	VBA Engle standing r.; in front, piles of Dieskuri.
47		Æ:-55	Head of Artemia r., laur.: bonder of dets.	ABY Eagle standing r.; in front, star, [Pl. 11, 8.]
48		Æ -7	Bust of Artemis, laur. : three-quarter face to- ward 1.: border of dots.	Α B Υ Lyns. [Pi. n. 9.]
			* Cp. Imhoof, Greech, M.	Witten, p. 621, no. 194 f.

No	Wt.	Metal. Siza.	Obverse.	Ravuras.
			40-2	uries B.C. (After u.c. 196.)
			Bust of Artemis r., draped, wearing stephane, and necklace; hair tied in bunch behind; bow and quiver at shoulder; border of dota.	a man a series denoted with the
(9	247:9	R13	(spread fabric.)	in ex., AOHNAIOY to z., pilei o Diuskur
50	254-8	A 1 05		" ANAEAFOPOY to z.
51	251-8	Æ 1-1	[Pl. n. 10.]	ANTIFONOY to r., bul
02	256-1	Æ 1:25	(spread fabric.) [PL m. 11.]	" ΑΠΟΛΛΟΦΑ ΝΟΥ to r., palm-hearels (inser. ΑΒνΔΗΝΩΝ).
53	256-2	.R 1-2		·· AITOAAOΦA NOV
54	251-5	A12	(wears earring.)	" ΛΕΩΝΙΠ ΠΟΥ
55	247-2	AL1-15		" MENOITIOY to r., Mar (inser, ABYΔHNΩN)
6.	249	R19	[Pl. n. 12]	" ΞΑΝΘΙΠΠΟΥ to r, dol. phin on trident (inser. ΑΒΥΔΗΝΩΝ)
17	258-5	/R 1-2	(wears carring.) [Pl. 11, 13.]	" PEPENI KOY to t., bee.

No.	Metal. Size,	Obvers.	Reverse.		
58	A 55	ER	l Coinage. ONZE. ero. A Y Lyre. B		
59	Æ-6	AAPIAN KAICAP	irian. B A Statue resembling Ephesian		
Y		Head of Hadrian r.	Y Δ Artemis, s Severus.		
60	A115	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	ETIAPXOABATIP OKAOV ABVAH Leander smid waves swimming r., towards tower (the lighthouse of Sestus), in which stands Hero I., holding out lighted lamp." [Pl rm 2.]		
61	Æ 1·35	AVKAIACENTIMIOC CEOVHPOC TIEPT IN Bust of Sept. Severus r., laur., wearing puluda- mentum and entrass.	APXOATTP OKA OV Young ABVAHN Dionyson, helding thyros in r., riding r. on lion. [Pl m 3.]		
20	93.0				
62	A2-9	AVKMAVCA ΛΕΙΑΝ ABVΔΗ ΝΩΝ Poseidon, wear- APOC Bust of Severus Alexander r., laur., wear- ing paludamentum and cutrass. * This subject is also represented on the coins of Seatns (Brit. Mus. Cat., Tourio Chers., &c., p. 200, no. 18; Von Sallet, Beschreibung, 1, p. 274, no. 46). On some specimens, Erox is seen flying, hulding a turch (Das- königt. Münkabiset, no. 884, Abydus; Von Sallet, Beschreibung, 1, p. 274.			

No.	Motal, Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
63	Æ -85	AVKMAV AACEANA PO Bust of Saverus Alexander r., laur., wear- ing paludamentum and culmss.	AB VΔH NΩN Templemen from front and side: in doorway, status [Pl. nr. 4.]
64	Æ:75	blundered and partly obscure). Bust of Severus Alexander r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cuirass.	ABV ΔHNΩ N Two stags hands placed back to back.* [Pl. m. 5.]
		hulle' heads" (Millingon, Ascr p. 504, no. 51). The heads on	ins of Abydos has been described as "two ent Come, p. 68, pl. v., 6; Mion., Spp. v., the present cols seem to be these of stage, its, the goddess worshipped at Abydus.
			1,5 4,5

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse,	Royerse.			
		ALEXANDRIA TROAS,				
		Circ. 1	a.c. 300,			
		Bib	ONZE.			
		Head of Apollo r., laur.	AAEE Apollo Smintheus, in himation, with quiver at shoulder, standing r.; in outstretched r., patera; in l., bow; in front, at his feet, mouse.			
1	Æ 55	[Pl. m. 6.]				
20	Æ :5					
3	Æ -6					
		Head of Apollo r., laur.	AΛΕΞΑΝ Horse feeding t.; in front, ΔΡΕΩΝ two palm-branches.			
4	AN 8	countermark, lyre. [Pl. 111. 7:]	beneath, K; in ex., ear of corn (f).			
5	A. 7	" [Pl. III. 8.]	(AAEEAN) beneath, ⋈; in ex., ear (or grain) of corn.			
6	Æ 6	[Harwood, Pop. et urb., Pl 1. 13.]	(AAEEAN) beneath, K; in ex., enr (or grain) of corn.			
		Third and Second	nd Centuries B.C.			
		[For Selected silver coins attributed to the mint of Alexandria Troat, a.c. 261-246, see "Introduction," supra.]				
			NEE.			
		Head of Apollo I., laur,	[A]AEEAN Horse L. feeding; in ex., thunderboll.			
7	本70	[Pl. iii. 9.]	beneath horse, gmin of com !			

No.	Metal. Sim.	Obverse.	Reverse.
s	Æ 45	[Pl. m. 10.]	(AAE) beneath horse, monogram.
9	Æ-4		(,,) ,, ,, wreath.
		Head of Apollo r., laur.	AAE Horse r., feeding; in ex.,
10	Æ: 45	[Pl. m. 11.]	beneath horse, monogram !
11	Æ ·45		wresth,
12	Æ-45		m m grain of corn ?
13	Æ -25	[Pl. 111, 12.]	(no thunderholt) benesth horse, star.
1.4	Æ ·45		(n n) n serpents
		Head of Apollo r., laur.	AAEEAN Horse L, feeding; in ex.,
15.	Æ 165		beneath, sword in sheath (1).
16	Æ ·65	[Pl. m. 13.]	» *
17	Æ ·7		w 3. and star.
18	Æ 65	(border of dots.) [Pl. m. 14.]	monogram (burder of dote).
19	Æ -7	()	» " (" ")
90	Æ :65	(" ")	n n (n is).
21	Æ 65	(, ,)	X

No	Maial. Sino.	Obverse.	Reverse,
			fer p.c. 189.
		Second and	First Centuries n.c.
		(For Alexandeira coins of t	MILVER,
		Müller, Nu	he Zad cent. s.c., see "Introduction," and m. d'Alex., nos. 923.924.]
		Head of Apollo L, laur,	In ex., ΑΛΕΞΑΝΔΡΕΩΝ and magistrate's name; at sides, ΑΠΟ ΛΛΩΝΟΣ ΙΜΙΘΕΩΣ; is field L. PC. Apollo Smintheus, in bimation, with quiver at shoulder, standing r.; in outstretched r. patera; in L. bow and arrow.
99	At 1-3	(wt. 250 grains.) [Pl. 1v. 1.]	in ex., [A]YXAFOPOY; to r., PMF (= your 183*).
23	At 1:2	(,, 257.6 ,,) [Pl. rv. 2.]	in ex., [Σ]KAMANΔPOY; to τ., ΣΛΕ (= year 235).
24	Æ 1·1	(sr 256·1 sr)	in ex., ΕΡΜΟΚΡΕΟΝΤΟΣ; in ex., ΣΛΕ (= year 236).
			DEGNZE.
		Lyre: border of dots,	A A Tripod: barder of dots.
25	Æ ·35		E =
26	Æ 35		
27	Æ 35		
		those of years '137' and '141' Leake, Nuv. Hell., "As. Gr.," and instead of the magistrate in monogram. K has been a name (AAE), though it is curl- also be written at full laugth (A	and of nos. 23 and 24, see "Introduction" a the cardiest tetradrachms of this class, (Res. Nam., n.s. iv., 1869, p. 115, pl. iii. 33 p. 6), the monogram A does not appear, 's name written in full, are two names aplained as an abbreviation of the town-out that on the same coin the name should AEZANAPEAN), With the linear, appare the same form in a with the linear, appare the same form in a said

No	Metal, Size.	Obversa.	Reverse.
28	Æ-7	Head of Apollo I., laur., within laurel-wreath.	AAEE Tripod.
		Bust of Apollo, facing, laur,	A AE EA N Lyre: whole in laurel- wreath.
29	Æ 7	[Pi, 1v, 3.]	beneath lyre, PT
30	Æ -75	[Harwood, Pop. et Urb., Pl. 1, 12.]	n 0
31	A 75		" N; to r., star.
32	Æ-8	countermark, head of Apollo (or Artemis) r.	horse's head z. (7), countermark,
33	Æ ·7	countermark, star.	
34	Æ: -9	three countermarks, head of Apollo (or Artemis) z.; mouse r. ; lyro.	(AAE EAN)
35	Æ ·85		(") beneath lyre, caduceus.
36	Æ ·85	[PL sv. 4.]	(n) 11 21 21
		(a. Without na	Coinage, mes of Emperors.)
		Time of	Caracalla.
37	N *4	(Weight, 23.2 grains.) * This specimen is much wo the head of Heroules and the compared with a gold piece in [IL, p. 639, no. 64; Lengman Brandis, p. 609), and re-descrine 36; as follows:—" El. 10=	[AΛΕΞΑΝΔΡΟVI] Horse r., feeding.* rp, and the inscription is illegible, though horse are sufficiently clear. It should be the French collection published by Minematt in Res. New., 1856, p. 41, ph. 1. 10, bed by Imhoof-Blamer (Morr., στ., p. 465, Gr. 2. 32. This diadômics d'Alexandra & ΔΡΟΟ au deasur d'un oberal, à g. heor.

No.	Meial. Size.	Obverse	Beverse.
		ERONZE. Caracalla—Gallienus.	
		CO ALEXTRO Tur- reted female bust r. (Alex- andria Troas personified): behind, verillum inscribed CO AV	at shoulder, standing r., holding in r.
38	Æ 1·1	(struck on large flan.)	
39	Æ: •9	(ALEXTRO)	[Pl. tv, 5.]
40	Æ '8	CO ALEXTRO Turreted bust of Alexandria Trons r.; bahind, vexillum inscribed CO AV	COL [AVG] TRO Statue of Apollo Sminthens facing; in 1, bow; r. holds patern outstretched over a flaming tripod, beside which stands r. a bearded mala figure, wearing toga and holding in r. branch! [Pl. 17, 6.]
41	Æ ·85	CO ALEXTRO Turreted bust of Alexandria Tross r.; behind, vesillum inscribed CO AV	CO L AV TROAG Herds. man, in short chiton, chlamys and hunting boots, holding in I. pedium, standing L, with z. hand upraised before cavern surmounted by status of Apollo Smintheus holding bow and patern; within cavern, a similar statue lying flat; behind herdsman, a buil* runs r., looking back.
	Misor," and (on the analogy of other specimens) assigns it to Caracalla. (Cp. the gold coins of Macedonia, 3rd cent. s.D., Cat. Macedon, p. 21.) Our British Miscum piece would appet to the same period. The chief reason for attributing it to Trons is the presence of the feeding horse, but I may also nows purchased (from M. S. Sava in 1880) with 27 coins. mowers of the Trond. The specimen is pierced, and may have been amulet like other gold pieces of the same class (cp. Let means is dens font, t., p. 39 ff). Cp. also Babelon, Rec. Num.		of Macedonia, 3rd cens. s.p., in Brit. Mus. sh Museum piece would appear to belong a resson for attributing it to Alexandria eding horse, but I may also notice that it is in 1880) with 27 ceius, most of which a is pierced, and may have been worn as an of the sums class (cp. Lenovment, Lo Cp. also Babelon, Rev. Num., 1885, p. 28.

No.	Motal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse,
45	Æ *75	CO LTROA Turreted bust of Alexandria Troas r.; behind, vaxillum inscribed CO	COL AVTRO Male figure (the Genius of Alexandria Tross), wearing himation, standing L; in z, statue of Apollo Smintheus; in L, cornaccipiae.* [Pl. 1v. 7.]
43	Æ '9	AVG ALEXTRO Turnsted bust of Alexandris Tross r.; behind, vexil- lum inscribed AV CO [Pl. rv. 8.]	C OLAVG TROA Apollo naked, standing I., r. foot rests on pedestal; in r. hand, branch; l. hand rests on hip; buhind, tree.;
44	Æ 15	COL Branch of laurel (f), with fillet attaches, [Pi, tv. 9.]	TRO Rayen r., feeding from altar.
		(Inser.) Turreted bast of Alexandria Trons r.; be- hind, vexillum inscribed CO AV	(Inser.) Horse feeding r.
45	AS	CO ALEXTRO	COLAVG TROA
46	Æ ·9	[COL P] ALEXTRO	29
47	Æ -95	CO LTROA (struck on thick flan).§	COLAVG TRO
Compare no. 06 safes, and a colonial coin of Parlum, Brit. M. Mymo, p. 105, no. 105. † Cp. no. 121 takes. † Cp. no. 121 takes. † Cp. no. 121 takes. † This spectmen is of brass, and about double the thickness ordinary coins of Alexandria Treas. It has the appearance of modern unmismatics is called a pred-fert or triat-piece, and was pnaves intended for circulation. Compare also no. 38 sapra. We n instances of similar triat-pieces at Apanea in Phrygin (specimens Mus.), and at Haraeless in Bithypia (brit. Mus. Cat., Poster, &c., no. 46). Various ancient colus struck in land doubtless belong more oategory; for example, a specimen described in B. M. Cat., Poster, &c., p. 48, so. 4, with the types of the gold staters of Asander, King of Br		on, Caron. n.a. xiii., p. 123. se, and about double the thickness of the Troas. It has the appearance of what in a peed-fort or trial-piece, and was probably Compare also no. 38 sapru. We may find so at Apamea in Phrygis (specimens in Brit. hypia (brit. Mus. Cat., Poates, dw., p. 145, as struck in femi doubtless belong to the	

No.	Metal. Size.	Obvecue.	Reverse.
48	Æ ·85	CO LTROA (CO obscure). [Pl. rv. 10.]	COLAVG TRO
49	Æ ·85	AV COTRO (CO F on vexillum).	40 20
50	Æ-8	CO TROAD (AV on vexillum).	61 31
16	Æ ·8	CO LTROA (AV? on vexillam). [Pl. iv. 11.]	[COL AVG?] TROA (behind horse, tree).
52	Æ 85	CO ALEXTRO Turreted bust of Alexandria Troas r.; behind, vexilum inscribed [O [ALF] [PL 1v. 12.]	CO L[AVG?] TRO Horse feed- ing r.; behind, tree; beside horse, herdsman, in chlamys, holding in r. pedum, stands r., looking down- wards.
		(Inser.) Turreted bust of Alexandria Tross r.; be- hind, vexillum inscribed CO	(Inser.) Eagle r., holding bull's head in talons.
53	Æ:8	AL EXTRO	CO L AV TR
54	Æ·8	AV COTRO[PLv.1.]	CO L AV TRO
55	Æ:8	CO TROA	и и и
56	Æ:8	CO LTROA	CO A V TRO
57	Æ :8	CO TROAD	[COLPA]VGTROA (Eagle facing,

No.	Matal.	Obtené.	Reverse,	
		(Inser.) Turreted bust of Alexandria Troas r.; be- hind, vexillum inscribed CO AV	(Inser.) Wolf r, and Twins,	
58	Æ ·85	AL EXATRO	COLAVG TRO	
59	Æ '8	AV COTRO	n n	
60	Æ ·8	CO LTRO	.16	
61	Æ '8	COL TROAD (on vexillum, AV)	# [Pl. v. 2.]	
		(5. With names of Emperora.) Commodus.		
6.2	Æ ·9	COM MOD (rest of inser obscure). Bust of young Commodus r., wearing paludamentum and cuirass; head bars.	podestal; wears himation, with gulver	
63	Æ 1·	COMMODVS ANTO NINVSA Bust of Commodue r., laur.; wear paludamentum and cui- rass.	Apollo Smintheus r.; in front, flaming altar; near altar, tree.	
64	Æ ·9	IMPCAIMAVR COM MODAVG Bust of Commodus r., laur.; wean paludamentum and oui rass.	thens facing : r. hand bolding test	
	* This is the almost invariable representation of Apollo Sminthens on the coins of Alexandria Treas under the Empire.			

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse,	Haveter,
65	Æ:9	IMP CAIMAVCOM M Head of Commodus r., laur.	COLAV G The Sminthion" seen TROAD from side and front; on the steps in front, status of Apollo Smintheus r. and tripod. [Pl. v. 5.]
66	Æ '9	IMPCAIMAVE COM MODAVG Bush of young Commoduse, laure: wears paludamentum and outrass.	GENCO L AVGTROA Male figure (the Genius of Alexandria Tross), wearing himation, standing L.; in L, status of Apollo Sminthous; in L, cornucopine. [Pl. v. 6.]
		COMMODVS ANTO NINVSA Bast of Com- modus r., laur.; wears paludamentum and cui- rass, [PL v. 7.]	COLAVG TR OAD Horse feeding r., beneath feet, grass; behind, tree; beside horse, herdsman in chlamys, holding in r. pedum, stands r., looking downwards.
67	Æ 11	same die as no. 63.	
68	Æ :95	(IMPCAIMAVR COM MODAVG) (Commo- dus, young.)	(COL AVG TRO AD)
69	Æ-8	IMPCAIMAVR COM MODAVG Bust of young Commodus r., laur.; wears paludamentum and entrass. (Same die as no 68.)	COLAVGTROA Horae feeding r.
		MODAVG Bost of young Commodus r., laur.; wears paledamentons and cuirass.	COL AVG TRO AD Eagle r., holding bull's head in talons.
70	A 0	in Antiquities of Jeniu, part iv.,	e Sminthion are described by Mr. Pallan p. 41 ff. The temple was lonic octastyle, of the structure probably falls within the e Great."

No.	Metal. Size.	Chverse.	Reverses
71	Æ1:	(COMMODVS for CO MMOD AVG) (head; without paludamentum and cuirass.)	
7.2	Æ-9		(COL AVG TROA D)
73	Æ-9	COMMODOCAESA VG FIL GERMSAR; without laurel-wreath.)	(COLA V GT ROA) type 1.
74	Æ 195	IMPCAIMAVR CO MMOAVG Bust of young Commodus r., laur.; wears paludamentium and cuirass.	[COL] AVG Dranken Herenles TROA r., leaning II arm on shoulder of Pan, who stands I, facing him: a bearded Satyr who is behind Hercules supports him with both arms, and another Satyr on the left grasps his right hand.* [Pl. v. 8.]
		IMPCAIMAVR COM MODVS Bust of young Commodus r., laur, wears paludamentum and enizass.	TROAD
75	Æ 1°		
76	A2 '9	(IMPCAIMAVR COM MODAVG: head.)	
77	Æ 1:	(marr. obscure.)	

No	Metal. Bize.	Obverso.	Revigue,	
		IMPCAIMAVR COM MODAVG Head of Commodus r., iaur.	COLAVG TROAD Statue of Marsyas* 1. on base, naked; r. hand raised; with I. holds wine-akin, which rests on his shoulder: wears hunting-boots.	
78	Æ 1	sume die as no. 76. [14.v.9.]		
79	Æ 1·	(bust, wearing paludamen- tum and ourress.)	(samo die as no. 78.)	
-		Crisp	im.	
SO	Æ-9	CRISPINA AVGVS TA Bust of Crispina r.	(COL AVG TJROAD Herds- man in short chiton, chlamys and hunting-hoots, holding in I. pedum, standing L., with z. hand upraised before cavern surmounted by statue of Apollo Smintheus; within cavern, a similar statue lying flat; behind herdsman, a hull+ rune z., looking back.	
		Caraculia.		
		(Inser.) Bust of Camualla r., laur., wearing paluda- mentum and cuirass.	(Inser.) Emperor on horse riding L, r, hand mised towards statue of Apollo Smintheus facing him,	
81	正力	ANTONIN VSPIVS AV (young bust).	COL ALEXAN AVG	
82	Æ 95	MAVRE ANTONIN OC (me).	COL ALE X D AVG	
		* A reproduction of the matter of Marsyas in the Foram at Rame; see as to this type and the occurrence on Roman volonial coins, Jordan, Marsyas out dem Foram in Rom, Borlin, 1883. † Dr. Imboof-Blumer, in his account of similar coins (Gricch, Mansen, p. 623) describes the suimal as a burse, bridled. On this specimen, a bull appears to be represented, and on the well-preserved coin described intro. 10.01, the animal is clearly a bull.		

Se.	Metal. Size,	Obverse.	Reverse.
83	走 19	M-AV ANTONIN AV	COL ALEX A AVG
18-4	Æ :95	MAVRELA NTONIN (head). [Pl. v. 10.]	COLA LE X AN DAVG
65	Æ -95	(same die sa no. 84.)	COL ALEXAN D AVG
86	Hi 85	MAVRELANTO NI NVS . Head of Cara- calla r., laur.	COLAV TROAD Statue of Apullo Smintheus r. [Pl. v. 11.]
87	AC-55	IMPCMAV ANTON IN Bast of young Caracalla r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cui- rass.	
		(Inser.) Bust of Carscalla r., laur., wearing paludamen- tum and cuirass.	(Inser.) Status of Apollo Sminthener.; in front, fluming tripod.
23	Æ.F	ANTONINVS PIVS AVGV (young loss).	COL AVG [T]ROA [Pl. v. 12.]
89	AE 49	M-AV ANTONIN AV (same die as no. 83).	COLAL EXANAVG
90	JE 1:	MAVRE ANTONINV	COLA LEXANAVG
01	Æ 19	MAVANTONI NVS PIVSAV	COLALE XAAVG
92	Æ1.	MAVRELAN TONI NVS Bust of Camella r., laur., wearing cuirass ornamented with gor. gonelan.	COLAVGT ROA Statue of Apollo Sminthens facing; s. hand holding patern outstratched over a flaming triped, round which is coiled a serpeut. [Pl. v. 13.]

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Herere.
93	Æ-9	M.AVANTO NINVS PIVS AV Head of Caracalla r., laur.	COLAVG TROA The Emperor, in military dress, standing l., holding in L spear, and in r. paters stretched over flaming tripod (round which is coiled a serpent) placed before statue of Apollo Smintheus r.: in field, above, eagle r., holding bull's head in talons.
94	Æ-95	M.AVAN TONINVS Bust of Caracalla r., laur., wearing cuirass orna- mented with gorgoneion.	CO L AV TROAD Herdsman, in short obiton, chlamys and hunting-boots, holding in 1, pedum, standing L, with r. hand upraised before cavern surmounted by statue of Apollo Sminthous; within cavern, a similar statue lying flat; behind herdsman, a bull runs r., looking back, [Pl. v. 14.]
95	Æ ·9	MAVRELA NTONI Head of Caracalla r., laur.	COLA VGTR Horse feed- ing n; behind, tree; beside horse, herdsman in uhlamys, helding pedum, stands n, looking downwards;
96	Æ 9	ANTONINVS PIVS AVGV Bust of young Camealla r., laur., wear- ing paludamentum and enimss.	COLAVG TROA Hurse feed-
97	Æ: 9	(MAVANTONI NVS PIVSAV older bust.) Same die as no. 91.	(COLALEX AV[G?])
		(Inser.) Bust of Caracalla r., laur., wearing paludamen- tum and cuirass,	(Inser.) Engle 7., helding bull's head in talons.
98	AC -9	MANTONI NVSPI	COLALEXAND AVG

No.	Metal.	Diverse.	Reverse,
99	Æ ·95	MAVRE ANTONIN?	COLAL EXAND AVG
100	£6 •95	MAVRANTONI NV SPIVS[AV ?] (head).	[COL]AL EXAND AV[G] (Sams die as no. 99.)
101	Æ •9	MAVRELAN TONIN (head).	COL AVGTR OA
		MAVANTO NINV Bust of Caracalla r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cuirass.	COLA V GTROA Drunkes Hercules r., Isaning I. arm on shoulder of Pan, who stands I. facing him; a bearded Satyr, who is behind Hercules, supports him with both arms, and another Satyr on the left grasps his right hand.
102	A: 95	1	
103	Æ:9	(MAVR ANTON)	(AVG &c., inser obscure.)
104	AE +0	MAVRELAN TONI NVS Bust of Carmalla r., laur., wearing cuirass cuiamented with gor- gunion. (Same die as no. 92.)	raises from the ground.
100	Æ1	MAVRAN TONINVS Bust of Camealla r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cuirasa.	
		MAVRE LANTO Bust of Camealla r., laur., wearing poludamentum and cuimes.	COL AVG Wolf r. and Twins.
106	Æ 1-65	(without paludamentum.)	

	Metal.	T T	
No.	Size.	Obversa.	Reverse.
107	Æ '95	(Inser, obscure.)	(COL ALEXA AVG type L)
108	Æ -9	(ANTONIN VSPIVS AV Young bust.) Same dia as no. 81.	(COLALEX AVG)
109	Æ •95	MAVANTONINV SP IVSAV Head of Cars- calla r., laur.	COLAVG TROAD Statue of Marsyss r. on hase, naked; r. hand raised; with 1. hobbs wine-skin, which rests on his shoulder; wears hunting-boots.
		Ge	ta.
110	Æ-9	IMPCAIPO SEGET AS Bust of young Geta r., laur., wearing paluda- mentum and cuirass.	CO LAV G TROAD Apollo naked, standing L; r, foot rests on pedestal; in r, hand, branch; L hand rests on hip. [Pl. v. 15.]
111	Æ '6	IMPCPO SEGETAS Rust of young Gets r., laur., wearing paludamen- tum and cuirass.	COL AVG TRO Tripod.
		Julia	Paula.
112	Æ ·85	AVLA Bust of Julia	COLAL EXAVG Statue of Apello Smintheus r.; in front, flaming triped.
		Severus I	Mexander.
113	Æ 3	IMPCMSEVALEXAN DE Bust of Sev. Alex- ander r., laur.	COLAL TROA Statue of Apullo Smintheus r. [Pl. v. 16.]
		(Tuser.) Bust of Sev. Alex- under r., laur.; wears po- ludamentum and cuirass.	(Inser.) Statue of Apollo Smintheus r.; in front, flaming triped,
The	Æ :95	IMMSEALEX ANDE	COLAL A VGTROA

No.	Motal. Size.	Obverse,	Roverse,
115	Æ 1°	IMPMAVSAL EXAN	COLAL AVGTRO A
110	Æ .95	IM-SE-ALE XANDE	COL-AL-A VG-TRO- [PL v. 17.]
117	Æ ·85	IMP, SEVER ALEXAN D AVG (head).	COLALA VGTRO (type L)
		MAVSEAL EXANDRY Bust of Sev. Alexander r., laur., wearing paladamen- tum and cuimas.	
118	Æ '9		[PI. v. 18.]
119	Æ 19	(- AVSAL EXAND	(COL A L AV TRO)
120	Æ -95	(IMSALE XANDER	(COL ALE AV TRO) [Pl. vr. 1.]
121	Æ 1·	IMMAVZEA EXAND ER (sic) Bust of Sey, Alexander r., laur, wear- ing paludamentum and cuiruss.	TRO ACAV(G f) A Apollo naked, standing L; r. foot rests on pedestal; in r. hand, branch; L hand rests on hip; before him, raven looking back.* [Pl. vi. 2.]
122	Æ +5	IMZEVANE XANDRO Bust of Sav. Alexander r., Isur., wearing paludamen- tum and cuirass.	COL AVG TRO Tripod.
123	Æ '6	(ALE XANDR)	COLA V G[TR]O [Pl. vi. 3.]
194	Æ :6	()	(COLA V GTRO)
		* The same fyre nacura at 1	pallonis ad Rhyndanum: see Wroth R M

No	Metal. Sise.	Obveres.	Raverse.
		(Inser.) Bust of Sev. Alex- ander r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cur- rass.	The second secon
125	Æ-9	IMSEALEX ANDRY	COLALE TROA
126	Æ 95	ALEX ANDRVS	C TROA
127	Æ:9	MAVSEAL EXAND RV (same die as no. 118).	COLALEX AN TROAD
128	Æ :95	IMSALE XANDER AV (bust undraped).	COLALAVG TRO
129	Æ 8	MAVRSEVERALEXA NDRVS AVG (bust undraped),	COLAL TROA
130	Æ1.	RAVG Bust of Sav.	COLAV GTROA Drunken Hercules r., leaning l. arm on shoulder of Pan, who stands l. facing him: a bearded Satyr who is behind Hercules supports him with both arms, and another Satyr on the left grasps his right hand. [Pl. vt. 4.]
		(Inser.) Bust of Sev. Alexander z., laur., wearing paludamentum and cui-	(Iuser.) Wolf r. and Twins.
131	Æ '95	(MAVS?) ALEXAN	COL ALEX TRO
139	Æ ·95	IM SEAL EXANDE RAV (bust undraped).	COLALAV TRO
133	Æ •95	IMAVSEVAL EXAN	AVAXAND TROAC (sic)

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse,	Reverse.	
		Maximinus.		
134	Æ-9	IMP. MAXI MINVS Bust of Maximinus r., laur., wearing paludamen- tum and cuirass.	behind, tree.	
155	Æ1:	I [M]P-MAXIM IN 28 Bust of Maximinus r., laur., wearing paintle- mentum and cuirass.	COL-[AVG] TROAS Eagle facing, head in talons.	
		Max	dimus.	
136	Æ:95	IVLVMAXIMVSC Bust of Maximus r., bare, beardless; wears paluda- mentum and cuiress.	COLAVG TRO Horse feed-	
137	Æ 95		a .	
138	Æ 9	(IVVL?MA XIMVSC)	([COL]AVG TROAC) behind	
139	Æ 2	IVLVMAXIMV2 C Bust of Maximus r., bars, beardless; wears paluda- mentan; and cuiress.	COLAV TR O Apollo maked, standing l.; r. foot rests on pedestal; in r. hand, branch; l. rests on hip.* [Pl. vi. 5.]	
		Gordian III.		
140	Æ 16	GORD[I] ANVS Best of Gordian III., r., laur., westing paludamentum and culmass.	COLAV GTRO Tripod.	
141	Æ 15			
		* See mote	on so, 121 supra.	

		Metal.	1	1
	No.	Size.	Obverse,	Reverse
	143	Æ '9		seated on griffin galloping r. : r. hand
	143	Æ: ·9	VG Bust of Trebenianus Galles r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cui-	car divisial silend
1	44	Æ 10	MPCVIB G Bust of Tre- bonianus Gallus r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cuirass.	COL AV GTROAD Eagle facing, head to, helding bull's hand in talons.
1	\$5	Æ-9	IMPC VIBITRIBOGA LLVSAVG Bust of Trebonianus Gallus r., laur., wearing paludamen- tum and cuirass.	AVG On a platform mised [TRO]ADA on two steps (the upper step inscribed ALEXAND, the lower inscribed?) nine men, wearing the togs, sasted in a semi-circle conversing (the local Senate (!), curia decurionum): the two outsine figures are seated on stock having the form of the selle curatis, †
			IMPCVIBITRIBOGAL LVSAVG Bust of Tre- bonianus Gallus r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cuirase.	COLAV G TROAD Figure of Marsyns L, naked: r, hand raised; with l, holds wine-skin, which rests on his shoulder; wears hunting- hoots.
4	6 -2	1	Cyricus, pp. 58, 57 (on no. 20). I. Witte, Elifa des mon, céremi, Tom, dance to mir type, Apollo holds Miller, Dankmäler, vol. II., pl. xii thedon).	n the Griffin" on coins, see Greenwell, on the vase figured in Lenurmant and Du it, pl. v., which bears a general resemptor to r. hand a branch. Cp. also Wieselez-it 141, and Mion., ii., p. 427, no. 78 (Cai-n) Mion., sup. v., p. 542, no. 307.

No.	Motal, Size.	Obverse.	Revorse.
147	Æ ·9	(IMPVIBITRIBGALL VSAV)	(COLAVG TROAD type.E)
		Volne	ian.
148	Æ *8	IMPCVIBIAFINIOLV SSIANV Bust of Volu- sian r., laur., wearing palu- damentum and cuirass.	COL (AVD?) TROAD Hexa- style temple (the Sminthion), within which, statue of Apollo Sminthees facing; r. hand holding patera out- stretched over a flaming tripod. [Pl. vi. 9.]
149	Æ ·85	IMPCVIBIAFINIOLV SSIANV Bust of Vo- Insian r., laur, wearing paludamentum shd cui rass. [PL vs. 10.]	in military dress, standing L, bold- ing in L spear, and in r. patern
150	Æ-85	IMPCVIBIAFINIOLV SSIANV Bust of Volu- sian r., laur., wearing palu- dumentum and cuiruss. (Same die us no. 149.)	
15	I Æ 65	IMPVIBIAFIVOLVSS IAN Bust of Volusias r., laur., wearing paluda- mentum and suirass.	feeding r.; beside horse, berdeman.
15	2 Æ 85	IMPVIBIAFIVOLVSS IAN Bust of Volusiar v., laux, wearing painds mentum and cuiross (Same die as no. 151.)	naked, standing r., resting on alub-
15	3 Æ 9	IMPVIBIAFIVOLVSS IAN Bust of Volusiar r., laur., wearing painds mentum and cuirass.	Twins,
1.5	4 JE -85	LVSS Bust of Vo	COLAVG TROAD Statue of

No.	Metal. Size.	Chverse.	Reverse.	
		Valerian I.		
155	Æ -85	IMPLICIN VALER IA Bust of Valerian I. r., laur., wearing paluda- mentum and cuirass.		
156	Æ-9	IM[PLICIVALERIAN VSAVG East of Valerian I. r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cuirass.	peror on horse riding 1., r. hand raised towards statue of Apollo	
		(Inser.) Bust of Valerian I. r., laur., wearing paluda- mentum and cuirass.	(Inser.) Horse feeding r.	
157	Æ 19	IMPLICVALERIANV SA	COLAVGO TRO	
158	Æ ·85	IMPLICINVALERIAN	COLAVG TRO	
159	Æ 75	IMPLICIN[I]VALERI	COLAVG TRO	
160	Æ '8	IMPLIC VALERIANV	COLAVG TRO	
161	Æ 3	IMPLICINI VALERIA NV (same die us no. 159).	COLAV TRO (behind bores, tree).	
162	Æ:8	IMPLICI VALERIAN Bust of Valerian L r., innr., wearing paludamen- tum and cuirass.		
163	Æ:8	IMPLICVALERIAMV SA Bust of Valerian r., iaur., wearing paludamen- tum and cuirass. (Same die an no. 157.)	head l, holding bull's head in talons	

No.	Metal. Size.	Ghverse.	Haverso.
164	Æ-7	IMPLICIVALER Head of Valerian r., laur.	AVG TRO Eagle r., holding bull's heads in talons.
		IMPLICVALERIAMV SAVGVS Bust of Valeriam L. r., laur., wear- ing pulndamentum and cuirass,	COLA V G TROA Drunken Hercules, Pan, and two Satyus (as on no. 130).
165	Æ 10		[Pl. vi. 13,]
166	Æ -95	(A for AVGVS)	
		IMPLIC VALERIA Bust of Valerian I. r., laur., wearing paintamentum and cuirass.	COLAVG TRO Wolf r, and
167	Æ 75		
168	Æ ·8	(IMPLIC VALERIAN VSAV)	(COLAV TRO)
		- Galli	chus.
159	Æ :85	IMPPLICIN GALLIE NV Bint of Galbienus r., laur., wearing paludamen- tam and cuirses.	COLAVG TROA Statue of Apollo Sminthens r.; in front, flaming tripod.
		(Inser.) Bust of Gallienus r., laur., wearing painda- mentum and cuirans.	(Inser.) Horse feeding r.
170	Æ 8	IMPLICINGALLIEN	COLAVGO TRO [Pl. vt 14.]
171	Æ 8	IMPPLICINGALLIE	COLAVGO TROA

No.	Metal. Size.	Ohverse.	Reverse,
172	Æ.s	IMPLIC IEN	COLAVG TRO
173	Æ ·85	IMPLICINGALLIENV	COLAVG TRO
174	Æ:8	IMPLICINGALLIENV Hust of Gallienus r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cuirass.	COLA TRO Horse feed- ing r.; behind, tree. [Pl. vz. 15.]
175	Æ 175	IMPLICINGALLIENV Bast of Gallienus r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cutress.	C OL AV TRO Horse feeding r.; beside horse, herdaman, in ohlamys, holding in r. pedum, standing r.
176	Æ 75		
177	Æ-s	IMPLICINGALLIENV Bust of Gallienus r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cuirses.	CO AVG TRO Eagle r., hold-lug bull's head in talons.
178	Æ'S		(COL for CO)
179	Æ:85	(IMPGALLIENVSA without paindamentum and cuirass.)	
180	Æ 75		(COLA VGTROA Engle facing, head 1.) [Pl vi. 16.]
181	Æ/8		(COLA VGTROA Eagle facing,
182	Æ ·85	IMPLICINGALLIEN Bust of Gallienus r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cutress.	COLAVGO TROAD Figure of

20.	Metal. Size.	Gbverse.	Royerse.
183	Æ-85	IMPCLICINGALLIEN Bust of Gallienus r., lanr., wearing paladamentum and cuirass.	COL TRO Hercules standing r.; holds in L lion's skin and club.
154	Æ -8	IMPLICINGALLIEN Rost of Gallienus r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cutress.	COLAVG TRO Wolf r. and
		IMPGALLIENV Bust of Gallienus r., laur., wearing paludamentum and coirass.	TROA Turreted female bust (Alexandria Tross personified) r.; behind, vexillum inscribed AV
185	Æ 1		
186	Æ-95	(Inser. blundered?)	[Pl. vi. 17.]
187	Æ '95	(" ")	
		Sal	onim.
188	Æ 19	AVRCORN SALON NA Bust of Salonina r	COLAVG TRO Wolf r. and Twins. [Pi. vi. 18,]
189	Æ 19	AVRCORN SALON NA Bust of Salenims to	COLAVG TROA Horse feed- ing r. [Pl. vt. 19.]
		-	
1			

No.	Motal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse,
		ANTAN	
		Circ. B.O.	
		SILV	
1	AR 155	Female head r. (Artemis Astyrene?); hair rolled and bound with crossed cord; wears earring and necklace. [Pl. vii. 1.]	A standing before lit-tree: N whole in incuse square. (Wt. 40.3 grains.)
		Oleg, p.o	. 400-28‡.
			VER.
93	At 15	Female head r. (Artemis Astyrene?); hair rolled and bound with crossed cord; wears earring and necklace. [Pl. vil. 2.]	[A]NTA[N] Goal r.; above, bunch of grapes: traces of incuse square. (Wt. 18-3 grains.)*
		BRO	N2K.
		Head of Apollo z, laur.	ANTAN Lion's head r.
3	Æ 75	[Pl. vir. 3.]	hencath, bunch of grapes.
4	Æ T		g n -n
ō	Æ .75	[Harwood, Pop. et Urb., pl. vii. 3.]	н н п
6	₽E -55	[Pl. vii. 4.]	, lvy-leaf.
		* Circ. n.c. 400:	litale later in style than no. 1.

86.	Metal. Siza.	Obverss.	Reverse.
7	Æ ·6		beneath, ivy-leaf.
8	Æ :45	[Pl. vu. 5.]	in field r., bunch of grapes.
		Imperial	Coinage.
		(a. Without na	me of Emperor.)
		Time of Se	pt. Severus ?
9	Æ -55	Youthful bust r., draped (Artemis?). [Pl. vii. 6.]	ANTAN ΔΡΙΩΝ Goat L
		(b. With head	of Emperora)
		Antonio	na Pina.
10	Æ:7	AVKA * Head of Antoninus Pius r., hare.	ANTAN APEAN Asklapios standing, looking L; in r., snake-enviroled staff.
		M. Au	relius.
11	Æ 7	AV POCKAI CAP Head of young Aurelius r., bare. [PL vii. 7.]	ANTAN APEAN Apollo stand- ing facing, holding in r. plectrum, in I lyre; wears chlamys.
		Faustina	Junior.
12	Æ-75	ΦΑΥCTEI NACEBA Bust of Faustina jun. r.	ANTAN [APEO]N Hepitaiston standing L, wearing exomis; in L, hammer; r. hand extended. [PL vir. 8.]
		* Inser. partly obscure. A s	imilar spenimen published in Num. Caron. reading AY-K-A-ANTΩNEINOC

	and a district Entry				
No.	Motal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.		
13	Æ-7	Commodus r., laur., wearing puludamentum and cuirass.	standing facing, looking 1.; in r. snake-encircled stair.		
14	Æ 75		Severus.		
	414 10	OCH Head of Sept. Severus r., lsur.	ANTAN ΔΡΙΩΝ Asklepios standing facing, looking L; in r., anake-encircled staff.		
1					
			-		
1					

No.	Wt.	Metal. Sian.	Obverse,	Beverae.	
			ASSUS.		
	Circ. B.C. 479—circ. B.C. 450,				
				VER.	
1	55:3	.R 55	Griffin recumbent L; r. forepaw raised; linear border.	Lian's head r.: incuse square.* [Pl vil 9.]	
			Griffin recumbent r.; 1. forepaw raised: border of dots.	Lion's head r.: incuse square.*	
2	23:9	At 4			
3	12:7	AR:4			
			Circ. B.O.	450—400.	
			To the latter part of this period belong the following coins: a. obs. Head of Athana I., wearing balant creamented with griffin. rev. A≲≲IO Archaic simulacrum of standing divinity (Athena 7) r.; arms extended; fillet (?) hanging from arm. Sim 9. Wt. about 252 grains. Electrotype in Brit. Mus. taken from the original, which was formerly in the Whittall Collection. (See Head, Hist. num., p. 445; Imboof, Griech, Minaca, p. 611.)		
			8. abr. Head of Athena I., helmeted. rev. A≲≲ O ON (aic) Lion's head I.: incuse square. At Size 5. Wt. 47.5 grains. Weber Coll. (Num. Chron. 1892, p. 203; pl. ref. 18).]		
		1	Circ, B.C. 400-	-circ. B.C. 241,	
			811,7	VEB.	
			Head of Athena L, wearing created helmel wreathed with olive.	A ≤ I ON Bull's bead facing.	
4	35-5	R .6	[Pl. vn. 10.]	on 1., car of corn.	
			Part II., pl. it., no. 20, interin	regraniage of uncilited or rare Greek Coins, ed A. No. I was purchased at the Thumas were acquired from a resident at Smyrok.	

No.	Wt	Metal. Sign,	Obverse.	Eoverso.
5	44:4	A 6		on 1., bunch of grapes.
6.	40+6	AR .55	(type.r.)	
7	23-8	AR *5	Head of Athena I., wearing crested helmet wreathed with olive. [Pl. vn. 11.]	A Bull's head facing; on r., sar of corn.
			mix	NZE
			Head of Athena r., wear- ing crested believet.	A ≤ I Bull's head facing.
8		Æ 4		above, APTA
9		Æ-4	[Pl. vu. 12.]	above, lion's head r.
			Head of Athena r., wearing created helmet wreathed with olive.	AΣΣΙ Griffin recumbent l.
10		Æ ·85	[Pl. vn. 13.]	bensath, bee.
11	-	Æ 85		n tripod.
12		Æ: ·8		,, bird (awas 1) 7.
13		ÆI 45	[Pl. vn. 14.]	
14		A; -15		
15		走 6		
16		Æ65		beneath, bird (swan?) flying L

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
17	Æ 6		beneath, bunch of grapes.
18	Æ :55	[Pl. vn. 15.]	23 ear of corn.
19	Æ:6		37 39
20	Æ .55		n n
21	Æ ·45		, bunch of grapes.
22	Æ 4		,, ear of corn.
950	Æ-75	quarter face towards r.; wearing crested helmet, wreathed with olive, countermark, owl.	AΣΣ1 Griffin standing I.; I. fore- leg raised. in front, star; beneath, helmeted head of Athena I, I
		After B.	c. 133,
		[Alexandrine silver outs	a? see Miller, nos. 928-931.]
		-	
		Imperial	Coinage,
		Aug	rustus.
34	Æ :75	ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ Head of Augustus r.	AΣΣ! Head of Athens r., helmeted.

Na.	Metal. Sixe.	Obverse.	Ecreres.			
		Commodus.				
25	Æ*9	AVKAAI KOMOAOC Bust of Commodus r., laur., wearing paluda- mentum and cuirass.	KPINAK ΙΔΗΣ ΑΕΣΙΩ Altar, on which coiled serpent. [Pl. vn. 17.]			
		* Op. Mion., ii.,	p. 524, no. 63.			

No.	Metal. Sim,	Obtates.	Reverse.			
		BIR	YTIS.			
		Fourth C	entury B.C.			
		BRO	NZE.*			
		Beardless male head I. (one of the Kabiri or of the Dioskuri?), wearing pi- laus: on each side of head, star.	B Club: whole in laurel-wreath.†			
1	Æ 75	[Pl. vm. 1.]				
3	Æ:75	[Pl viii. 3.]				
3	Æ: 17	(stars not seen.)				
4	Æ-5	[Pl. vnr. 3.]				
5	Æ 45	(without stars.)				
		Bearded male head I. (one of the Kabiri?), wearing pileus.	B Club: whole in laurel-wreath.			
6	Æ: 45	[Pl, vin, 4.]	/			
7	Æ -45					
		Haad (Rist, sum., p. 470) attril	s Brit. Mus., p. 97), Brandis (p. 811), and oute an electrons coin to Birytis with obs.			
		Young male head in pileus between two stars, rev. Female head. Specimens of this coin are in the British Museum, and are described infra node leshoe, and Sgured in Pl. exriv. 12, 13, but I hesitate to separate them from the other electrom pieces of the large and varied "Lushian" class. † No. 1, from the collection of C. G. Huber (Sale Cat., London 1889)				
		los 541), was found in the	Troud, No. 3 is from the collection of Cot., p. 97) that he and others had acquired			

	218,3330				
No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse,	Roverse.		
		Bearded male head r. (one of the Kabiri?), wearing pileus.	B I Triskelis of three crescents PY plain border.		
8	基性	[Pl. vin. 5.]			
0.	Æ 4				
		* A coin of these types descriptionared in the Trond.	bed in Mion., Sap. v., p. 550, no. 362, wa		
1					
1					

So.	WE	Metal. Sinc.	Obverse.	Hererse.	
			CEBREN.		
			Sirth C	inhery B.C.	
				VER.*	
1	217-2	A 85	Head of run r.	Rude quadripartite incuse square.	
			Circ. 2.0, 500)—eim. н.с. 400.	
			SIL	VER.	
			Head of ram l.	Quadripartite incuse square, two divisions of which are raised.	
2	29-6	At 15	[PL vmr. 6.]		
3	18:7	Æ 4	(type r.) [Pl. viii, 7,]		
4	12-1	AR :3			
5	8-6	Æ '3	(type r.) [Pi, viii. 8.]	(incuse square of rade form.)	
6	4:4	AR -2	(,,)	(" " ")	
			coins having the types of the attribution means very sasigned in this Catalogue 8, 11, 12, 13 can be consi- other specimens (which fr being probable though com- certain silver onins having reverse the gorgoneion (N ib. 1889, p. 258, no. 29), a lion's head (N. C. 1860, p bis, 30), chiefly because the	it it is a trained and two rames electroms a ram's head and two rames heads, but doubtful. With regard to the sitver coins to Cobran, the staribution only of one 7, dered as certain, the attribution of the om their provenance are certainly Asiation jectural. I have not ventured to include 7 on the obverse a ram's head, and on the femissiantic Chronicle, 1886, p. 256, no. 8; cait's head (N. C. 1886, p. 256, no. 7), a 237, no. 29), and griffin's head (N. 21) see specimons seem to interrupt the series i Cobranian) coins which have mutaly as	

No	Wt.	Memi. Bire.	Obviesa.	Raverse,
			KEBRE Head of mm r.: on truncation, row of dots.	Quadripartite incuse square, two divisions of which are slightly ruised.
7	19-3	A 4	[Pl. viii, 9,]*	
8	17-	AR 4	[Pi. vm. 10.]	
9	16-5	A 4	(inser, not visible.)	
10	13.7	A:4	Head of ram l.: on trun- cation, row of dots. [Pl. vin. 11.]	Quadripartite incuse square, irregularly divided.
			[3?]N SA3 X Fore- part of ram r.: on truncation, row of dots.†	Quadripartite incuse square.
11	9-	At :35	[Pl. vm. 12.]	
12	8:	AR :35	(only X ? visible.)	-
				-circ n.c. 310.
13	10-5	A. 4	KEBPHAI Two rams' heads, downwards; between them, floral ornament: on truncations, rows of dots. [Pl. vnl. 13.]	Quadripartite incuse square, two di- visions of which are partly filled up.
			ot 298.	ction; Sale Catalogue, London, 1863.

No.	WŁ.	Metal, Size,	Obverse,	Reverse.
14	5.2	AR -35	Youthful male head r. (Apollo !)* [Pl. vin. 14.]	Head of rum z.
15	31	AR -25	Ram's head 1, ; on trun- cation, row of dots,	Kantharos within circular incuse.
			pno	NZK,
			Two rams' heads, down- wards; between them, floral ornament: on truncations, rows of dots.	Æ (no type.)
16		Æ 4	[Pl. viii. 15.]	
17		Æ ·35		
			Youthful male head L, wearing Persian tiara, tied under chin and bound with laurel- wreath.	Æ (no type:)
18		Æ :35	[Pl. vm, 16.]	
19		Æ -35		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
20		Æ 35		
21		走4		
33		Æ 4		
			chiefy of Western Asia Min Muszam trays to Cohren, to The attribution must, bor especially as the specimen annil silver solve that Or-	the British Museum in 1868) was pro- n 1856, together with a number of coins or and Leaboa. I find it classed in the which town the types would be sainable rever, be regarded as doubtful, mor- boars considerable resemblance to the J. P. Six assigns to Andymon, King of Vivos., 1890, p. 256; pl. avil, 10-12; ep. p. cax 1.

No.	Matal, Size.	Obverse.	Reverse,
		Head of Apello r., laur.	K Head of ram z.
23	Æ 4		
24	Æ ·4	[Pl. vm. 17.]	
25	Æ '4		
26	Æ-4		
27	E4		
28	Æ ·85		
29	Æ-35		
30	Æ '5	Hend of Apollo r., laur.; beneath, eagle r. [Pl. viir. 18.]	
		K E Head of Apollo r.,	Head of mm r.
31	Æ :8	[Pl, vm. 19.]	beneath, eagle r.
32	Æ:75		n n
33	Æ 75	1	n 0
34	Æ ·8		, race-torch.
店	Æ ·6	[Pl. vnt. 20.] (without KE)	(,, K E and eagle r.)
36	Æ: 6	(")	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

No.	Metal. Size,	Obverse.	Reverse.					
		-						
		ANTIOCHIA. [CEDREN.]						
		BRONZE.						
			stored circ. n.c. 310-250? under the ne of Antiochia.*					
		Head of Apollo r., laur.	ANTIOXEΩN Head of rame r.					
37	Æ -65	(countermark, bucranium).	benesth, eagle r. [Pl. viii, 21.]					
38	Æ ·65	[Pl. vur. 22.]	n frident r.					
39	Æ 4	[Pl. vm, 23.]	ΑΝΤΙΟ ΧΕΩΝ					
40	Æ ·35		ANTIO beneath, trident !					
		* See " Introducti	ion," espre, under " Cebren."					
			*					

No.	Metal. Size,	Obverse.	Reverse.
		COL	ONE
		Cire. n.c. 400	-circ. n.c. 310.
			ONZE.
		Head of Athena r., wearing crosted helmet.	K O Λ Ω N A Ω N Star of eight rays.*
1	Æ -8		
10	Æ: 65	[PL 1x. 1.]	
3.	Æ ·45		
4	Æ: 45		
5	Æ:4	(type L) [PL 1x. 2.]	
6	Æ:4	(,,)	
		was found in the Trend. No R. P. Pullan, together with of Lonia. No 5 was obtained fro	itish Museum in 1854 by Sir C. T. Newton, s. 4 and 6 were purchased in 1863 of Mr. har Greek coins, chirily of the Troad and m Mr. A. J. Lawson of Smyrns. The attri- to Colone in the Troad is due to Mr. p. 137 and p. 189.

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Ветагзе.			
		DARDANUS.				
		7th and	6th Centuries B.c. ?			
		(For electrom and silver of see "Introduc	noins sometimes attributed to Dardanus, ntion," supra, " Dardanus.")			
		5t)	h Century B.C.			
			SILVER.			
1	AR -75	Naked male figure, with double-plume (f) head-dress, riding on horse l.: r. hand holds rein; l, rests on horse's back: border of dots.* [Pl. 1x. 3.]				
		407	Century n.c.			
			SILVER.			
92	∠R +5	Horseman, wearing chiton, chlamys and petasos, on horse galloping r.; r. hand raised. [Pl. ix. 4.]				
			nronze.			
		Horseman, wearing chiton, chlamys and petasos, on horse galloping r.; r. hand raised.				
3	Æ ·8		above, smaller cock r.			
4	Æ -85	[Pl. ix. 5.]	in front, Athena Promaches r. with spear and shield.			
5	Æ 6	beneath, \$\int \text{I'l. ix. 6.}\]	([Δ]APΔAN) in front, Athena Promachos r. with spear and shield; above her head, star.			
1		* With the type, compare In	uhoof-Blumer, Mons. gr., p. 252, no. 170,			

No.	Metal, Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
6	Æ :65	beneath, monogram and owl.	(ΔΑΡΔ) in front, Athena Promachus r. with spear and shield; above her head, star!
7	走-7	thunderbolt: bor- der of dots. [Pl. 2x. 7.]	(ΔΑΡΔΑ) in front, Athena Pro- maches r. with spear and shield; above her head, star.
		Horseman, wearing chiton, chlumys and petasos, on horse galloping r.; r. hand mised.	ΔΑΡ Cock r.
8	Æ 5	e Y 1	- 1
9	Æ ·45		behind, star.
10	Æ 45	[Pi. tx. 8.]	behind, moetorch.
11	Æ-4		и и
13	Æ :35.		(ΔA P)
13	Æ-5		(type L)
14	Æ 45		([Δ] AP) (type L)
15	Æ-5	[PL 1x, 9.]	(cock r., looking back.)
16	Æ 5		("): border of dots.
17	Æ ·35	Cock t. [Pl. tx, 10.]	< P Δ within linear border.

No.	Metal, Size.	Obversa,	Reverae.			
		Horseman, wearing chiton, chlamys and petasos, on horse galloping 7.; r.hand raised.	ΔΑΡΔΑ Cock r. in fighting attitude; beneath, car of corn r.			
18	Æ :65		(ΔAP)			
to	Æ 6	beneath, thumderbolt.	(Harwood, Pop. et urb. sel. num., pl. u. 21.)			
20	Æ '6	. [Pl.1x,11.]				
21	Æ-7	n 9	(ΔAP) (without ear of corn.)			
22	AS -55	n P	(" ")			
		Second Cen	tury (f) B.c.			
		Beavded male head r. (Zeus?),	ΔΑΡ Horseman, wearing chiton, chlumys and petasos, on horse gul- loping r.			
23	Æ :65	[PL ix 12.]				
21	Æ: +65					
		Imperial Coinage.				
		En	ONZE.			
		Au	gratus.			
125	Æ: 05	Head of Augustus r.	ΔAP Horseman rilling r.			

Na.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Roverse.	
		Julia I	Domina.	
26	Æ -0	Bust of J. Domna r. [Pl. ix. 13.]	ΔΑΡΔΑΝΙ ΩΝ Bearded male POΔΙΟC (in ex.) figure (the River Rhedies), wearing himation over lower limbs, reclining L; in z., plant; L arm tests on arn from which water flows."	
27	Æ 75	Bust of J. Domna z.	ΔΑ ΡΔΑΝΙΩΝ Bust of Athena r., wearing belief and negls.† [Ph. IX. 14.]	
		G	etn.	
28	Æ 1·05	H CENTI FETAC KAI Bust of Geta L, wearing paludamentum and cuirasa; head bare.	ΔΑΡΔΑ ΝΙΩΝ Ganymede, wearing Phrygian cap, chlamys and hunting boots, holding in L pedium, borne away by eagle flying L; [Pl. x, L]	
		TICETITIM FETACK Al Bust of Geta r., wearing paludamentum and cuirnss; head bure.	ΔΑΡ ΔΑΝΙΩΝ Aeneas, naked, advancing towards r., looking back; with r. hand he lends Ascanius; on his l. arm he carries Anchises, who, muffled in a himation, site facing.§	
29	ÆÞ		[Pl. x. 2.]	
30	Æ 14			
		prok. Inst. in Athen, 1881, p. 21 † Purchased at the Thomas * A similar type occurs on no. 2 r pl. I. 15 (Loebbooke Col is doubtful, from our specimes, as described by Loebbooke an other uncient representations charse, dc.), see Overbook. Or † Prof. Prof. Gardner (Type p. 256; pl. xi. 6) describes th similarrows of a divinity seate sentations of the flight of Acus infra, Mannea) and other me readers it more likely that A by Frof. Gardner as the back	On the River Rhodios, see H. G. Lolling in Mittheilunger size destructions. Inst. in Athen, 1881, p. 219. Purchased at the Thomas sale (1844), lot 2128. A similar type occurs on coins of Himm (see Zeit. f. Num., xvii., p. 9, 2. pl. I. 15 (Loebbooke Coll.), and up. infor. "Himm," Pl. xii. 4). It loubtful, from our specimes, if Ganymede holds a bow in his right hand heavybed by Loebbooke and others. On the relation of this type to an amient representations of the subject (the brunes status of Lectures, de.), see Overbook, Griech Kunstmythologie, H., p. 529. Prof. Percy Gardner (Types, p. 79, pl. xv. 7, and Num. Chron., 1886, pl. xi. 6) describes the figure carried by Anneas as the archaic milacrum of a divinity seated on a throne. The analogy of other repretations of the fight of Aeneas on coins (Hum, 1974, Pl. xii. 2; Scepsison, Mannaca) and other monuments (e.g. Rascher, Leather, L., p. 183) diers it more likely that Anchises is intended. The object described Prof. Gardner as the back of the throne or seat appears to use to be by the edge of the himstion passing over the head of the figure.	

No.	Wt.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse,		
			GARGARA			
				420—400.		
				LYER,		
1	48.1	A 6	Youthful male head r., bare (Apollo?), [Pl. x. 3.]	FAPF Bull L, feeding : whole is incuse square.		
(a)	22:2	At -45	Youthful male head r., bars (Apollo F). [Pl. x. 4.]	FAP Horse galloping r.: whole in incuse square.		
			Circ. a.c.	400—284.		
			NI.	LVER,		
			Youthful male head r., Isur. (Apollo).	FAPF Bull L, feeding: traces of incuse square.		
3	46:	Ak :6	[Pl. x. 5,]			
4	41.8	AR •55		(incuse square not visible.)		
			had	ONZE.		
			Head of Apollo r., laur.	ΓΑΡ Herse galloping r.		
5		Æ:7	[PL x, 6,]	beneath, thunderholt-		
8		Æ -75		bunch of grapes.		
7		Æ •65				
8		Æ: 65	[PL x, 7.]	beneath, car of corn i		
0		Æ 16				

Nu	Metal. Size,	Obverse.	Reverse.	
10	Æ ·6		beneath, mee-torch.	
11	Æ '5		" club.	
12	Æ +35			
13	Æ-35			
14	Æ :35	[Pl. x. 8.]	beneath, bunch of grapes.	
		After cu	ге. в.с. 133.	
		EF	IONZE.	
15	Æ 165	Head of Apollo r., laur.: FAP Horse l.; r. fore-leg raised; border of dots.		

No.	Metal, Size,	Obverse,	Roveres.			
		GENTINUS.				
			entury s.c.			
			NZE,			
1	Æ:6	Female head r.; hair rolled (Artemis?), [Pi. x. 9.]	F E Bee; in field L, palm tree."			
		Head of Apollo r., laur.	N E Bee: whole in laurel-wreath.			
2	Æ '65	[PL x, 10,]	beneath bee, star.			
3	Æ 0	[Pl. x. 11.]				
		female head on another coin of Zeil, f. Nam., iii., p. 311 pl. v	I in 1849 of Baron Prokesch-Osten.—The f Gentime weers a mural crown (Imboof, rid. 18). Perhaps Artemis (cp. the reverse-entimes is the divisity represented.			

No.	Metal, Siie.	Obverse,	Reverso.	
1	.R •25	GERGIS. Circ. p.c. 400—350. SILVER. Female head (the Sibyl FEP Sphinx sested r. (Wt. Herophile), laureate, three-quarter face towards r. [PL x. 12.]		
54	Æ 35	Female head (the Sibyl Herophile), laur., three- quarter face towards r.	FEP Sphinx seated r.	
3	Æ ·35	[Pl. x. 13.]	inser. 1	
4	Æ-35	wards L)	(type 1.: inser. not visible.)	
			ONZE,	
		Female head (the Sibyl Herophile), wearing laural-wreath and necklace, three-quarter face towards		
5	Æ *65	[PL x. 14.]		
6.	正 185			
7	Æ ·65	[Pl. x. 15.]		
8	1000		to 24h and man of arms V	
9	Æ ·5		(without ear of corn.)	

No.	Metal. Birs.	Obverse. Reverse.
		HAMAXITUS.
		Circ. R.c. 400—circ. R.c. 310.
		BRONZE.
		Head of Apollo L. laur. AMA El Lyre.*
1	Æ ·65	[Pl. xt. L.]
2	Æ 7	
*	2.10	-
3	Æ-55	Head of Apollo r., laur. [Pl. xt. 2.] AMAEI Apollo Smintheus, wear himation and quiver, standing in outstretched r., paters; in bow; in field r.,
		* No. 1 was published in the Nuss. Chron., vi., p. 197, by Mr. H.
		Bowrell, who in the MS. Catalogue of his collection states that it wought to him "from a village in the neighbourhood of Mylasa in Calin 1826."
		† Purchased in 1849 of Prokesch-Osten. Mionnet, Sup. v., p. 548, 357 (tollowed by Head, Mist. Nam., p. 472), describes a similar coin in Palin collection as having a figure of Athena Ilias on the reverse; thillingen (Sylloye, p. 66, pt. ii. 40) is cortainly right in calling the figure Apollo Sminthens (up. Berrell, Num. Chron., vi., 197).

No.	Metal. Slas.	Obverse.	Ravarae.	
1	AR *55	Circ. B.C.	U M. 300-250. vgs. IAt Athena Ilias, wearing polus and long chiton, standing L; in L, distant (ήλακατη); in r., spear, filleted, supported on shoulder; in field L, A and owl.* [Wt. 32.2 grains.]	
		BRONZIE.		
		Head of Athena r., wearing crested Corinthian helmet.	IAI Athena Rias, wearing polus, veil and long chitan, standing L; in L, distaff; in r., spear, filleted, sup- ported on shoulder.	
3	Æ. 75	[Pl. xt. 4.]	in front, ow!!	
3	Æ ·5	[Pl. xt. 5,]	p owl.	
4	Æ 55		, star.	
5	E 7		,, owl?	
-6	Æ: ·85	[Pl. xt. 6.]		
		Head of Athena r., wearing crested Athenian helmet: border of dots.	IAI Athona Ilins, wearing polus, veil- and long chiton, standing I.; in I., distaff; in r., spear, filleted, sup- ported on shoulder.	
7	Æ 7	[Pl. xt. 7.]	in field l, plive-branch.	
8	Æ 75			
9	Æ '75	[Harwood, Pop. at Urb., pl. 111, 13.]		
		* Published In No	um, Chron., 3rd ser., vi. p. 257	

No.	WŁ	Metal. Sire.	Ûbverse.	Reverse.
				Centuries B.C. (after 189 B.C.).
			Head of Athena r., wear- ing Athenian halmet, crested and laureate.	AOHNAΣ Athena Ilias, wearing INIAΔΟΣ poles and chiton with diplois, standing r,; in l, distaff; in r, spear, fillsted, supported on shoulder.
10	256-	At 1:45	[Pl. xs. 8.]	(ΑΘΗΝΑΣ for ΑΘΗΝΑΣ) in field, ΚΛΕ ΩΝΟΣ; in ex., ΣΩΙΛΟΥ; to l., cadneens to r., owl: double-struck,
41	255-7	AR 1:25	[Pl. xt. 9.]	in ex., AFAOOY to r., palm-branch.†
1 2	949:7	Æ 1-15	(wears necklace,)	(A for A in inser.): in ex., MENEΦΡΟΝΟΣΤΟ[Υ] MENEΦΡΟΝΟ[Σ] to L, 🏋 : to r., Pegusos drinking. [Pl. xr. 10.]
13	250-6	Æ 1-15	(" " Pl. xi, 11.]	(A for A in inser.); in ex., MENEΦΡΟΝΟΣΤΟΥ MENEΦΡΟΝΟΣ to L, Fff; to ε, fly.;
			† This cain and and 12 are style than no. 10. 1 For a tetradrachm of symbol Athena Hiss symbol	OY Mionnet, it., p. 657, no. 185, has OY MHNOOIAOY. ad 13, are of a lumpier fabric and of ruder. Autiochus III. (s.v. 222-187) with the rosed by Prof. Percy Gardner to be the Brit. Mus. Cat. Released Kings, p. 25.

Na	Metal. Siza.	()bverse.	Reverse.
		First Century B.C. o	and time of Augustus?
			IAI Athena Illas standing r.; in l., distail; in r., spear supported on shoulder; in front, ear of corn: whole in wreath of clive.
14	Æ-7		
15	At 7	[Harwood, Pop. et Urb., pl. m. 14.]	
		Head of Athena, helmeted, three-quarter face towards 1.	IAI Athena Ilius standing r.; in l., distaff; in r., spear supported on shoulder.
16	Æ 55		in front, monogram (**\bar{\pi} ?).
17	Æ ·5	+	★·
18	Æ 55	(type towards r.) [PL xm. 1.]	и п
19	Æ 5	(,, ,,) counter-	countermark, fly (or bee f).
	7		
		Imperia	l Coinage,
	-	BRE	DXZF.
		(a. Without nat	nes of Emperors.)
		Hadriant-Commod	hus (A.B. 117—192)?
20	Æ '85		Acness, wearing cuirass, advancing to- wards r.; with r. hand he leads. Ascanius; on his l. arm he carries Anchises, who, muffled in a himation,
		* With the monogram, op. n + For coins probably of the supra, nos. 16-19.	io. 28 infra, bearing the head of Augustus. time of Augustus, but without his head, see

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse,	Reverse.
21	Æ ·65	I Al Bust of Athena r., helmeted.	E K Hector, naked, belimeted, standing r., looking back; in r., spear; in l., sword.
22	Æ ·6	(IAI)	(inser. obscure.)
23	Æ ·6	(IAI € ΩN)	(inser. obscure, €KTOP?)*
		IAI Wolf L and Twins.	EK KTΩP (sic) Hector, wearing helmes and cuirass, advancing l.; r. hand extended; in l., spear and shield.
24	Æ ·8	[Pl. xn. 3.]	
25	Æ ·85	countermark, gorgonsion.	
26	Æ ·85	[Harwood, Pop. et Urb., pl. 111. 15.]	countermark, gorgoneion.
27	Æ-6	ΘΕΑΡ Ω ΩΜΗ (είε) Female bust r., turreted (Roma). [Pl. xii. 4.]	I Al Ganymede, maked, borne away by eagle flying r.; in his r., pedum.
28	Æ:55	Aug	nd names of Emperors.) gustus. In Acness advancing 1, carrying Anchises on his I. arm; in field r.,
		* Cp. Mionnet, ii	., p. 559, no. 201, Symesie, " Dardanna," p. 51, supra.

	40 (C.) 41		
No.	Motal.	Obverse.	Reverse.
		Head of Augustus L, hare.	IAI Head of Athena I., helmeted.
19	Æ:55		beneath, AHMH*
30	Æ-65		n n 7
		IAI Head of Augustus r.,	Owl standing facing.
31	Æ:55		to 1., X; to 1., W
32	Æ 5		н э
33	Æ 55		н п
		IAI Bust of Athena r.	ΣΕΒΑΣ ΤΟ Σ Augustus in pontifical dress standing L, holding in r. simpulum.
34	Æ :75		[Pl. gm. 6.]
35	Æ:75		
36	Æ 7		$(\Sigma EBA\Sigma \ T \ O\Sigma)$ countermark,
		c	alignla
87	Æ1-1	[TAIO]CKAICAP[OE OC AYTOKPAT WP CEBACTO! Head of Caligula r. facing radiate head of Augustu heads resting on support	Bust of Rema r., turreted, facing (female) head of the Senate; between them, statue of Athena lucing;
		* A similar specimen in In + For similar specimens, p. 550, no. 411.	nhoof, Griech Mannes, p. 627, reads AHMHT see Mion., ii., p. 660, no. 196; Sap., tum. v.,

No.	Metal, Size.	Obverse.	Raverse,
		Clan	lius.
38	Æ 1:	KAAYAIOC KAIC A[P] Head of Claudius r., bare.	AYTOKPATΩP ΘΕΟC IAI Head of Augustus r., radiate; in field r., statue of Athena facing.
39	Æ •75	TI ΚΛΑΥΔΙΟC ΚΑΙ CAP Clandius in pen- tifical dress standing l., holding in r. patera, in l. sceptre.	ANTΩNIA CEBACTH Antonia sested L, holding in r. patera.
		Claudius and	Britannicus,
		TIBEPIOCKA AOY AIOCCEBACTOC* Head of Claudius r., bare.	TIKΛΑΥΔΙΟCCEBACTOY YI OC IAI Head of Britannicus r., hare; in front, sceptre surmounted (by owl?).
40	Æ '8		
#1	Æ:75		
		Nero and I	Iritannieus,
42	AS -9	NEPΩN BPETAN KAIC Busta of Nero and Britannicus facing one another; heads bare.	CKAMANΔPOC River-gnd Skamander, bearded, reciining l., himation over lower limbs; in r., reed; in l., cornucopiae; l. rests on urn.
		Nero and	Poppaca.
45	Æ 95	NEP KAIXAPINONN AIA 1 XEBAXTH Busts of Nero and Poppusa facing one another; heads have: (countermark, gorgonnium).	Al Statue of Athena standing L, helmsted, and wearing chiton with diplois; holds in r., spear; l. on shield: whole in clive-wreath.
1		* inscr. partly obscure.	Cp. Mior., Sup. v., p. 560, no 414.

No.	Metal. Sine.	Obverse.	Reverses,
		Galle FAABA CVNKAHT	Al Statue of Athena, helmeted
		OC Busts of Galla and the Senate, facing one unother.	and wearing chiton with diplois, standing L; holds in r. spear; l. on shield; whole in alive-wreath.
14	Æ ·85	countermark, gorgoneion.	
45	Æ-9		
		Vespasian, with T	itus and Domitian.
46	Æ*8	[AVTOKCEBAC?] [O] VECHACIAN[OCY] Head of Vespasian r., laur.	TITUKAICAPII] AOMITIANU KAICAPI Heads of Titus and Domitian, both laureate, facing one another; between them, status of Athena, helmeted and wearing chiton with diplois, standing facing; in r., spear; l. on shield.
		Hadr	Han.
		AVTKAICEBTPAIAN ONAΔPIANO Bust of Hadrian r., laur, wear- ing paludamentum and cairass.	OEAPWM H IEPCVNKΛΗΤ OC IAI Bosts of Roma and the S-nate facing one another; between them, statue of Athana, helmsted and wearing chiton with diplois, standing facing; in r., spear; I. on shield.
47	Æ :8		
48	Æ ·8	(same dies as no. 47.)	
		greeques, p. 262, no. 171.	thoof-Blumer Callection, described Monagion v. partly obscure: compare the coins pub- 112; Sup., t. v. p. 551, nos. 416-417; Leake,

No.	Metal, Size.	Obverse.	Roverse.
49	Æ 85	AVTKAICEBTPAIA NOC AAPIANOC Bast of Hadrian r., laur., wearing paludamentum and outrass.	IAI EKTWP Hector armed advancing r.; in I., spear and shield; r. hand upraised.
		Autonit	na Pina.
50	Æ1°	AVKAAΔPIAN ANT ΩNEINOC Bust of Autoninus Pius r., wear- ing paludamentum and cuiruss; head bare.	IΛΙΕΩΝ Bust of Athena L, wearing helinet and aegis; spear on shoulder:
ı		M. A.	nrelina,
51	走1.35	AVTKAIMAVPHA A NTΩNEINOC AV Bust of M. Aurelius r., laur., wearing paludamentam and quirass,	INIEΩN Ganymede wearing Phry- gian cap and chlamys, sented r. on rock; his l. hand outstretched, hold- ing paters to the eagle before him; behind eagle, status of Athena Ilius on column.* [Pl. xii. 8.]
52	Æ ·9	AVKAIMAV ANTO NEIN Head of M. Aurelius r., laur.	CKAMANΔPOC River-god. INIEΩN Skamander, bearded, reclining L; himation over- lower limbs; ln r., rood; L rests on um. [Pl. xn. 9.]
		Fanstin	ia, jun.
53	Æ 1°	Alexander distribution	IAI EΩ Bull I. suspended from tree before the statue of Atlisha Dias r. on pedestal; behind bull, the upper part of a male figure (flos) is visible, plunging a knife with his r. hand into the bull's neck. [Pi xn. 10]
		* Cp. the specimen in Catal. & drink to the eagle is a subject r see Overbook, Grisch, Euretopti	7rdau, p. 148, no. 1729. Ganymede offering epresented on several ancient Reliefs, &c. : hologie, II., p. 545 ff.

54 A	Æ-S	Bust of Faustina jun. z. [Pl. xii. 11.]	IΛΙΕΩΝ Bull Lapproaching status of Athena Ilias on podestal, holding distaff and spour. IΛΙ ΕΩΝ Mummiform status of Athena Hias, head r.; in r., spear; in L, distaff. EKT Ω[Ρ]ΙΛΙΕΩΝ Head of Heator r., halmsted; heardless.
	Æ 1·	Bust of Faustina jun. r. CEBAC	Athena Hias, head r.; in r., spear; in L, distalf. EKT Ω[P]IAIEΩN Head of Heater r., helmsted; heardless.
56 2		AVF Bust of Faustina jun. r. M. Aurelius	r., helmeted; heartiess.
	20.00		and L. Verus.
	210	The second secon	
57 4	Æ ·8	[M?] ANTW[NEINOC- AV-A-?]OVHPOCA V* Busts, laureate, of M. Aurelius and L. Verus, facing one another.	Athena Ilias, head r.; in r., spear; in. l., distaff; at feet, shold. [Pl. xu. 12.]
		I. C	Verus
58 .	Æ 185	AV KAIAOV AVPH Al[OC] Bust of L. Verus r., laur.; wearing paindamentum and cui- rass.	IAIE ON Mummiform statue of Athena Ilias facing, head r.; in r., spear; in l., distaff; at fest, chiebli.
		Com	nodus.
59	Æ 9	AVKAAV KOMOAOC Bust of Commodus L, wearing paladamentum head bare and beardless.	
		* Op. Mion.,	н., р. 662, пр. 218.

Noi	Metal. Size.	Obverse,	Roverse.
60	Æ 1-05	AVKAIMAVPH KO MOΔOC Bust of Com- modus r., lsur.; wearing paludamentum and cui- rass; bearded.	IAI€ Ilos sacrificing bull before ΩN statue of Athena Ilias; goddess holds spear and distaff (as on no. 53).
		MOAOC Bust of Com-	EKTΩP Hector armed standing in INIEΩN quadrigs which he drives r.; in his r., spear; L. holds shield and reins.
51	Æ 145		[Pl. xn. 14.]
62	Æ 1·45	countermark, bust of Pallas (same die as no. 61),	(same die as no. 61.)
63	Æ 145	(same die ss no. 61.) [Pl. xn. 15.]	(€ for E in inscr.: Hector holds in r. spear and shield; in l., Nike.)
64	Æ *8	AVKAAV KOMOAOC Bust of Commodus r., wearing paludamentum; head bare and beardless.	
65	Æ ·95	AVKAINAV KOMO AOC Bust of Commodus r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cuirass; bearded.	IΛΙΕΩΝ Skaman-
66	Æ; ·85	AVKAAV KOMOAOC But of Commolus r., wearing palulamentum; bare and beardless.	IAIEAN Wolf r. suckling Twins; above type, eagle.

No.	Metal. Size.	Ofivaria.	Rетигея.
		Cris	pina.
		KPICΠINA CEBAC TH Bust of Crispina r.	IA I∈Ω N Ilos I. sacrificing bull before statue of Athena Ilias (as on no. 60).
67	Æ 1.05	countermark, helmeted bust of Athena v.	
81	Æ 1.05	(KPICTIEINA for KPICTINA)	
69	Æŀ	KPICTINA CEBAC TH Bust of Grispina r.	IAIE ΩN Athena, helmeted and draped, standing r.; in r., spear; in l., Nike; behind her, shield.
		KPICΠINA EEBAC TH Bust of Crispins it	IAI EΩN Tyche of Ilium in tur- reted head-dress and long drapery, standing r., holding in l. distaff, and with r. grasping right hand of an armed figure (the Emperor Com- modus?), who stands opposite her with shield before him. [Pl. xiii. 1.]
70	Æ1.	countermark, helmeted head of Athena r.	
		KPICΠEINA CEBAC TH Bust of Crispina τ.	INIEΩN Δ APAANOC Day danos scated 1; in 1, scaptre and chiamys; besids him, female figure (Chryso ?). [Pl. xiii. 2,
71	Æ 1:15	counterpart, female bust r. (Empress f)	
		KPICTEINA CEBAC TH Bust of Crispina r.	IAIEΩN ΠΡΙΑΜΟΣ Priam bearded, seated r. on throne, wear ing Phrygian cap and himation; in I., long sceptre.
79	Æ 1-05	(KPICTINA for KPICTINA) countermark, helmeted head of Athenan	

No.	Metal. Sim.	Obverse.	Reverse.
73	Æ 1-05	countermark, helmeted head of Athona r.	[Engraved in Dumarsan, Hauteroche Coll., pl. xm. 8.]
74	Æ 1·1	two countermarks, each with helmeted head of Athena,r.	
		Sept. 8	everus
75	Æ 14	AVP CETT CEO[VHP] OC IT Bust of Sept. Severus r., laur., wearing	TIATPOKAOC (in ex.). in full
		J. D	òmoa,
76.	Æ 1*	Bust of J. Domna r. [Pl, xiii, 5.]	IΛΙΕ Ilos sacrificing bull before ΩN status of Athena Ilias (as on no. 60).
77	Æ 75	IOVΔOM NACEBA Bust of J. Domna τ.	INIEΩN Bull L approaching status of Athena Ilias on pedestal, holding distalf and spear.
78	Æ :75	IOVΔOM NACEB Best of J. Domna r.	IΛΙΕ ΩΝ Mummiform statue of Athena Ilias, facing, head r.; in r., spear; in l., spindle and distaff l; at feet, shield. [Pl. XIII. 6.]
		IOVAIA CEBACTH Bust of J. Domns r.	IAI EAN Athena, helmeted and draped, standing r.; in r., spear; in l., Nike; behind her, shield.
79	Æ 1·1		(IAIE ON)
1		* This specimen was first pl. xl. 2), by Mr. R. V. Hoad, illustrating the type.	published in Num. Chron., 1868 (p. 326); who refers to Homer, R., xvi. 862, 863, 10

No.	Metal.	Obverse.	Heverse,
80	Æ 1.		
81	Æ-95	127	
82	Æ 1:05		(IΛIE ΩN)
83	Æ1.	Bust of J. Domna 2.	EKTΩP [I]AIE ΩN Hentor, in enimss and helmet, advancing r.; in l., shield; r. raised hurling spear. [Pl. xm. 7.]
		Corr	calle.
84	Æ ·85		[IAI] EΩN Burt of Athena r., wearing helmet and negls.
85	Æ 1·1	AVKAIMAV ANTO NINO Bust of Caracalla r., laur.; beardless: wears paludamentum and cuirass.	in r., spear; in L., Mike; bening ner,
38	Æ 8	AVKMAVP ANTΩNI NOC Bust of Caracalla r., laur.; beardless; wears paludamentum and cui- rass.	N Athena Thus placed on pedestal, holding distall and spear.
37	Æ 1:05	AVKAIMAV ANTO NINO Bust of Cam- calla r., laur.; beardless wears paindamentum and cuimas. (Same die as no 85.)	of Athena thas placed on pedestal; between Hes and the statue, lighted

No.	Meta). Size.	Obverse.	Ecreras.
		AVKAIMAV ANTΩN INOC Bust of Caracalia r., laur.; beardless; wears paludamentum and cui- rass.	Ilias placed on pedestal, which he
88	Æ 1.		
82	A)		[Pl. xm. 8.]
90	Æ ·95	AVKMAV ANTΩNI N C Bust of Carscalla r., laur; bearded; wears paludamentum and cuimss.	
		AVKAIMAVP ANTΩ NINOC Bust of Cara- calla r., laur.; beardless; wears paludamentum and cuirass.	harring torch at two ships (within
91	Æ.1-2	countermark, bust of Athena (1).	
92	Æ 1·1	(bust, bearded.)	[Pl. xm. 0.]
93	Æ 1·2	AVKAIMAVP ANTΩ NINOC Bust of Cam- calla r., laur.; beardless; wears poludamentum and cuirass.	reclining L; himation over low-
		AVKMAV ANTΩNI NOC Bust of Caracalla r., lanr.; beardless; wears jallidamentum and cui- rass.	CKAMANA POC Skumander re- clining L, as on no. 93.
94	Al 95	countermark, bust of Athena	

No.	Metal. Size,	Obverse.	Reverse.
		Ge	eta.
95	Æ 9	Bust of Geta z., beard- less; bare; wears paluda- mentum and cuirass.	IA [1] ∈ ΩN Bust of Athena r., wearing helmet and aegis.
96	Æ 19	A VCET FETAC KAI Similar bust of Geta r.	CKAMANAPO C Rivergod Skamander, bearded, realining L; himation over lower limbs; L rests on urn; in r., reed.
97	Æ1 ·85	(IT CEIT A A P[I-] FET AC K[A])	(CKAMANAP OC) [Pl. zm. 10.]
		Severus	Alexander.
98	Æ-7	AVPM-VHANEEANA POC Bust of Severus Alexander r., laur. beardless; wears paluda- mentum and cuirass.	in r., Nike; in L, spear; behind her
		Gord	an III.
99	Æ: ·8	AVTKMAN FOPAIA NO Bust of Gordian III r., laur.; beardless; wears paludamentum and cuirass.	spear; in L, distail; at feet, shield.
001	Æ 7	AVKAIMANT FOPAI ANOC Similar bust of Gordian III. r.	INIEΩN Hector, armed, in charie- drawn by horses galloping r.; hold- spear and shield.

Mat	Wt.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.	
				PONIA.	
			Circ. n.c. 420—400 t		
				ren,	
			bare (Dionysos),	A A M Rull's head facing : whole in incuse square.*	
1	53:8	AR -55	[Pi. xm, 11.]		
2	29-2	AR 45	[Pl xm. 12.]		
			Circ. B.C.	400—350.	
			пио		
900		Æ 45	Bearded head of Dionysos r., wreathed with ivy. [Pl. xui. 13.]	AA M Bull's head facing; above, kantharos,†	
			J. P. Six. Another specimen Moss. gr., p. 263, no. 172, we also publishes (Gricol. Miss grammes) with similar types. † A similar apprimen in	o first attributed to Lamponia by Dr. cones, p. 263), on the suggestion of Dr. of no. 1, published by Imheof-Elumer, ighs 381 grammes. Dr. Imheof-Elumer, p. 627, no. 236) an chol (wr. 055) the Rerlin Museum (Imheof-Elumer, 175) has a bunch of grupes above the	
		-		- 1	

No.	Metal. Sizo,	Obverse.	Reverse.
		NI	EANDRIA.
H		n.c. 400 (or	earlier)—circ. n.c. 310.
			SH.VER.
1.	A 45	Head of Apollo r., laur. (Wt. 28-8 grs.) [Pl. xiv. 1.]	NEAN Horse feeding r.; whole in incuse square.
96	AC'S	Head of Apello r., laur. (Wt.7-6grs.) [Pl.xiv.2.]	NEA U Ram 1.; whole in in-
5	A :3	Crested beimet (7). (Wt. 5-5 grs.) [Pl. xrv. 3.]	NE Corn-grain; whole in circular AN incuse.
d			BRONZE.
4	Æ ·45	Head of Apollo r., laur. [Pl. xiv. 4.]	NEA[N] Corn-grain and bunch of grapes.
5	Æ 4	(without barrel-wreath ?)	
6	Æ 4	Youthful mala head r. (Apollo ?).	NE AN Com-grain.
7	在-45	Head of Apollo 1., laur.	N E A N Corn-grain: pellets between letters.
		* This specimen, formerly 1821, at a village near Mount lished it in Num. Chron, vi., p.	in the Bank Collection, was purchased in Olympus, by Mr. H. P. Borrell, who pub- the.

No	Metul, Size,	Obverse.	Reverse.
8	Æ 18	Head of Apollo r., faur. [Pl. xiv. 5.]	NEAN Horse feeding r.; in sr.
9	Æ 8		
10	Æ ·8		
n	Æ +65		
l			
_			

No.	Metal. Sixe.	Obvarse.	Reverse.
		OPI	HRYNIUM.
		Ciro.	B.C. 350-300.
			SILVER.
t	.R. 45	Bearded male head (Hectorf), facing, wearing helmet with triple creat; check- pieces raised, [PL xtv. 6.]	ΦΡΥΝΕΩΝ Naked youth riding r.; in r., branch.* (Wt. 20-7 grains.)
			nnosze.
		Bearded male head (Hector I), three-quarter face, towards L, wearing helmet with triple erest; cheek-pieces raised.	OΦPY Infant Dionysos, naked, kneeling r., holding out in r. bunch of grapes; beneath, ivy-spray.
2	AC .75	[Pl. arv. 7.]	
3	Al 75	[Harwood, Pop. et Urb. sel. Num., pl. 1v. 16.]	
		Bearled male head (Hectori), three-quarter face towards r, wearing believe with triple crest; check-pieces	OΦPY Infant Dionysos, naked, kneeling r., holding out in r. hands of grapes.
4	Æ ·5	raised.	[Pl. xiv. 8.]
5	A. 5	[Pl. xiv. 9.]	
6	Æ 5		
7	Æ ·5	[Harwood, ap. cit., pl. sv. 17.]	
		* A specimen with similar greeques, p. 264, no. 176, weight Imboof, ep. cit., p. 264, no. 177.	types published by Imboof, Monnaies

No.	Metal, Size,	Obverse,	Вотегва.
		Bearded male head r. (Zeus I).	OPPY Warrioz (Hector I), wearing pointed helmet, advancing l.; in l., oval shield; in r., spear.
B	Æ 4	[Pl. xrv. 10.]	
9	Æ 4		(warrior crouching behind shield.)
1			- 40
1			

Yo.	Metal. Sizo.	Obverse.	Reverse,
		1	P10NIA.
		Imp	erial Colnage.
			BRONZE
		(a. Withou	nt heads of Emperors.)
		Had	rian—Caracalla.
D	Æ 95	[IEP] ACVN KAHT OC Bust of the Senate c., youthful.	EΠΙΝΙΚΟΜ AXOV KAINIKA ΠΙΟΝΙΤ[ΩΝ?]* Emperor (Hadrian?) on 1, standing facing, crowned by Nike: Emperor wears cuirass; holds in r., spear; in 1, sword and paludamentum: Nike holds in r. wreath; in 1, palin-branch.
92	Æ *65	TIONITΩN Bust of Athena r., wearing crested helmat.	EIII A OV THE PROV Tetra- THONI style temple, within which draped figure (Athena †); in r., shield (†); in L, spear.†
3	Æ:6	Head of bearded Herakles	ΠΙΟΝ[IT] ΩΝ Lion r.‡
		Sup., t. v., p. 487, no. 1224, and of the type, and stands either Cassans), or for KAICAP—Cat., fonts, Ephesia, p. 75, no. + From the Wigan Collection, 123, no. 90.	the local magistrate (orperator: cf. Mice., infra, no. 6). KAI NIKA is descriptive for KAICAPOC NIKA (=Victoria, -NIKA (CARRIA—VICTORIA): cp. Head, 220. on: published in Num. Chron., n. s., xiii, crobably the specimes described by Smith,

No	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse,
		(b. With	heads of Emperors.)
			Hadrian.
4	Æ ·7	[traces of inser.] Head of Hadrian r., laur.	EΠΙ[NIKOM?] ΠΙΟΝΙΤΩΝ Herakles, naked, standing facing; in r., club; in l., lion's skin.*
		1	M. Aureiius.
5	Æ 1.	AVKAIMAV ANTΩ N[€]INO[C] Bust of M. Aurelius I., head bare. (Countermark, head of Emperor.)	MEIONE N The Emperor. M. Auralius, standing facing, head r., crowned by Nike: Emperor wears cuirass; holds in r. spear; in L., sword and paludamentum: Nike holds in r. wreath; in L., palm- branch.;
6	Æ 1·3	[AV]KAIMAVPH AN TΩNEINOE Bust of M. Aurelius r., head bare. (Countermark, head of Emperor.)	EΠΙCTPAMAVP POVΦΟVΠ IONE . Ω Harakles, naked, N standing facing, head 1.; in τ., club; in L, lion's skin. [Pl. xiv. 11.]
			probably the specimen described in Micn., ib., no. 1225, sm. Chron., vi., p. 187, no. 1 : obv. incer-
1			

So.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
		SCA	MANDRIA.
		Four	th Century B.O.
			BRONZE.
		Head of nymph Ida r., wreathed with fir?	≼K A Fir-tree.*
1	Æ-8	[Pl. xiv. 12.]	on r., boar's head r.
2	Æ '7	[Pl. xiv. 13.]	(≥ KA)
3	Æ :65	countermarks, star and owl.	
		Female head r. (Mountain nymph Ide.†)	≤ K Bunch of grapes.
4	Æ:4	(hair long.) [Pl. xiv. 14.]	(only ₹ visible.)
5	Æ:4	(hair rolled.)	
		i., p. 139, no. 2) as having a la nos. 1, 2 appears rather to be	TOUI-Dimining a correction water for

No.	Wa.	Metal. Siza.	Obverse.	Reverse.
			. 8	SCEPSIS.
١			Circ.	s.c. 460—400,
				SILVER.
1	12-2	Æ ·5	KA YION Fore- part of horse r.: border of dots. [Pl. xv. 1.]	Fir-tree within square of dots, out- side of which is a linear square : the whole in incuse square.
0.1	11-1	-R ~45	[\$ KAYI]ON Fore- part of horse r. [PL xv. 2.]	3 M* Fir-tree within linear square, outside of which is a square of data: the whole in incuse square.
3	30.7	AR -65	K A ¥I ON Fore-part of winged horse (Pagasos†) r. [Pl. xv. 3.]	3 W Fir-tree within linear square, outside of which is a square of dots: the whole in incase square.
4	58-8	Æ •6	₹ KH YI ON Fore- part of winged horse (Pegusos) r. [Pl. xv. 4.]	N Fir-tree within linear square, outside of which is a square of dots; the whole in incuse square.
5	58.7	.R ·6	(Pagnana) r : bonler of	Fir-tree between two bunches of grapes within linear square, out- side of which is a square of dots; the whole in incuse square.
			tion," supra, uniter "Scepeia,	A STATE OF THE STA
J	J	- 1	type of another poin of Sce p. 627, no. 228; pl. vill. 6) wil	pois (Imboof Blumer, Grisch, Münass h Peganos represented on it.

No.	Wt.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverso,
				ERONZE,
0		Æ-3	Fir-tree within linear square.	
7		Æ 4	Fore-part of winged horse (Pagasos) r. [PL xv. 6.]	Fir-tree within linear square : whole in incuse square.
			Circ. B.C.	400-cire, B.o. 310.
				SILVER.
0	49-	A ·6	Fore-part of winged horse (Pegasos) r.; body end- ing in born, [Pl.xv.7.]	ξKH YI Ω N Within linear square, fir tree, on L of which, omb; on r., ★: whole in incuse square.†
				BRONZE,
9		Æ '85	Fore-part of winged horse (Pegasos) r.; body and ing in horn. [Pl. xv. 8.]	Fir-tree within linear square.;
			Fore-part of winged horse (Pegesos) 1.; body and ing in horn.	Σ K H Fir-tree within linear
10		Æ 18		
п		Æ-6	(type r.)	
1			coins, chiefly of Truss and	in Num. Caren., vi., 128 (= imnoot, Mon. rty in the Bank of England Collection.

N	Metal, Size,	Obverse,	Reverse.
15	-	Fore-part of winged horse (Pegasos) r.; body end- ing in horn.	Σ K Fir-tree within linear square.
14	Æ :5	Fore-part of winged horse (Pegasos) 1,; body end- ing in hern.	Σ K Fir-tree within linear square.
15	Æ :6	[PL xv, 9,]	
16	Æ ·4		
17	Æ ·5	(border of dots.)	
18	Æ ·5	(" ")	
		Fore-part of winged horse (Pegasos) 1.: body ending in horn: border of dots.	Σ K H Fir-tree within linear
19	Æ :65	[Pl. xv. 10.]	on I. outside square, cornucopiae.
20	Æ :65		n as thyrnon,
31	Æ •55	(type r.)	" ear of corn t
		Fore-part of winged horse (Pegasos) 1.; body anding in horn.	Σ RH Fir-true.
22	Æ 15	[Pl. xv. 11.]	on r., vase?
13	Æ -35		

No.	Metal. Site.	Obverse.	Reversu.
24	歪4	Head of bearded Dionysos r., wearing kalathos and wreath of ivy.* [Pl. xv. 12.]	X Thyrsos with fillet attached in field L, bunch of grapes.
		Second or	First Century B.C.
			BRONZE.
25	Æ '7	Head of Dionysos facing, bearded and horned; wears kalathos and wreath of ivy. [Pl. xv. 13.]	Σ KH Engle r., wings open : whole in oak-wreath.†
		Imp	verial Coinage.
			PRONZE
		(a. Witho	ut head of Emperor.)
1			Severus and his family.
26	Æ -75	CKHYI ON Bust of bearded (and homed!) Dionyses r., wearing chiton, kalathes and ivy-wreath; in r., kanthares; in l., pomegranate?	CK I Y 1 (sic) Horseman (Emperor) galloping r.; r. hand raised, holding spear.; [Pl. xv. 14.]
27	Æ ·8	CKHYI ON Bust of bearded (and horned!) Dionysos r., wearing chiton, kalathos and ivywreath; in r., kantharos; in L, pomegranate! [Pl. xv. 15.]	CK HY I ΩΝΔΑΡ Homenois standing L; holding paters in r, over lighted alter; in L, cornucopine.
		chiefly of the Trend. The detail out on a specimen published by + Another specimen is in the Minuse, p. 628, po. 230.	med in 1880 together with other coins is of the obverse type can be better made imboof-Blumer, Menn. gr., p. 266, no. 196. s Imboof-Blumer Cullection; see Greek.

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Rovers.
28	Æ ·8		Trajan.
		TPAIP] Head of Trajan r., laur.	CKH Fore-part of winged horse (Pegasos) r.; horn between wings.*
		I	austina jun.
29	Æ -95	ΦΑVCTEI CEBACTH Bust of Faustina jun. r.	CKH YION Draped female figure (Aphrodite), in chiton and poplos, standing facing looking L; in r., Nike; in l., sceptre.† [Pl. xv. 16.]
			Commedus.
30	Æ19	AVKAIMAVPH KOM ΟΔΟC Bust of Commodus r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cui- mas.	ine leading 1 - for matter, stands
31	Æ 1-3	AVKAIMAVPH KOM OΔOC Bust of Commoditis r., laur., wearing paltidamentum and eni-	CKHYION AAPA AN Nike, wearing chiton with diplois, advancing L.; in r., wreath; in L., palm-branch.
			Caracalla.
32	Æ 14	AVKAIMAVP ANTO NIN[OC] Bust of Caracallar, laur., baarded; wearing paladamentum.	Zens Toains, wearing himation, standing looking I,; in r., engle; in L., souptre. [Pl. xvr. 1.]
		* Cp. Imhnof-Blumer, Griech. † With the type compare four pl, ziil 14; Xum. Chros., vi., p. p. 105, "Verms felix." ‡ Cp. Mion., ii., p. 880, no. 254.	nersan, Cat. Allier de Hanterande, p. 79.

No.	Metal. Size.	Ohveres.	Reverse.
33	Æ 1·3	AVKAIMAVP ANTΩ NINOC Bust of Caracalla r., laur.; wearing paludamentum.	CKHYIΩ NΔΑΡΔΑ Bust of bearded (and horned?) Dionysos r., wearing chiton, kalathos and ivywreath; in r., kantharos; in l., flower or fruit.
		Seve	eras Alexander.
34	Æ 1·25	AVKMAVCAA €IAN APOC Bust of Severns Alexander r., laur., wear- ing patudamentum and outrass.	
		AVKMAVCAA EIAN APOC Bast of Severns Alexander r., lant., wear- ing paludamentum and cuirass,	CKH YIO NAAPA Youthful Dicayses, naked, standing r., looking back; with r. pouring wine from kantharos; I. resis on thyrsos,
35	Æ 1.05		
36	Æ 1°	*	
37	Æ 1·15	AVKMAVCAA EIAN APOC Bust of Severus Alexander r., laur., wear- ing patndamentum and cuirass.	
			J. Mamaca.
38	Æ :95	IOVAIA MAMAIA Bust of J. Mamaea z.	CKHY INNAAP Aeneas advancing r., looking back; with his r. hand be leaded Ascanius; on his I, arm be carries Anchises. [Pl. xvi. 4.]

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse,
1	At .65	Head of Athena, three- quarter face towards r., wearing necklace and hel- mot with triple crest; cheek-pieces raised.	SIGEUM. th Century i.c. silver. *IFE Owl facing towards r.; be hind, crescent. (Wt. 39 6 grains.)
		[Pl. xvi. 5.] Head of Athena, three- quarter face towards r., wearing necklace and hel- met with triple crest; check-pieces raised.	SIFE Ow! facing towards r.; be-
2	Æ -75	[Pl. xvi. 6.]	
3	Æ: ·7		
1	Æ ·7		
5 4	Æ :7		
2	E -7		
	E-5	Fl. xvi. 7.]	
1	E -45		
1	E -4		
	2 -5	(io	ser. not visible.)
	Fe	. No. I was turebased at the w	homes sale (1844), for 2013 : no, fi was the precincts of the temple of Apollo

A PER I

legend is obscure, but it is now evident to me that the coin is of Sigenm, not of Miletopolia.

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Enverso.
		Head of Athena r., wearing crested helmet.	ξ 1 Crescent.
21	基 4	[Pl. xvi. 11.]	
25	Æ 4		
23	Æ :35		
24	Æ-35		

No.	Metal. Size.	Óbverse,	Reverse.	
		THYMBRA.		
		Fou	rth Century v.c.	
			PRONZE.	
		Head of Zeus Ammon I., laur.; bearded and horned.	O Y Star.	
1	Æ ·7	[Pl. xvi. 12.]		
2	Æ '7			
n	Æ :65			
4	Æ; ·7		between two rays of etar, HP.*	
		4		
		* Nos. 3 and 1 were procured first published and attributed p. 199.	by Mr. H. P. Borrell in the Troad, and were by him to Thymbra in Nam. Chron., vi.,	
		-		
			-0	

No.	Metal. Size,	Obverse.	Ravoree.
		(Por an electrom stater (E. I. E. I. A. Sib or 7th cent. s.c.) perhaps of Zeleia, Jonia, p. B, nc. 41; pl. ii. 2.]
1	Æ 75	Circ. Haud of Artemis r., wearing ornamented stephanos; hair rolled.	u.c. 350—300.
2	Æ:55	Harmond's Pop. of art. scl. it	A E

No.	Wt.	Metal. Size.	Obverse-	Revirue.
				ENEDOS. B.O. 550-470.
			411.14	HILVER.
1	28.7	A 15	Janiform head of ambaic style (female head L, bearded male head r.): border of dots. [PL xvii. l.]	Quadriportite încus square.*
			Janiform head of archaic style (bearded male head 1, female head, wearing stephane and circular earring, r.).	u u Doubleaxe (πέλεσκ): ≤ square border of dota: whole in incuse square.
9	138	AR 95	[Pl. xvii. 2.]	
3	113.4 (woen)	AR -9		A T)
4	28-	AR 150	(with necklace.) [Pl. xvii, S.]	TE IVE)
Б	28:3	A :55	(with necklass.)	(,)
6	28-8	A '51		(Τ Ε _N Δ3)
7	8:3	AR -31	Janiform head of archais style (female head I. (f), male head r.).	Double-are : incure square.
			tion) suggest the attributi	this coin (from the Payne Knight Collection to Tassacra. I am not, however, act of this specimen, and as in some respect ruhaic coins of the island, it is possible other locality.

No.	Wt,	Metal. Sizo.	Obverse.	Reverse.
8	125-2	AR :75	Janiform head of archaic style (without beard), wearing stephane, ear- ring, and necklace, [Pl. xvii. 4.]	TEWE Helmeted head I, (Athena I): square border of dots; whole in incuse square,*
			Circ.	п.о. 450—387.
П				SILVEE,
			Juniform head of fine style (female head L, bearded male head r.).	
9:	25.8	/R 5	[Pl. xvn. 5.]	
10	25:2	A 5		
			Jamiform head of fine style (bearded male head L, laur., female head r., wearing stephane and circular earring).	TENE ΔΙ Ο Ν Double-axe; on L, bunch of grapes: incuse square.
11	217:8	Æ 1°	[Pl. xvn. 6.]	on r., lyre,
12	200-3	R11	[Pl xvn. 7.]	(TENEAION) in field, A N;
13	53.8	AR :6	(with necklace,) [Pl. xvii. 8,]	(TEN[E]Δ1 ON) on r., Nike I.
			9-11). The reverse-type of Brandis (p. 350), and Head The coin is worn and the b	t seem to be represented on the obverse Lampssons (Wroth, Cat. Mysic, pl. xvili, of this specimen has been described by (Mist. Num., p. 476), as a learned base, ourd is not distinct; probably Athena is coins of Lampssons just referred to.

No.	Wi.	Metal. Sizo.	Obverse,	Reverse.
			Janiform head of fine style (Ismale head L, wearing stephane and pendent earring; boarded male head r., laur.).	TENE AI ON Double-axe; on I., bunch of grapes: incuse square.
14	54.7	R 6	[Pl. avn. 9.]	(TENE A I ON) on r., kantharos.
1.5	53.3	AR -6	[PL xvii. 10.]	on t., lyre.
16	53.2	AR -55		24 thymiaterion.
17	43/5	∠R, •6		,, thyrsis,
18	57-1	AR -65		" tripod.
10	49.3	AR -6		(TENE A I O N) on r., bunch of grapes.
20	50-3	.R *6		(TENEAION) on r.,
21	55-6	AR '6		(TENEAION) on r.,
				FRONZE
			Fernale head r., wenriug stephanos (Artemis i).	T E Double-axe.
22		Æ: 38	[PL xvii. 11.]	
23		Æ ·4		
24		Æ ·3		(T E [N E?] ΔI)
25		Æ ·3		(Inser. ?) on each side of axe, pileu of the Dieskuri.*
26		Æ 3	Inscr.? Double-axe.	TE Double-axe; on each side of axe, pileus of the Dioskuri.
			* Cp. Imhoof-Blumer, I of Dioskuri on altar. An i 2105), mentions the worshi	Long. $g\tau_*$ p. 269, no. 200, with symbol, piles inscription found in Tenedos (C. I. G_* , no p of the Dioskuri.

No.	Wt.	Motal. Size.	Ohverse.	Reverse.
			Second and	l First Centuries B.C.
			(After	e elre. n.c. 189.)
		0		GILVER.
			Janiform head of late style (bearded male head L., laur.; female head r., wearing stephane).	TENEΔIΩN Double-axo; on l., bunch of grapes: whole in wreath of laurel.
27	241.2	.R 1-25		on 1., A(3); on r., Herakles, wreathed, standing facing, holding club in r. [Pl. zvn. 12.]
28	257-7	R 1.3		on t. W; on r., owl.
29	257:8	Æ 1·2	[Pl. xvn, 13.]	" " pilei of Dioskuri,
30	59:3	At -8		n mon.† n n n
31	56	AR -75	*	" A; ", crescent and star.
32	61-6	AL -75		n n poppy-head.
33	61.3	At -75	[Pl. xvii. 14.]	", ", Hermes standing 1,

AEOLIS.

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Roverse.
			AEGAE.
		Thi	rd Century B.C.*
			SILVER,
t	At •5	Head of Athena r., wearing energy, necklace, and crested Athenian helme ornamented with griffin. [Pl. xviii. I.]	
			HEONEE.
		Head of Apollo r., laur.	AIFAE Goat's head r.
2	Æ '7	[Pl. xviii. 2.]	
3	Æ:7		
4	Æ-7		
ō	Æ -7		(AIFA)
0	Æ -4		
7	Æ 35	[Pl. xvm. 3.]	
8	Æ 4		
		* For coins of an earlier Introduction, sepre, under " † Formarly in the culicot Num. Chron., vil., p. 15, no. 2.	100 01 11- 41 1011111

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Roverse.
9	Æ 1:35	*	First Conturies n.c. SILVER. AIΓAIEΩN Zeus, naked, standing l.; in r., eagle; in l., eceptre; in nold l., \(\text{M} \): whole in oak-wreath. [Weight, 243-2 grains.]*
			BRONZE,
		Hend of Apollo r., laur.	AIΓAEΩN Goal r.
10	Æ ·65	[Pl. xvm, 5.]	
11	Æ :65		
10	巫 75	Head of Athena r., helmeted.	AIFAEON Zeus, naked, standing facing; in outstretched r., eagle; 1. hand on scepare; in field 1., A N [or N?]
12	25.70		CLL AVIII. 0.1
13	Æ •7		
14	Æ -65	Head of Athena r., helmeted.	AIΓAΕΩΝ Nike standing L; in r., wreath; in L, palm.
15	Æ 5	Head of Athena r., halmeted.	AIFA Lyre,
		cener, Mr. H. Montagu, who e	seded to the British Museum by its fermer rhibited it as a meeting of the Numicoustin r 1892. A similar specimen is described by vi., pl. ii. 1.

No.	Metal. Siza.	Obverse.	Revurss.
		Im	perial Coinage.
		(a. Withou	nt name of Emperor.)
		Time	of Commodus.
16	Æ1	Bust of the Senate r. [Pl. xvin. 7.]	EΠΙCΤΡΦΙΛΑΔ[ΕΛ]ΦΟΥΑΙΓΑ ΕΩ Ν Homonoia, wearing chiton, and peples, standing i, holding in r., patera over alter; in l., cornscopias.*
		Turreted female bust r. (the City).	Al ΓA EΩN Athena, wearing helmet and chiton with diplois, standing I.; in r., patern; I. hand supports open and shield.
17	Æ '75		
18	Æ -75		
10	Æ ·8		(AIΓAE ΩN)
		Valer	iau —Gallianus,
20	Æ 1:3	AIF H Turreted female bust 1, (the City). [Pl. xwm, 8.]	AIΓA EΩN Apollo maked, standing L; in τ., laurel-branch; L resting on column holds fillet (7)
0.1	Æ: -75	ALEA I Museuted Comple	AIFA CON Trades atomicina 1
31	ASTO	bust I. (the City).;	AIΓA EΩN Tyche standing 1.: in r., ruider; in l., cornucopiae.
0		Commodus described m/ru, p. 10	e later than the time of Commodus; they
			obu AITH Tête tourrolés de famme à

No.	Motal. Size.	Obverm.	Reverse.
			heads of Emperors.)
22	Æ 175	CEBACT[Ω] N Heads of Titus and Domitian, facing one another.	AIΓAEΩN EΠΙΑΠΟΛΩΝΙ OY Apollo, wearing long chiton, standing r.; in r., long fillet; in l., branch.* [Pl. xvrrr. 9.]
			L. Verus.
		AVKAIAAVPH OV HPOC Bust of L. Verus r., bare.	[ΕΠΙ] CTPΦΕΡΕΚΟΔΟΥ River- TITNAIOC god AIΓΑΕΩΝ Titnaios,† wearing himation over lower limbs, reclining L; in r., branch; in L,
			cornicopiae; l. hand rests on um; from which water flows.
23	Æ 1·35		
24	Æ 1·4		
			Commodus.
		AVTK MAVP KOMO AOC Bust of Commodus r., with whiskers, laur.; wearing paludamentum and cuirass.	EΩ N Asklepios, wearing hims-
25	Æ 1.05		•
26	ÆT		
0		* Cp. Imhoof-Blumer, Gries territory of Aegan was a temp hardt, Altertümer von Aegae, p. † Son note under "Tiana"	

No.	Metal, Size,	Ортигае.	Roversa.
27	Æ 1·4	AV-K-M-AV- ANTΩ N€INOC Bust of Caracalla t., laur., beard- less; wears paludamen- tum and cuirass.	Caracalla. EΠΙ · ΑΥΡ · ΠΩΛ ΛΙΩΝΟΣ ΤΡ ICNEOV ΑΙΓΑΕΩΝ in field, Э. Youthful male figure, wearing chlamys (Apollo r), stand- ing r., grasping r. hand of turreted
		Seve	Amazon (Aege?), who stands L, holding shield in L* [Pl. xvm. 10.]
28	Æ 1-2	A-K-M-AVP CEVAΛE ZANΔPO C Hust of Severus Alexander r., laur., wearing paluds- mentum and cuiross.	EΠ-CTPA-EVTV XOVC ΓΛ AIΓAE ΩN Athena, wearing helmet and chiton with diplois, standing L, holding in r. patera over alvar; k, hand supports spear and shield.
		J	. Mamaca.
29	Æ ·85	OVAM AMEACEB	Al Γ A EΩN Isis standing I.; in r., sistrum; in I., situla.
		Tr	njan Decius.
50	Æ 1·55	AVTKΓHCCKVINTP AINOCΔEKI OC Bust of Trajan Decius r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cutruss.	EΠΙC-MAV P-ΠΑ VΛΟV-ΑΙΓΑ EΩ N Zeus naked, standing facing, looking L; in τ., eagle; L hand on sceptre. [Pi. xviii, 11.]
		* Purchased at the Northwick NEOV, see note infra on coin	Sale, 1859, lot 1044, "Elagabains," As to of M. Aureline struck at Elaca.
1			

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse,	Вичегае,
		1000	ANCE COIN.
31	Æ 1-2		EΠΙCTPA ΦΙΛΑΔΕΛΦΟ V AI ΓΑΕΩΝ MVPINAI ΩΝ Female figure (the city of Aegae?) in short chitau, with diplois and stephane, standing 1, holding in r. conochoe, in 1. sceptre, and extending r. hand to grasp the left hand of snother famale figure (the city of Myrina?), who, standing r. in long chiton, peples and stephane, holds in r. sceptre and in 1. hunch of grapse.

No.	Motal. Size.	Obvezen.	Raverse,
		.1	BOEONE.
		Fou	rth Century B.C.
			BRONZE,
		Female head I., wearing ear- ring and necklace.	BOIΩNITI Bull standing r,*
1	Æ ·4		
2	Æ ·45		
3	Æ 4	[Pl. xix, 1,]	
4	Æ 45	[Pl. xix, 2,]	(BOIONI ONIT!)
		* With these coins compare his Gricch. Münzen, p. 631. Or supra.	Imhoof-Blumer, Mons. pr., pp. 271, 272, and the situation of Bosons, see Introduction
. 1			

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Raversa.
			CAME.
		Imp	eriul Coinage,
			HRONEL,
		(a. Withou	t heads of Emperors,)
		Hadria	ı—Sept, Severus.
1	Æ -55	KAM HNΩN Bust of Samples r, wearing modius.	ΔΗΜΗ TPIOV Phallic term (Priapus I) with bearded head 1.*
		(b. With	heads of Emperors.)
			Hadrian.
93	Æ 1·25	AΔΡΙΑΝΟC KAICA ΟΜΠΙΟC Head of Hadrian r., laur.	CTPTPV¢WNOC [BF] KAM HNWN Asklepios, holding snake- encircled staff, standing L, facing Hygicia, who stands holding serpent; butwaen them, altar.
			Jonamodus.
3	Æ 1·35		EΠΙCΤΡΑΔΗΜ HTPIO VAP TEMΩN KAMHNΩN Young Dionysos, in short chitan, standing L. holding in r. vase, in L thyrsos; before him, status facing, resembling Artemis of Ephresus.† [Pl. xix. 3.]
			First published by H. P. Borrell in Num.

No.	Metal, Size,	Obverse.	Reverse.
		S	ept. Severus.
4	Æ ·7	AVTKA CEOVHPOC Head of Sept. Severus r., laur.	KAM HNΩN Asklepios standing L, holding snake-encircled stail in r.
5	Æ •75	AVKAC CEOVHPOC Head of Sept. Severus r., laur.	KAMH NΩN Phallio term (Prispus I) with bearded head L*
		* From the Borrell Collection vi., p. 149).	n. Found at Adramyteum. (Num. Chron.
		-	
	-		

No.	Wt.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Revurse.
			Samo	CYME.
			2,000	RILVER.*
			Fore-part of horse r.; beneath, inscription (), t	Incuse square containing ornamented star; beside it (as countermark), smaller incuse square containing a star of different design;
I.	184	At *85	[Pl. xix, 4-]	
2	183	AR '8		
3	185-1	AR ·9	(double-struck: inser, not visible.)	
4	178-7	AR •9		
			* As to execteus coins semetimes attributed to Cyme, see Introduction, supra, under "Cyme." + "Einzelne exemplare dieser Münzen haben unter dem Pferdetypus eine Aufschrift (scheinbur drei Baubstaben, von denen die letzten beiden—AP oder —A! gelesen werden könnten." Imhoof-Binsmar in Zeit, f. Num., lii., p. 276. 1 Non. 1—8 (cp. no. 0). Forty-one Asginetic didmehms of the type occurred in the Santorin Heard of 1821 (see Wroth in Num. Chron., 1881, pp. 270—272). The coins have described are from the Payne Knight, Borrell, Woodhouse and Bank of England Collections, and are, in all probability, the actual specimens from the heard. The attribution to Cyme (supported by Head, Hist, Num., p. 479; Catal. Ismis, pp. xxxiii.—xxxv.) seems extramely probable, though it cannot be regarded as certain. The carious form of incuse appears to be peculiar to Ania Minor and the adjacent islands (see the archibe coins of Chios and Coe described by Greatwell in Num. Chron., 1890, pp. 18, 19; pl. ti., 15, 16). Such an important centre of colonisation as was Cyme in sarly times can hardly have been without a correscy, and it will be noticed that the half herse of these archibe coins occurs frequently on the later money of Cyme. It is right to point out, however, that the carliest inscribed coins of Cyme (nos. 10—13, struck about 480 s.c.) do not bear a horse but an engle's head as their	

No	Wt.	Meinl. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
			Fore-part of horse l.	Incuse square containing floral de- vice: beside it (as counternark), smaller incuse square containing
5	181.5	AR .8	[Pl. xix, 5.]	n star.
6	179:5	AR '8		
7	178	AR :9	[PL xxx. 6.]	
8	168-3	/R -8		[Bunk Colf.]
9	43-	AR -55	[Hemi-drachm.] [Pl. xix. 7.	(no countermark.)
			Cir	e. n.c. 480—450.
				SILVER.
			KY† Eagle's head L	Incuse square of mill-sail pattern.
10	8.	Æ '3	[.8 xix .19] (k A)	(incose square, quadripartite.)
11	6.8	A2 ·3	[Pl. xix. 9.]	-
19	6.3	AR -3	(K Y)	
13	5.	At 3	(traces of inser.)	
			"In this case, what is represented is not a single flower, but rather a tree or plant, which is symbolically rendered like the sacred tree among the Assyrians." P. Gardner, "Floral Patterns on archair Greek Coins," in Num. Chron., 1881, p. 5. † A specimen in Dr. J. P. Six's Collection reads KYM (Num. Zeit., 1881, p. 266, no. 88.	

I.

No.	Wt.	Metal. Rize,	Obverse.	Reverse.
			Circ. B.C.	350—320.
			4.3	VER_
14	94-1	A 17	KY Eagle 7., looking 1. [Pl. xix, 10.]	O EYF EN H≅ Fore-part of
15	4.9	A 3	[Traces of inscription?]* Fore-part of horse r. [Pl. xix, II.]	Resette of eight leaves,
			BR	ONZE.
			Eagle r.	K Y Vase with one handle,
16		Æ ·4	[Pl. xix, 12.]	
17		Æ-45		
81		Æ ·5	[PL xix. 13.]	
19		Æ 4		
20		Æ ·45	[Pl. xix. 14.]	
			Circ.	п.с. 320—250.
				SILVER.
			KY Eagle r., looking l.	Fere-part of horse r.; above, vase with one handle.
21	26.4	AR +55	[Pl. xx. 1.]	
22	27-5	At :55		
			A apocimen in Dr. Imhor Imhoof, Greeck, Manzen, p. 63	of-Riumer's Collection reads K Y (see SI, no. 213; ep. nos. 214, 245).

No.	Wt.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
			Eagle r., looking l.	KY Fore-part of horse r.
23	31.3	AR -55	on r., A [Fl. xx. 2.]	beneath, ear of corn.
24	28.7	AR *6	on I., AΛΚΑΜΕΝ[HΣ] [Pl. xx. 3.]	, ivy-leaf.
25	30-2	AR -6	on L, ΞΕΝΩΝ [PL xx. 4.]	" vase with one handle.
26	31-	R .6	on I., \$\phiAPCAAOC [Pl. xx. 5.]	
			BRO	NZE.
			Eagle r.	K Y Vase with one handle.
27		Æ: :55	on L, AΠΕΛΛΗ≤	
28		Æ 5	,, ΑΠΟΛΛΟΔ	
29		A: 7	" APICTANΔP OC [PL xx. 6.]	
30		Al •65	" EAA?	7
31		Æ :65	" EPMIA€	
32		Æ: *65	" OEOMENHC	
33		Æ 7	n 19	
34		Æ 6	" ΠΕΔΙΈΥΣ	beneath, EX
35		Æ .55	18 [Pl. xx. 7.]	11Σ

No.	Meinl. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse,
36	Æ 16	on L, ΠΟΛΥΑΡΧΟC [Pl, xx. 8.]	
37	Æ 7	" \$APCAAOC [Pl. xx. 9.]	+
38	Æ ·7	[Φ₹]ΟΒΗΤΙΔΑ	
30	Æ 45	[Pl. xx. 10.]	
		KY Fore-part of horse r.	Vase with one handle,
40	Æ 7	beneath, API≼TOΦΩN [Pl. xx. 11.]	on 1., ≸ [Bank Coll.]
11	Æ -7	" ΔΙΟΝΥ ≤ ΙΟ ≤	, K
42	Æ 7	" [ΔI]ONYCIOC	" 4
43	Æ '7	,, ΕΠΑΡΙΤΌΣ	" A [Rank Coll.]
44	Æ ·65	" [ΕΡ]ΑΣΙΠΠΟΣ	,, R
45	Æ 85	" EYBIOΣ [1 ¹ L. xx. 12.]	., Ёв
16.	Æ -65	" [HPF]AIOΣ	" ⋈
47	Æ -65	, ΛΑΧΑΡΗΣ	. F
48	Æ: 65	, ΜΕΝΙΣΚΟΣ	., inmogram.
49	Æ :05	" ΠΑΡΜΕΝ[IT OΣ]	. H

No.	Wt.	Metal. Size,	Ohverm.	Reverse.
50		Æ ·7	beneath, ΠΕΔΙΕΥ≷	on 1., 🖾
51		Æ ·65		n n
52		Æ .7	" ΠΥΘΟΝΙΚΟΣ	22 12
	r	4	c	Sire. B.C. 250. BRONZE.
53		Æ 45	Female head r. (the Ama- zon Cyme).	K Y Vase with one handle; beneath, HPAIOΣ. [Pl. xx. 13.]
		in a	Female head z. (the Amazon Cyme).	KY Fore-part of horse r.; ba- hind, wase with one handle.
54		Æ '55		beneath, ΑΡΙΣΤΟΜΑΧΟΣ
55		∠R -65	7	197
56		Æ-7	[Pl. xx. 14-J	" ΗΡΑΚΛΕΙΔΗΣ
57		Æ ·6	[Pl. xx. 15.]	" VE≼BIO≤
		1	Circ	B.C. 250—190.
58	161.7	At 1	Female head r. (the Amazon Cyme); hair rolled and bound with riband: horder of dots [Pl. xx. 16.]	KY Horse standing r.; l. fore-leg raised: beneath, M; in front, [5]*
			Rabulon in Rev. uno. 180	n Num. Chron., 1892, p. 17, no. 26; ep. 2, p. 116, no. 12; pl. iv. 12. As to the coin of Novo, infra, pl. xxiii. 9.

No.	Metal. Sise.	Obverse,	Reverse.
		Female head r. (the Amazon	KY Horse standing r.; l. fore-leg raised: in front, vase with one handle.
59	Æ 9	[Pl. xx. 17.]	in ex., ΑΡΙΣΤΟΦΑΝΗ[Σ]; in front, Σ (no vase).
60	Æ .7		in ex., ΔΙΟΔΩΡΟΣ
61	Æ 185		" AAONIK[OX]; henceth
.62	Æ 8		" ΛΑΟΝΙΚΟΣ; beneath
63	Æ ·75		" ΛΑΟΝΙΚΟΣ; benesth
64	Æ ·8		" ΛΑΟΝΙΚΟΣ; beneath
65	Æ '85		» ΛΑΟΝΙΚΟΣ; beneath
-66	Æ *9	[Pl. xxt. 1.]	(KYMAI ΩN for KY); in ex.,
07	Æ 18	(wears earring.) [PL xxt. 2.]	(KYMAI ΩN for KY); in ex.,
68	Æ ·8	(wears carring.)	(KYMAI ΩN for KY); in ex.,

No.	Wt.	Metal. Sim.	Obverse.	Reverse.
69		Æ·8		(KYMAI ΩN for KY); in ex., ΠΥΘΑΣ
70		Æ •95		in ex., ΠΥΘΙΩΝ
71		Æ:75	(countermark, bust of Artemis r., with bow and quiverst shoulder.)*	[Pl. xxx, 3,] in ex., ΠΥΘΙΩΝ
72		Æ ·8	(same countermark as no. 71.)	iu ex., ΠΥΘΙΩΝ
			Second and First	Centuries B.C. (after B.C. 190).
				SILVER,
			Female head (the Amazon Cyme) r.; hair bound with riband.†	KYMAIΩN Horse standing r.; left fore-leg raised; beneath horse, vase with one handle: whole in laurel-wreath.
				Series L
73	250-4	/R 1·25	[Pl xxi 4.]	in ex., ΚΑΛΛΙΑΣ (vase in front of horse).
74	256-6	AR 1.2		in ex., ΜΗΤΡΟΦΑΝΗΣ (vase in front of horse).
75	234*	A 12	[Pl. xxi. 5.]	in ex., ΦΙΛΟΔΟΞΟΣ
			countermark, probably, was nos. 87—92 infra. † Coins of this class are of Mr. G. F. Hill) in three st what differently treated. approximately described as b HI. by horizontal lines. In in 1. Other indications, sw	. 13, nos. 104, 106. The object of this to give the coin currency together with here arranged (according to a suggestion cries, in each of which the bair is sometic Scries I, and II, the hair may be being represented by vertical lines, and in II, the hair is neater and less curly than the as the treatment of the wreath on the sof the coles, show that in all probability or than II., and II. than III.

No.	Wt.	Metal, Size,	Obversa.	Raverso.
			Sec	ies II.
76	205-2	Æ 1·2 [plassd3]	[Pl. xxi. 6.]	ίπ εχ., ΔΗΜΗΤΡΙΟΣ
77	252-	AR 1-25	[Pl. xxt, 7,]	" EYKTHMΩN
78	254-2	At 1.35		,, ΣΕΥΘΗΣ
79	255-2	AR 1:3		o n
80	245:3	R13		,, ΟΛΥΜΠΙΟΣ
81	241/7	A 1.55	[Pl. xxi, 8.]	front of horse). (vasa in
			Seri	is III.
82	249-1	R1 35		in ex., ΑΛΕΞΑΝΔΡΟΣ
83	258-3	AR1:3		" ΑΜΦΙΚΤΥΩΝ
84	258	Al 1:25	[PL xxi. 9.]	ΔΙΟΓΕΝΗΣ
			[For Alexandrina coins struck at Cyme, see Müller, noa 943-951, and p. 239: various specimons are in the British Museum.]	
			BRONZE,*	
			KY Fore-part of horse r.; border of dots,	Row and quiver, tied together.
85		Æ '5	[Pl. xxn. 1.]	in field, MP
86		Æ ·5		" ΙΟΙ ΥΟΣ
			" It is possible that son and let centuries s.c.) may !	ne of these coins (assigned to the 2nd

No.	Metal. Size.	Ohyerse.	Reverse.
		Bust of Artsmis r.; bow and quiver at shoulder: border of dots.	KY Vaso with one handle; on each side of it, branch of laurel.
87	Æ: -65	[Pl. xx11. 2.]	in field, ΙΩΙΛΟΣ
88	Æ '65		31 91
89	Æ-65		m 19
90	Æ 65		" A ΠΑ Τ OY PIOΣ
91	Æ ·7		n ii n
92	Æ ·65		ri 14 M
93 94 95	Æ ·65	Head of Apollo r., laur.: border of dots. [Pl. xxii. 3.] Altar, on which two torches: on front of altar, inscrip- tion. [Pl. xxii. 4.]	quiver at shoulder.
96	Æ-7	[Pl. xxu. 5]	
97	Æ-6		
		* A similar coin is descril Greek Coins, H., p. 9, no. 52.	sait in Fox, Engravings of anedited or care

No	Metal. Size	Obverse.	Reverse.		
		Imn	erial Cainaga.		
			BRONZE		
		(a. Withon	t name of Emperors.)		
		for serving	Nero (?)		
98	Æ '8	KYMH Head of Cymer.; hair rolled, tied with fillet. [Pl. XXII. 6.]	KY CEKOYNA-C Horse z.; l. fore-foot raised.*		
			Vespasian,		
		Bust of the Senate r.	ANOY ΕΠΡΙΩ ΜΑΡΚΕΛΛΩ-Γ- KY Cyme wearing short chiton, standing L; in r., globe; in L, trident.		
99	Æ -8	[Pl. xxii. 7.]			
100	Æ '8				
101	Æ -65	Hadrian—Commodus, KVMAI Head of Athena ΕΠΙΙΕΡΩ NV Swan r. r., hulmeted. [Pl. xxn. 8.]			
102	Æ :55	KVM[AI] Head of Athena r., bulmeted. [Pl. xxii. 9.]	EΠΙΙΕΡΩ NVM‡ Eagle r.		
		Bust of Athena r., wearing helmet and aegis.	KVM Eagle r.		
103	Æ ·7				
104	Æ-7				
* Cp. the type of coins of Nero, infex, no. 126. † These coins hear the name of Epriss Marcellus, Procone probably from 70—73 a.b.; see Waddington, Pusies, no. 06. ‡ The name of IEPΩNYMOC occurs on coins with the Antonians Plant see Num. Leil., xxi., p. 67 A.; ep. Pox, Keyrania, p. 9, no. 53 (ΕΠΙ CTPA ΙΕΡΩΝΥ).					

No	Motal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse,		
		Head of Athems r., helmsted.	KVMA IΩ Eagle r.		
105	Æ *65				
106	Æ ·55				
107	Æ 1.05	Bust of the Senate r.	KVMAI ΩN Athena, wearing helmet and chiton with diplois, standing I; r. hand holding paters over lighted alter; I. hand on shield.		
108	Æ 1-05	IEPALVN KAHTOL Bust of the Senate r. (Same die as last.)	KVMAIΩN River-god Hermos, wear- EPMOE ing himation, realin- ing l.; in r., branch; l. arm on urn; before him, tree.		
		Septimius	Severus and family.		
		OMHPOE Homer, wearing himation over lower limbs, seated r.; in l., suroil; r. hand on seat.	A WILDID Wreath of Oak.		
109	Æ ·8	[Pl. xxii. 10.]			
110	Æ :8	[Pl. xxii. 11.]			
		Gordian III.			
111	Æ 1-	Hust of the Senate r.	EΠCTPA MH NOΦΑΝΤΟΥΚ VMAI ΩΝ Tyche stand- ing L; in r, rndder; in L, corms- copiae.		
		Cat. Jonia, p. 282, no. 225) to	nilar types is attributed by Head (Bris, Mus. the time of Sept Soverus and his family, omer on the over and his mother Critheia, a subsof-Ulumer, Moss. gr., p. 273, no. 2344		

Vo.	Metal, Size.	Obverse.	Roveree.
112	Æ 1*	Bust of the Senate r. (Same die as last.) [Pl. XXII. 12.]	
		Vale	rian—Gallienus.
		Bust of the Senate r.	KVMAI ΩN River-god Xanthos, bearded, wearing himation, reclining 1.; in r., branch; 1. arm on urn; in ex., IANΘΟC*
113	Æ-95	(= Mionnet, Sup. vi., p. 17, no, 136.)	
114	Æ ·85	[Pl. xxtt. 13,]	(AIA-EP ME I KVMA I IAN
115	Æ ·95	Bust of the Senate r. [Pl. xxII. 14.]	CAVEAUI A HOPOY-KV MAI ON Cyme standing i, wearing short chiten (which leaves right breast bare) and turreted head-dress; in r, globe; in L, trident.
116	Æ-9	Hust of the Senate r.	EΠ-ΕΛΠΙ ΔΗΦΟΡΟΥ Ising KVMAI Pelagia or galley r., holding inflated said with both hands and l. foot. [Pl. XXIII. 1.]
117	Æ 9	Bust of the Senate r. [14. xxiii. 2.]	EΠΙΕΛΠΙΔΗ ΦΟΡΟΥΝ+ ΚΥ MAI ΩΝ Tyelm standling 1.; in z., radder; in 1., cornneopine.
		dans le territoire de Cyme (p. 278)," l'ottier and Reimol	o soit le potit ruissenu qui comin à Namouri ent veinin de Larissa qui devait être compris cf. Ramay, Journal of Hellenic Studics, it, a Nicropole de Myrine, p. 54, note 4, on coin of M. Aurelius struck at Elsen, infra

No.	Metal. Sizn.	Obverse.	Reverse,
		KV MH Female bust r., turreted (Cyme).	KVM AIΩN Tyche standing L; in r., rudder; in l., cornucopise.
118	Æ ·7		
119	Æ ·7	[Pl. xxm. 3.]	(ΚΥΜΑ ΙΩΝ)
120	Æ-75	(KVM H bust l.) [Pl. xxin. 4.]	(ΚVΜ Α ΙΩΝ)
		K VMH Female bust r., turreted (Cyme).	KVM AIΩN Isia standing L; in r., sistrum; in l., situla.
121	Æ 7	[Pl. xxIII. 5.]	
122	Æ •7	(KVM H bast L)	
123	ÆΤ	KV MH Female bust r., tarreted (Cyme).	KV MA IΩN Cyme, wearing short chiton and turreted head- dress, standing l.; in r., globe; in l., trident.
191	AC -55	KVM H Female bust 1, (Cyme). [Pt. xxiii. 6.]	Eagle T.
135	Æ-55	Bust of Sarapis r., wearing modius. [Pl. xxrrt. 7.]	KVMA I Frow r.
		(b. With	names of Emperors.)
			Nero.
		ON Hend of Nero T.	K YM AIΩ N KAICAPEΩN Horse r.; l. fore-foot raised.
126	Æ -8	lauz.	[T1, xxiii. 8.]
127	油-75		+

No	Metal.	Oliverse.	D
-	Sing.	Surman.	Reverse.
		ΘΕΟ NNEPWNA CEB ACTON Head of Nero r., laur.	(Cyme) standing L, wearing short chiton and turreted head-dress; in r., globe; in L, trident.*
1.25	Æ :8		[Pl. xxur. 9.]
129	Æ ·8	(OEON for OEO N)	
		ΘΕΟΝ ΝΕΡΩΝΑ ΚΥ MAI ΩΝ Head of Noro r., laur.	GEANAPPITITINAN Bust of Agrippina r. ss Demeter; wears veil and wreath of corn.
130	Æ 7	(1 for 1)	(Φ for Θ) [Pl. xxni, 10.]
131	Æ ·65	(ΦΕΟΝ ΝΕΡΩΝΑΚΥΜ ΑΙΩΝ)	(ΦΕΑΝ ΑΓΡΙΠΠΙΝΑΝ)
			Hadrian.
132	Æ-9	AVKAITPA AΔPIAN OC Bust of Hadrian r., laur., wearing palinlamen- tum and cuiruss.	AIOAEWN KYMAIWN River- (in ex.) EPMOC god Hermos, beariless, wearing himstion over lower limbs, reclining L; in r _q reed; L on urn, from which water flows.†
		Strake, zii. 3, 21; Pempunina Menmand Elasa (and also Mytiles Amazone (see Postier and Reim whole subject of the Amazons in sea ib., pp. 43-44).	yes, when Alealous upo vin Asulius, and Kapus v. Cp. Steph. Byn., s.v. Applacement Cp. els., i. 18. The Asulian towns Myrima, fry. no is Lashos) were reputed to be named after sich, Necropole de Myrima, p. 13, and on the a connexion with towns in Ionis and Acolis hoof-Blumer's Collection (Num. Zeil., 1884,

No.	Morai. Sim.	Obverse.	Heverse.
133	Æ·85	CABINA CEBAC Bust of Sabina r.	Salina. KVM AIWN Isis, wenting usual dress and head-dress, standing L; in r., sistrum; in L, situla.
134	Æ14	AVPHAIOC OVH PO CKAICAP Head of L. Verus r., bare.	L. Verus. IEPΩNVMOIC AN]EΘΗΚΕ KVMAIOIC Tyche standing L.; in r., rudder; in l., cornucopiae.
135	Æ 1·4	OAOE Bust of Com- modus r., lang, wearing pa-	Commodus. EΠΙ ΕΤΡΚΟΡ ΛΟΛΛΙΑΝ ΟΥ ΚΥΜΑΙΩΝ The Emperor on horse r. ; r. hand raised; before him, two soldiers.
136	Æ 1·2	KPICTIEIN ACEBACT	Crispina. EITIETPKOPAO AAIANOVK VMAI Cultus-statue resembling Atternis of Ephesus, wearing modius and well.
137	A0:75	AVIKALACETICEO VH	Sept. Severus. P KVM AION Asklepios standing facing, looking l.; in r., anake-encircled staff.
138	Æ12	NEINOC Head of	Caracalla. Caracalla. Caracalla. Cuitus-etatue resembling Artemis of Ephesus, wearing modius and veil.

		T	Reverae.	
		Severus Alexander, AKMAVP CEAΛΕΞΑ ΕΠΟ-ΤΙΒ-ΑΙΛ-Α ΛΕΞΑΝΔΡΟ ΝΔΡΟΟ Bost of Sev. V.B. KV M ΑΙΩΝ		
	-	ing paludamentum and cuitass.		
139	Æ 1:15		[Pl. xxm. 19.]	
140	Æ 1:15)		
			I. Maranca.	
141	Æ 1·	IOV MAM EACEBAC TH Bust of J. Mamuea r.	EΠΙCTP AA EΞΑΝΔΡΟΝ Β KVM ΑΙΩΝ Tyche standing fasing, head 1, in r., rudder; in l., cornucopias.	
			Orbiana.	
43	Æ 95	FNAOPB IANHAV FO Bust of Orbiana r. [PL xxiii. 13.]	EΠCTAΛE ΞΑΝΔΡΟVB· KV MA IΩΝ Poseidou, naked, standing L, r. foot ou prow; in r. hand, dolphin; in L hand, trident.	
		G	ordian III.	
		AVKAIMANT FOPA IANOC Bust of Gor- dian III r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cui- rass.	Naked athlate	
143	Æ 1·15		[Pl. xxiv, 1.]	
144	Æ 1-2			

No.	Matal, Size.	Obverse.	Reverse,	
		Presequillina.		
145	Æ 1·2	ΦΟΥΡΙΑ-ΤΡΑΝΚΥΛΛ EINA-CEB- Bust of Tranquillina r.	EAVPACKAHΠ IAKOVIBKVM AI ΩN* Cultus-status resembling Artemia of Ephesus, wearing modius; on either side, fore-part of stag visible. [Pl. xxiv. 2.]	
146	Æ11	ΦΟΥΡΙΑ-ΤΡΑΝΚΥΛΛ EINA-CEB Bust of Tranquillina t. [Bank Coll.]	EAVPCVNΦEPO NTOC-TO B-KV MAI Ω N Cyme standing 1., wearing short chiton and turreted head-dress; in r., dolphin; in I., bipennis, pelts, and (mantle?). [14. xxrv. 3.]	
Di-	Æ :65	ΦΟΥΡ-ΤΡΑΝΚΥΛΛΕΙ NAC Bust of Tranquil- ling r.	KVMA IΩN Athena standing r.; in raised r. hand, spear; on out- stretched I. hand, segis,	
121	281 010			
148	Æ-8		(KVMA I ΩN) [Pl. xxiv, 4.]	
			Valerian.	
119	Æ11	AK-IT AI-OVAAEPIAN OC Bust of Valerian r., laur., wearing paludamentum and onlines.	CT-AV-EΛΠΙ Δ ΗΦΟΡΟΥ KV M AIΩN Cyme standing looking l., wearing short chiton which leaves right breast baro, and turreted head-dress; in r., globe; in l., trident; at feet, dolphin. [Pl. xxv. 5.]	
		* ∈=ivi. Γ=γραφανίαν: (borrall): ng. Leake, Nam. Hell	published in New Chron, vii., p. 48	

No.	Metal, Size.	Öbverse.	Reverse.
150	Æ 1·15	A K-TI-AI-OVAAEPIA NOC Bust of Valerian r., laur., wearing paluda- mentum and crimes.	EΠ-ΕΛΠΙΔ ΗΦ O PO Poseiden in V biga of sea- kVMAI horses l.; ΩN supporting female figure (Amymone or Cyme?) on his L arm: Poseiden, wearing himation over lower limbs, stands l. looking back; in his r., trident.
a.e.s			
151	Æ 1.05		(KVMAIΩN no magistrate's name) beneath, waves.
152	Æ 1·4	AKTIONIKIOVANEPI ANOC Bust of Vale- rian r., leur., wearing pe- ludamentum and enimass. [Pl. xxiv. 6.]	EΠΙ-AVP-EΛΠ ΙΔΗ ΦΟΡΟΥ-Ν E-*KV M AI ΩN Hyginia standing r. feeding serpent from patera, and Askiepios standing l. holding anake-americal staff in r.
153	Æ 1-4	A K-TTO-AIKI OVAAE PIANOC Bust of Va- lerian r., laur., wearing pa- ludamentum and cuirass.	EΠΙ-AVP ΕΛΠΙΔΗΦΟΡΟΥ-ΝΕ-* ΚΥΜΑΙΩ N Youth, naked, standing r., holding horse by bridle; in r., spear.† [Pl. xxiv. 7.]
154	Æl4	AVT-K-II-AIK BAAE PIANOC Bust of Va- lorian r., radiate; wearing enirses.	
		+ Formerly in the Bank of	e on coin of M. Anrelius struck at Elben, England Collection (Numberstie Chronicle, The of the youthful Cyricus on Cyricune Myris, p. 51, no. 238; pl. zili, 11, and op.

No.	Mstal. Size.	Ohverse.	Reverse.
155	Æ 1·5	AV K-TI-AIK OVAAE PIANOC Bust of Va- lerian L, laur.; wearing pa- ludamentum and cuimss; spear and shield visible.	MAI O IC
		Gall	ienus.
156	Æ 1-05	AVTKITAIK FAAAIH NO C Bust of Gal- lienus r., laur., wearing pa- ludamentum and cuirass.	AIA EPME IAC TIPVT- KVMAIO IC Cultus status resembling Artemis of Ephesus, wearing modius and veil; on either side, stag. [Pl. xxiv. 8.]
157	Æ 1-2	AVTK-Π-ΛΙΚ-ΓΑΛΛΙ HNOC Bust of Gal- lienus r., laur., wearing pa- ludamentum and cuirass. [Pl. xxiv. 9.]	AIAEPMEIA C-TIPVT-KV MA I OIC Athena, westing belinet and chiton with diplois, standing I.; in extended r. hand, patera; I on shield.
		AVT.K-TI-AIK- FAAA IHNOC Bust of Gal- lienus r., lanr., wearing pa- ludamentum and cuirass.	AIA EPMEIAC TPVT-KV MAI OI C Isis standing L; in r, sistrum; in L, sceptre.
158	At 1.05		[Pl. xxiv. 10.]
159	Æ1.		(KV MAI O IC)
160	Æ -95		(" ")
161	Æ:85	A.K.TO.AIK.FAAAIH NOC Bust of Gallienus r., laur, wearing paluda- mentum and cuirass.	KV M AIΩN Poscidon, naked, standing L; right foot on prow; in r. hand, dolphin; in L hand, trident.
162	Æ '85	AKTIO AIK FAAAIH NOC Enst of Gallienus r., laur, wearing paluda- mentum and guiruss.	KV MA IΩ N Male figure, naked, standing looking r., holding horse (fore-part visible) by bridle; in his r., globe, [PL xxiv. II.]

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Roverse.		
163	Salonina and Saloninas. KOP OVANEPIANOC ETI ATIA HOPPOV K CAARN Bust of KVM AI Dionysos, wearing him lower limbs, standing to the standing to				

Yo.	WŁ	Motal, Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.	
	-				
			DT A TA		
			ELAEA.		
			Fifth Century B.C.		
			After	r eire, n.c. 400.	
				SILVER.	
			Head of Athena L, wear- ing close-fitting crested helmet.	A A I Olive-wreath: whole is incuse square.	
1	194	AR -47)	[Pl. xxv, 1.]		
3	6.1	Æ 3.	[Pl. xxv. 2.]	(E A A [19])	
3	- 21*	A:4	Head of Athena r., wearing cless-fitting crested heimet. [F1, xxv. 3.]	Olive-wreath : in centre, pellet.	
			Four	th Century E.C.	
			Afte	r eire. p.c. 340.	
				HRONZE.	
4		Æ ·1	Head of Athena l., wear- ing close-fitting crested helmet.	Corn-grain between two olive- branches.	
5		Æ :85	Head of Athena 1., wear- ing close-fitting created helmet.	Olive-branch between two corn- grains. [Pl. xxv. 4.]	
			Head of Athena L, wear- ing Corinthian crested helmet.	E A Corn-grain: whole in olive- wreath.	
6		Æ 75	[Pl. xxv. 5.]		
7		Æ .75	(helmet ornamented with scrpent.)	[Pl. xxv. 6.]	

No.	Metal. Sizo.	Obverse.	Royarse,
8	Æ-8	(helmet ornumented with serpent.)	
9	Æ ·7		
10	Æ 16	[Fl. xxv. 7.]	beneath wreath, POAY
11	Æ:45		
13	Æ:4		
13	Æ '45		
14	Æ 45		'a
15	Æ ·6	Head of Athena r., wearing created Corinthian helmet. [Pl. xxv. 8.]	EAAI Horseman riding r.; r. hand mised: whole in olive-wreath.
		Im	verial Coinage.
		(a. Withou	t heads of Emperors.)
			of Augustus ? *
		Demater) r., wreathed with corn: border of date.	EΛ AITΩN Athena, wearing helmed and chiton with diplots, standing z.: in z., owl; in l., spear.
16	Æ -8	(in front, letters P)	in field 1., EV
		Sestini (Nus. Hedeeus., ii., p. 14) be trusted, a specimen with the inscription AIOYIA CE B effigie Ceretia, "Nos. III.—18	not incompatible with an attribution to i3—Augustus. If, however, the reading of 5, no. 6 = Mion., Sup. vi., p. 28, no. 193) may reverse of our no. 18 has as its obverse the SAC (TH) and a head of Livin, "subsuid therefore certainly belong to the reign may also be conveniently areigned to the

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
17	E ·8		[Pl. xxv. 9.]
18	Æ -75		in field L, ECNATIOY M
19	Æ*8	Head of Persephene (or Demeter)r., wreathed with corn (countermarked with head of Athena r.).	EΛ Al Poppy-head: whole in olive- TΩ N wreath.
		Head of Parsephone (or Demeter) z., wreathed with corn : horder of dots.	Inser. (EAAITON) Toreh: the whole in corn-wreath.
20	Æ 7	[Pl. xxv. 10.]	EΛ AI T ΩN
21	Æ :75	(no border.)	E AAI T ON
23	E '6	[Pl. xxv. 11.]	Ε ΛΑ ΙΤ ΩΝ
23	Æ :6		Ε ΛΑΙ Τ ΩΝ
24	Æ:5	(no horder,)	EA ALT ON
25	Æ:+6		EΛΑΙΤΩΝ
36	Æ .55		E ΛΑ IT ΩN
37	Æ ·6		EΛ AI TΩ N
28	Æ 10	Ε[ΠΙ]≼ Ω ΚΡΑΤΟΥ	E ΛΑ IT ΩN
20	正够	E[ΠΙ] \(\begin{align*} \text{OY} & \text{K PA T} \\ \text{PL xxv. 12.]}	E AAI T ON

No.	Metal. Size.	Ohverse.	Reverse.
		Ti	me of Trajan.
30	Æ:8	Bust of the Senate r.	E ΠΙ ΕΠΑ(ΓΙ)Α ΕΛΑΙ Poppy head on stalk between two ears of corn.*
		Time of Trajan, 1	fadrian and the Antonines.
		Youthful male hust (Apollo ") z.; head bare; behind, branch (of laurel ").	EAA I T ΩN Poppy-heads and ears of corn.
31	Æ -6		[Bank Coll.]
32	Æ-6		[Benk Coll.]
33	Æ 16	[Pl. xxv. 13.]	(ελ ΑΙ ΤΩΝ)
		Bust of Athena r., wearing helmet and aegis.	EΛΑ€ ITΩN Kalathos containing poppy-heads and care of corn.†
31	Æ '55		
35	Æ '55		
38	Æ ·55		(ΕΛΑΙ ΤΩΝ)
37	Æ :55	[Pl. xxv. 14.]	(€ΛΑΙ ΤΩΝ type sariesL)
38	Æ '65	EAAI TΩN Beardless male bust r., wearing wreath, (Apollo 7).	EΠΙ ΠΕΛΛΩΝΙΟΥ: Kalathos containing poppy-head and ears of corn [Pl. xxv. 15.]
		# With the type op. Belt. Mu	n of Trajan : ses Imbouf-Blumer, Greek. a Cat. Alemendria, pl. xxx., non 551, 553 dv.,
		WHAT NEWS TRAVES SHILLING RISK COULT UT WE	Lurelins, type, Rape of Persephone. Mass under M. Asselins: see no. 45 infra-

- 3

No.	Metal. Sico.	Obverse. Bavarse,
39	Æ:55	Bust of Athena r., wearing helmet and segis. [Pl. xxv. 16.] EAA[I] TON Telesphores standing facing.
		(b. With heads of Emperors.) - Claudius.
40	Æ 7	TI-KΛΑΥ KAICAPEΛ EΠΙ-ΤΙ-ΔΗΜΗΤΡΙΟ Υ Kalathos [AITΩN] Head of cornaining poppy-head and ears of corn.
		Domitian.
41	Æ ·65	ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΝCEBA CT Head of Domitian poppy-heads and ears of corn.
		Hadrian.
		AVTO ΤΡΑΙΑΔΡ Bust of Hadrian r., laur. Poppy-heads and ears of corn.
42	Æ ·65	[Pl. xxvi. i.]
43	Æ:6	(ENA ITON)
		M. Aurelins.
44	走1.3	AVKAIMAV PANTO EII [I] CTPA · IIAOKAMOV EARITO N C Aurelius r.; bare; slightly bearded; wears paludamentum and cuirass. Hades, supporting Persephone in his left arm, standing in chariot drawn by four gallogang horses; beanath horses' feet, overfarmed kalathos containing ears of cora and poppy-head. (Rape of Persephone.)*
		* With the type compare Alexandrian cein of Trajan, Brit. Mos. Cat., Alexandria, p. 49, so. 407; pt. ii. 407. On an Alexandrian coin of Hadrian (Ib., pt. xxx., no. 906) a kalathos filled with popples and corn occurs; the kalathos is ornamented with a representation of the Rape of Persephone; on each side of the kalathos is a torch. Cp. our Elecan coins of Domitian and Commodus.

-	2000		
No.	Meial. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
45	Æ 1·4	AVKM AVPH[AI] OC ANT[ΩNI]NO Bust C of M. Aurelius r. [slightly bearded?]; wears paluda- mentum and cuirass.	EΠΙCTΡ-ΠΕΛΛΩ NIOV NE [E]ΛΑΙ ΤΩΝ] [OV* Asklepios, wearing himation, standing facing, looking L; in r hand, snake-encircled staff; on L, poppyhead and two ears of corn on long stalks; on r., olive-tree. [Pl. xxvi. 2.]
			L. Verna,
46	Æ:•6	AOVKIOC KAICAP Head of L. Verust r., bare; [slightly bearded]. [Pl. xxvi 3.]	EAAI TON Kalathos containing poppy-head and ears of corn.
		I set, in Ithen, z., 1885, p. 3 [doos]. The word NEOV is another coin of Elana the ine NE EAAITΩN occurs (Mi p. 99, no. 27 sepra, we find the int TPIC NE OV and on coin EΠΙ - ΑVP - ΕΛΠΙΔΗΦ p. 122, no. 153): ΕΠΙ ΕΛΠΙ p. 116, no. 117): ΕΠ. CT. Α ΜΑΙΩΝ (Loebbecks in Zett. [P ΕΛΠΙ] ΔΗΦΟΡΟΥ. no. 172). These coins of Cyme viated from NEOV) are equescriptions ΔΙC or B following bears the same name as his fath thus, ΕΛΠΙΔΗΦΟΡΟΥ ΑΦΟΡΟΥ. NEOC must be younger." Compare Φ on ceins of Faustina the Young p. 88, no. 30) and at Nicowedia tion of the coin of Aegae (see AIΩNOC TPIC NEOV, Pollo bore the same name as his cit., p. 500). † Coins of this type were for adopted are of Augustin. One adopted are of Augustin.	strategos, Imboof Blamer reads NEOY 3. Marx (Mitthellangen des d. deutsch. arch. El) reads the same inscription NEOK quite distinct on the present coin: on oniption EΠΙ CTP-ΠΕΛΛΩΝΙΟΥ υπ., iii., p. 16, no. 56). On a coin of Asgae, cription EΠΙ ΑΥΡ. ΠΩΛΛΙΩΝΟC as of Cyme the following legends socur:—OPOV · NE · KVΜΑΙΩΝ (supres, ΔΗΦΟΡΟΥ Ν ΚΥΜΑΙΩΝ (supres, ΔΥΡ. ΕΛΠΙΔΗΦΟΡΟΥ ΔΙΟ ΚΥ für Nussa, xii., p. 814): [Ε]ΠΙ CT. ΑΥ Β. ΚΥΜΑΙ (Nionnet, Sap. vi., p. 25, abow that NE and N (evidently abbrevivalent to ΔΙΟ or Β. In lapidary insignation of a proper name indicate a person who ar (B. Beimach, Truite d'épiscophie greeque), ΔΙΟ = ΕΛΠΙΔΗΦΟΡΟΥ ΕΛΠΙΔ herefore have the signification of a junior, AVCTEINA NEA CEBACTH or struck at Amaetria (Wroth, Cat., Pontos, (cp. sit., p. 182, no. 37) ΕΠΙ. ΑΥΡ. ΠΩΛ the word TPIC appears to indicate that a father and grandfather (cf. Reinach, cf. minerly attributed to Lucius Caesar, the neattribution to Lucius Caesar, the neattributio

Blumer, Moon. gr., p. 274, no. 235, and Pick in Z. f. N., xvii., p. 192 f.

No.	Motal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
		AVERY A AV. DROM	Commodus. EΛΑΙΤΩ N Bust of Crispina r. (as Demeter or Persephone) holding in L hand poppy-head and ears of corn. [Pl. xxv. 4.]
47	Æ -85		
48	Æ •65	(AV KAI [KO]MMO	(ΕΛΑΙ ΤΩΝ)
49	Æ '75	AVTK AVPKOMO Bust of Commodus r., laur.; wearing paluda- mentum and cuirass.	EAA EI TWN Two flaming torches entwined by serpents; between torches, flaming altar." [Pl. xxvi. 5.]
50	Æ·7	AVTK KOMMOA [O] C Bust of Commodus r., laur.; westing paludamentum and cui-	stan frank Con-1
		s	lept, Severus,
51	Æ 1-85		EΠΙCT PATHΓΟΥ ΛΙΡΡΙΟΥ[Ζ] Η[Ν]ΩΝ ΘΕ ΕΛΑΙΤΩΝ+
		Alexandria: one Wroth, B. M.	is Imperial coins of Cyricus, Pergamam and L. Cat., Mysia, Index, under "Torch" and Cat., Alexandria, Pl. xxx. 29, &c., 112 and no. 114 (sulphur cass in Brit. Mus.); PIOV = L. Hirrins.

No.	Metal_ Size.	Obversa.	Reverse.	
		Gordian III.		
52	Æ-8	AVTOK ΓΟΡΔΙΑΝ OC. Bust of Gordian III. r., Isur,	EΛΑ EITΩN Demeter standing L.; in r., ears of corn; in l., long torch.	
		T	rajun Decius.	
53	Æ 1.6	AVTKMEC KVINTPAL ANOCΔEKI OC Bust of Trajan Decius r., laur.; wearing paludamentum and enirass.	Zeus sested L on throne; in z.,	
		Here	mnies Etruscus.	
54	Æ 1·35	KVIN EPEN ETPOVC KOC MEC ΔEKI Bust of Haramins Etruscus r., bare; wearing paludamen- tum and cuirass.	∈ΠΙC-AVP-ΔOP VAAOV-B- ∈Λ A∈ ITΩ N Athena wear- ing helmet and chiton with diplois standing I, r. hand holds patern over lighted altar; I, hand supports spear and shield. [PL xxvi. 6.]	
\$5	AS 1-1	KVIN EPEN ETPOVC KOC AEKI Bust of Hereunius Etruscus r., bare; wearing paludamen- tura and cuisass.	EΠΙΔΟΡΥ Λ ΑΟΥΕΛΑΕΙ ΤΩΝ Male figure (Herennius Etruscus ?) wearing cuirass standing l., holding in n patern over lighted alter placed beneath tree (of olive?); in his l. paludamentum and sword. [PL xxvi. 7.]	
		3	Hostilianus.	
56	Æ 9	FA-IOVAN OCT ME CKVINT Bust of Hos- tilianus z., bare, wearing paludamentum and cui- ross.	EΛΑ€ ITΩN Tyche standing I.; in r., rudder; in L. cornucopiae.	

S'o.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reversey			
ı		GRYNIUM				
			ird Century B.C.			
			BRONZE.			
		Head of Apollo, laur., three quarter face towards L	FYPNHΩN Mussel-shell.*			
1	Æ -65	[Pl. xxvr. 8.]				
2	Æ:7		(LALANH)			
3	Æ '45	[Pl. xxvi, 0.]	(N H)			
4	Æ ·45		(ryp)			
5	Æ 45		(FYP)			
		* Coins of this class were formerly attributed to Pyraus in Caria, the f of the legend having been misread as f. Mr. H. P. Borrell (Num. Chron., ix., pp. 159-160), who pointed not this error, stated that the coins in question were "invariably procured (by him) in company " with coins of Pitane, Porgamum, Cyme and Myrian, and he suggested the attribution to Gryaium in Acolis, which is no doubt correct, though the town-name in the Anthors and in Inscriptions is always given as Gryaium or Gryaia, illdust, i. 149, Counte; inser. in Ball. corr. hell., rit., p. 372, 1. 7. [PYNH[w]: Strabo, Column: Pliny, H. N. v. 30 (33) Gryaiu.) Nos. 1, 4, 5 were formerly in Mr. Rorrell's Collection; no. 2 was procured from a resident at Smyraa; no. 3 was presented by Mr. W. R. Paton in 1891 together with some other coins chiefly of Caria.				

No.	Metal. Size.	Obvecse.	Reverse.		
		LARISSA PHRICONIS. Fourth Century n.c.			
			BRONZE		
1	Æ ·85	Bearled male head r., bare (Herakles?). [Pl. xxvi. 10.]	AAPI≾AI Amphora; in field z., grain of corn.		
2	Æ-7	Female head r., wearing sphendone, earring, and necklace. [Pl. xxvi. 11.]	A Amphora; above, bunch of P grapes; on l., club; on r., enduceus.		
3	A 7	Female hoad L	[A]A[PI]? Amphora; on L, cadu- ceus; on r., bunch of grapes.		
ı		Female head L, wearing ear- ring and necklass.	A Amphom; above, bunch of P I gmpes; on 1., caduceus; on r., ear of corn.*		
4	Æ 45				
5	Æ ·4		(A A P bunch of grapes and symbol on r. not visible.)		
		p. 28 ff.; pl. iii.]. No. 3 was together with 26 other Greek of the Larism in the Troad there Blumer further assigns to Lar reverse-type of a bull, and p of Bocone (Mess. gr., p. 275). rec., Horseman, assigned by I p. 283) to this Larism. are ben	hors type seem to belong to this Larisen of the name (cp. Dumarean, Rev. Mann, in., purchased by the British Museum in 1880 oins, most of which were of the Troad. Of seem to be no coles extent. Dr. Imbeof-prises Phriconis broms coins having the wints out that they resemble the money. The bromse coins with siv. Head of Apollo, Sorrell and Ramsay (Jose, Hell. Stud., II., er attributed to the Ionian Larises, on acted by Dr. Imboof-Hlumer, Mon. 37., p. 239)		

No.	Wit	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverso.
				westing laurel-wreath and hima-
1	258.8	AL 1:35	[Pl. xxvii. 1.]	in field 1., 🛱
2	253.4	A 1-25	[Pl. xxvii. 2.]	,, ,, A
3	359.	AR 1:4		" 🖾
4	58-5	ÀR -7	[Pl. xxvii. 3.]	M [DRACHE.]
			three series, according to be Apollo is treated. In Series Series II, it is arranged in thin, straggling ringlets. If II, for it has the formal cur reverse are identical with their in natural ringlets, especially as displayed in the specimens in Series III. as annually later, than those in style, while II, contains p	irachms of this class are here grouped in se differing modes in which the hair of a L. the hair falls in natural ringiets. In formal ourls, and in Series III. it falls in its 6 is transitional between Series I. and is of Series II., but the monograms on its here of the drachm no. 5, which has the With regard to the style of the coins, a head of Apollo, it will be seen that the re decidedly worse, and therefore presented in I. are of good icess some of which resemble the pourly treated

No	WŁ,	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
5	58.2	AR -85	(countermark [of Tem- nus?], bunch of grapes.)	in field L., Æ, AE, [3] [Duacus].
6	250-2	A 1-25	[Pl. xxvii. 4.]	й и и и
			Serie	s II.
7	243-6	At 1-35		in field 1., BN
8	257-	R1:35	[Pl. xxvn. 5.]	н н Д
9	231.6	A 1-3		11 11 All
10.	249-5	R I 35		4. 11 11
11	260-	R 1 25		" " K
12	250-8	At 1:45		" "K
13	253-2	R 1-35		» » M
14	185:8	A 1.2*		" " *
15	352*	Al 1-4 thans		- m - m
			Series	III.
lō	257/5	AL14	Į i	i field L., 🖨
17	257-	At 1:45		" Ñ
18	260-8	Al 1:35		" " 为
19	257-8	R13	[Pl. xxvn. 6.]	· 17 🔟
			* This colo is sither of base	aliver or of bronze plated with allver,

T

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Raverse.		
		[For Alexandrine coins struck at Myrina, see Müller, nos. 933-942, Classes v., vi.]			
			BRONZE		
		Head of Athena r., westing close-fitting crested helmat ornamented with griffin.	MY PI Amphora,		
20	Æ 65	[Pl. 3xvn, 7.]			
21	Æ:65	(griffia not visible.)			
22	走 7				
23	Æ: 45				
34	A) 4				
25	Æ 14		dia con		
26	Æ 4	(type l.: griffin not visible.)	(M Y)		
		Head of Apollo r., laur.: border of dots.	MY PI Amphora; in field r., lyre.		
27	Æ ·7	[Pl. xxvn. 8.]			
28	Æ :65				
39	Æ 6	(border not visible.)			
30	Æ 6				
31	Æ 65	(border not visible.)			
39	Æ ·5	Head of Helios r., radiato: berder of dots.	MY Pi Amphora.		

No.	Metal. Size,	Obverso.	Reverse.			
		Imperial Coinage,				
			BROSZE.			
		(a. Withou	at names of Emperors.)			
		Traja	n-Commodus?			
		AP KOP NHAIOV Bust of Apollo r.; in front, laurel-branch.	MVPI NAIΩN Lyre; on 1., palm-branch.			
83	Æ '65	[Pi. xxvm. i.]				
34	Æ 165					
35	Æ 55	Bust of Apello r. [17]. EXVIII. 2.]	MVPEI NAIΩN Lyre,			
86	Æ-T	EΠΙCTP ΔΙΟΝΥC[Ι ΟΥ] Bust of Apollo r.	MVPI Lyra; on r., palm-handi,			
37	Æ 5	Head of bearded Herakies z.	MVPEI NAIΩN Telesphores stabil- ing facing.			
38	连-55	Bust of Athena r., wearing believt and angia.	MVPEI NAIΩN Telesphoros stand- lug facing.			
39	Æ) ·5	Telesphores standing facing. [Pl. xxvm. 3,]	MVPEINAIΩN Lyre.			
40	Æ '55	Bust of Athena r., wearing helmet and segis. [Pl. xxviii, 4.]				

No.	Metal. Size.	Opasse.	Raverse,		
41	在 ·7		inn—Gallienus. MVPEI NAIΩN Tyche standing L, holding in r. rudder; in L, cornu- copiae.		
		(6. With i	names of Emperors.)		
40	Æ -65	AV[TOKPAT] OPAT PAIANON Head of Trajan r., laur.	Tmjan. [Θ] EANPΩ [MHN] MYPI Busk of Roma r., turnsted.		
		31	. Aurelius.		
43	Æl	AVKAIAV PHAIOCO VHPOC Head of M. Aurelius r., laur.	EΠΙ ΜΟΥΛΑΡΙΟΤΟΦΑΝΟΥΟ MYPINAIΩN Apollo of Grymium attanding to front, looking L; wears himation which leaves r. shoulder bare; r. holds patern over lighted alter; in L, laural-branch, filloted, † [Pl. xxviii. 6.]		
		Se	pt. Severus.		
44	Æ15	AVT- KAI- Λ-CEΠ [C	E[III C]TP-EV HEICT OV-TO VATTAAOV MVPEINAI ON Hexastyle temple, within which Apolloof Grynium, wearing himation, attanding to front, looking L; in his r., patera; in L, laurel-branch.; [Pl. xxviii. 7.]		
		* Cp. note * on cain of Cyme, supra, p. 118. † Cp. n better preserved specimen described in Imboof-Blumer, Griech. Missen, p. 632, no. 248; pl. viil. 15. 2 Cp. a similar specimen described in Num. Chron., vii., p. 40, no. 1.			

No.	Metal, Size.	Obverse,	Hoverae.
8		G	ordian III.
457	Æ 1·6	A·K·M·ANT-ΓΟΡΔΙΑ NOC K·ΦΟV C TPANKVAΛ€INA Rust of Gordian III. r., laur., wearing paluda- mentum and cuimas, facing bust of Tranquillina.	EΠ·CT·KO·ΦΟΥΡ ΙΟΥΑΠΟΛ ΟΦΑ ΝΟ Υ MVP€INAI [ΩN] Hexasiyle temple, in which Apello of Grynium, wearing himation, stand- ing to front, looking L; in his r., patera; in L, lunrel-branch.
		7	ranquillina.
46.	Æ ·8	[ΦΟΥΡ: ΤΡΑΝ]ΚΥΛΛ EINAC Bust of Tran- quilling z.	MVPE IN Al ΩN Artemis huntress grasping horn of steg, on which she kneels r.
	}		
		ALLI.	ANCE COIN.
		ANGA	E AND MYRINA.
		Sen	Апале, верга.

No.	Metal. Size.	Ohrerse,	Ravorae.
		NEO	NTEICHOS.
		Secon	ad Century B.C.
			REONZE.
1	Æ ·45	Head of Athesa t., wearing close-fitting helmet.	NE (no type).
2	Æ 14	Head of Athena r., wearing close-fitting helmet.	NE Owl.
3	Æ :65	Head of Athena r., wearing close-fitting helmet ornamented with griffin. [Pl. xxviii. 8.]	
		Num. Chron., vii., p. 19, no. 1 161) who states (Num. Chron. brought to him "from Apolls to the Marien and Pe	the property of Mr. H. P. Borrell (no. 1= 1 no. 3= Borrell, Sale Catalogue, 1852, lo 2 vii., p. 49) that coins of this class were and Mysia, with coins of Temnus, Cyme organus. Consinery also tostifies to simi Acolis (see Micn., iii., p. 22, note).

No.	Meial. Size.	Obrerse.	Reverse.		
		TEMNUS.			
		Fou	with Century a.c.		
			SRONZE.		
1	AC -45	Head of Dionysos I., bearded wreathed with ivy. [Pl. xxviii, 9.]	T A Bunch of grapes with vine- leaves and tendrils: the whole in elight circular incase.*		
2	A1 4				
3	Æ :35	(head r.)			
		Thi	nd Century is c.		
			DRONZE.		
4	Æ:75	Head of Dionysos r., beard- less; wreathed with ivy. [Pl. xxvm. 10.]	T A Bunch of grapes; the whole within wreath of vine.		
		Head of Dionysos r., beard- less; wreathed with ivy.	T A Bunch of grapes hanging from vine-branch with leaves.		
5	Æ 175	[Pl. xxviii. 11.]			
6	Æ:7		in field I., 17		
7	Æ 7	[Pl. xxvm, 12.]	· · •		
		Catalogue assigns it to Tomos	ally attributed (c.p. by Leake and Head) to d to 1841 of Mr. Bargon, who in his MS. a. The close resemblance of the coins in K of the island of Nazos (Wroth, Cat., Cress is remarkable.		

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Бетигий.		
- ch	A -55	Second and First Centuries B.C. SILVER. Head of Apollo r., laur. T A Tall one-handled vase; above it, vine-branch from which hang for bunches of grapes; in field, A Millian and the second states of grapes.			
		[For Alexandrine coins attrib nos. 953-956; parions s	used to Temnus, see Müller, Num. d'Alez., pecimens are in the British Museum.]		
	1		T. A. Donah of secretar housing from		
150.0	Æ '5	Head of Dionysos r., beard- less; wreathed with ivy.	T A Bunch of grapes hauging from vine-branch with leaves; in field r.		
10	Æ:75	Head of Dionysos r., beard- less; wreathed with ivy. [PL xxiz. 2.]	T A Athena wearing belief and chiton with diplois standing L; in r, Nike and bunch of grapes; L supports shield; in field, Δ H		
		Imp	perial Coimage.		
			IIHONZE,		
		(a. Withou	t names of Emperors.)		
			ire. A.D. 200 l		
11	Æ·65	eπizΩ IΛΟΥ River- god Hermos, naked, re- elining 1.; in r., plant; in 1., cornucopiae. [Pl. xxix. 3.]			
-		un I. Similar types pount of	blished by Borrell in Num. Chros., vii., p. 50, a bronze coins of Temnus: see L. Müller, Lenormant, Catal, Rehr, p. 91, no. 546.		

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse,	Esverse,				
12	Æ 1-	Elagabalus. IEPACVN KAHTOC CTP·HPΩ ΔΟ [VTHMNE] Bust of the Senats r. One another; each with one arm be plucking chiton at neck, and w the other arm lowered.					
		Severus Alexander—Philip I. IEPACVN KAHTOC CTPCMAP AΓ ΔΟΥΤΗΜ EITΩN† Two Nemeses standard one another; each with arm bent, plucking chiton at n and with the other arm lowered.					
13	Æ 1:1		(-C-AV-CTPATONEIKIANOV THMN);				
15	Æ 1	[Pl. xxix. 4.]	(E-CT-AV-CTPATONEIKIANO VTHMN EITΩN)				
16	Æ	(IEPACV NKAHTOC)	(CT:AV:NE IKO CTPATOV T				
17	Æ 1	countermark, Δ	(EΠ-CTP-ANTΩNEINOVTHM NEIT)				
		* The name of the strategos Herodes occurs on coins of Elagabalan, see Mion., iii., p. 20, no. 174. † Sumragdos occurs on coins of J. Mamnea, see Mion., Sup. vi., p. 45, no. 275. ‡ Stratomicianus occurs on coins of Severas Alexander (isfre) and of Philip I. (Mion., Sup. vi., p. 46, no. 286). § Nikostratos occurs on coins of Gordian III., see Mion., iii, p. 30, no. 180. Antonians occurs on coins of Philip I., see Mion., Sup. vi., p. 46, no. 284					

No.	Metal, Size,	Obverse.	Reverse.		
		Valerian—Gallienus.			
		TH MNOC Turreted female bust r. (The city of Temnus, or an Amazon foundress of Temnus?)	ing L; in r., rudder; in L, comu-		
18	Æ -76	[PL xxix, 5.]	1		
19	Æ •75		(THMN EITΩN)		
20	Æ 7		(THMN € ITΩN)		
21	Æ 7				
23	Æ ·8	SEVC AKPAIO C Bust of Zeus Akraice r.	THMN EIT ΩN Homer seated r.; in outstretched l., scroll.		
23	A5 -55	CAPA TIC Bust of	THMN €ITΩN Eagle standing v.		
		* With the types compare the coins of Cyme (supra, p. 117, nos. 118-120) and Myrina (supra, p. 139, no. 41). † Coins of the same flat fabric as nos. 15—23 and with similar representations occur at Smyrma and are assigned by Mr. Head (Cat. Ionia, pl. xxvii.) to the period of Trajan—Commodus. I venture to think that most of the Smyrmaean coins in question and those of Tennus, nos. 18—23, are of a later time, and that they belong to the age of Valerian and Gallianns. The founds head on no. 15 of Tennus, in fact, resembles that on a coin of Erythrae and Chlus (Cat. Ionia, p. 150, no. 274; pl. xxviii. 11.) assigned by Mr. Head to the age of Valerian (cp. also Cat. Ionia, p. 315, nos. 65, 166, time of Valerian and Gallianus).			

So.	Metal. Size.	Ohverse,	Reverse.	
		(b. With name of Proconsul.) Asinius Gailus, n.c. 6-5.		
		ACINIOC FAAAOC AFNOC Male head r., beardless and bare (Asinius Gallus*).		
24	Æ 17		[Pl. xxix, 6.]	
25	Æ ·6		[Pl xxix. 7.]	
26	Æ :6			
		1		
		(c. With	heads of Emperors.) Augustus.	
		KAICAPCEBACTOCH AOYCIAC YHAT[H AC]+ Head of Augustus r., beardless and bare.	ATIONAAC PAINIOYTAMNI TAN Athens wearing belinest and chiton with diplois standing I.; in r., Nike and bunch of grapes; I sup- ports spear and shield.	
27	Æ ·8	[Pl. xxix. 8.]	[Bank Coll.]	
28	Æ -85			
29	Æ '8		1	
		and the article "Lee portraits montales" in his Melanges de far Nem., ii., p. 69 L. and L. Mul mots qu'an trouve souvent dans magistrate rumaine, par exemuser, pt., 2631, 4240; comme un Waddington (Fastes, no. 58, p. 1 † The last three letters are Von Saliet (2. f. N., xil., p. 361 in the Berlin collection read According to Von Saliet, form whomeint tenrals let wie fame verbinden; research height restricted.	the well-known Asinius Pollio, was Pro- a.c. 6-5. (See Waddington, Fusies, no. 59, des proconsuls d'Asie et d'Afrique sur los soum, ii. p. 133 ff.; cp. Mommeus in Zert. der, do. p. 235 f.) "Apper, aprela, sont des eles inscriptions homoriliques appliqués aux ple à Tios, rès àprès descodérar (Corposi- tatin, integurrimo et sanctissimo pressidi." b6). not distinct on these specimens, but le. f.) states that two examples of the cois YTATHAC (the H has the form [4]). has = degrites = considerar : "der Genetiv presses s'éconius mut der Kaisername zu hich, vornahm, also dis gauze Titulatur der hohem Consulars inde bekleider."	

No.	Metal Sizo	Obvesso.	Reverse.
30.	Æ 1·	△OMITIAC [€BAC TH∮] Bust of Demitis r.	Domitia. OΛΕΩCΤΗΜΝΙΤΩΝ CTPATHΓΟ[V] Athena, wearing belief and chiton with diplois, standing L; in r., Nike [and bunch of grapes?]; L supports spear and shield.
31	Æ :85	The second second	CTP AKVATHMN Athena (as on list) standing L; in r., Nike;
		C[T]H Bust of Faustine	l. supports spear and shield.
			Commodus,
32	Æ 1*8	[AVT]O K-M-AV P-K OM[OAOC] Bust of Commodus r., laur., wenr ing paindamentum and outrees.	A
			Julia Macest
10.0	Æ 1·2	ACTH Bust of Juli Massa r. [Pl. xxix. 9.]	B EΠ-CTPA HP ΩΔΟΥΤΗΜ NEI ΤΩ N Athens, wearing helmet and chiton with diplois, standing L; in r., Nike; I, supports spear and shield.
		* This cain is in poor ec Micenet, Sup. vh. p. 13, na. 2	ndition: a better specimen is described in 68; cp. Wellenhelm, Cat., i., p. 229, no. 5200

No.	Metal. Size	Obverse,	Reverse.			
34	Æ 1:4	Severus Alexander,				
신명	25 174	AKMAVPCE: ΑΛΕ SANΔPOC Bust of Severus Alexander r., laur., wearing paludamentum and entruss.	Eff-CT-AVP-CTPAT ONEIKI ANOV-TH MNE IT Ω N Youthful male figure, wearing hunt- ing-boots, and chlamys over 1. arm, advancing 1.; r. hand outstretched over the head of a stag that runs before him.			
		6	fordian III.			
35	Æ 9	AKMANT ΓΟΡΔΙΑΝ OC Bust of Gordian. HL r., laur., wearing patudamentum and cuiness,	THMNE I TΩN Herakles stand- ing L; in r., kanthares; in L, club and lion's skin.			
		Ou	acilia Severa.			
		MAΩTAK CEVHPA CE Bust of Otacilia Severa r.	THMNEI TΩN River-god Her- EPMOC mos, beardless, reclining L; himation over lower limbs; in r., branch; L on arm.			
36	Æ:85		[PL xxix, 10.]			
37	Æ :85					
		I	hilip, juni			
35	正 %	AKMIΦI ΛΙΠΠΟC Bust of Philip, jun. r., wearing paludamentum and cui- tass.	THMNEI ΤΩΝ River-god Her- EPMOC mos, beardless, reclining I.; himation over lower limbs; in r., branch; i. on urn.			
39	Æ *85	AKMIDI AITHOC Bust of Philip jun. r wearing paludamentum and cuirass.	THMNE TΩN Herakles standing L; in r., kantharos; in l., club and lion's skin. [Pl. xxxx. 11.]			

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
			TISNA.
		Four	th Century s.c.
			BRONZE.
Ţ	A:45	Beardless male head 1., horned (the River Turvaios or Tirvaios). [Pl. XXIX. 12.]	TI≅ NAION One-handled vase L*
		no. 240, who well points out ii. N. v. 32) must have been in t one-handled wase is a disting	Blumer in his Mountier greeques, p. 275, that Tiens (= the "Titanne" of Pliny, the neighbourhood of Cyme and Aegne. The tive type of Cyme, and the river TIT erial coins of Aegne (supra, p. 98, no. 23). troduction," supra, under "Tisna."
		*	

LESBOS.

No.	Wt.	Mesal, Sixe.	Obverse	Reverse.
			1	
			I	ESBOS.
			Ditt	LON CUINAGE.*
			Circ.	в.с. 550—440.
1	236	Hill:85	Quadripartite equare; quarters in relief; in centre, pellet: border of data between two circles. [Pl. xxx, I.]	Rude incuse square.
2	234-4	Bill, 0	Lion's head r.; mouth open, [Pl. xxx, 2.]	Rude încuse square.
3	188-2	Bill ·8	Lion's scalp. [Pl. xxx, 3.]	Rude incuse square.
4	33-	Bill. 45	Lion's scalp.	Rude incuse square.
5	19	Bill-35	Lion's scalp.	Rude Innuse square.
			-	
			* On this coinage and the of Loubos, see " lutroduction	attribution of certain specimens to citie

No.	WL	Motal.	Obverse.	Reverse.
			Gorgoneion.	Rude incuse square.
6	231-8	Bill. 85	[Pl. xxx. 4.]	
7	318-8	Bill. ·8		
8	218.3	Bill, ·8		
9	103-5	BIIL-65	Fore-part of boar r. [Pi. xxx. 5.]	Rude incuse square.*
			Two hears' heads facing one another.	Rude incuss aquazo.
10	23-2	Bill. *4		(in centre of square, lorenge-shaped sinking.)
11	18.8	Bill. 4	above, A [Pl. xxx. 6.]	
12	184	Bill. ·4	19 12	
13	17-5	Bill. 4	,, AE	
14	17:3	Bill. '4	, ∧E≷	
18	17-7	ВШ, м	[Pl. xxx. 7.]	
18	17-5	Bill,		
13	9-6	Ban.	above, M [Pl. xxx. 8.	
			* This reverse, like that shows an approximation square.	of several other coins in the Billon series, to a quadripartite division of the incuse

No.	WE	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Roverse.
18	9:1	Bill ·3		
19	9.7	Bill. ·3	[Pl. xxx. 9.]	(H within linear square)
20	8.5	Bill ·3	[PL xxx 10.]	(in centre, M)
21	14:5	Bill. 35	ΛΕ≼ Boar's head l. [Pl. xxx. 11.]	Rude incuse equare.
92	9:1.	Bill -3	Two boars' heads facing one another: above, eye. [Pl. xxx. 12.]	Quadripartite incuse square.*
			Boor's head r, : above, eye.	Rade induse square.
23	14.5	Bill3	[Pl. xxx. 13.]	1
24	13.5	Bill. 3		
25	129	Bill. ·3		
			Two eyes.	Rude incuse square (sometimes quad- ripartite).
26	7:3	Bill -3		
27	6:1	Bill •3	[PL xxx. 14.]	
28	5:3	Bill. 25	[PL xxx. 15.]	
39	4.9	Bill25		
			* Procured at Mytilene by Trucels in the Levant, il., p. 1	y Sir C. T. Newton, and engraved in his

So.	WL	Motal. Siza.	Obvecse.	Reverse,
30	4:7	Bill. 25		
31	4.4	Bill-25		
32	3:9	Bill. 25	[Pl. xxx 16.]	
33	3-6	BIII.:25		
34	3.9	Bill2		
35:	2.8	Bill2		
36	2.6	Bill. •2		
			Eye.	Rude incuse square.
37	3.	Bill. •2	[Pl. xxx. 17.]	
38	3.6	Bill. 2		
39	1-8	Bill. •2		
40	1.2	Bill. 15	(type obscure)*	
41	4:4	Bill. 25	Two eyes. [Pl. xxx. 18.]	Amphora within incuse square,
		1	Head of negro r.	Rude incuse square.
42	147	Bill.*35		
	1		* Promeed by Si	U. T. Newton.

No.	Wt.	Metal. Size.	Obverso.	Reverse,
43	14:	Bill. ·3		
44	12-3	Bill. '3	[Pl. xxx. 19.]	
45	15.3	Bill35	(type L)	
46	169-3	Bill. •8	Two calves' heads facing one another; between them, olive-tree. [Ph xxx. 20.]	Rude incuse square,
47	169	Bill. ·8	[III saan svej	
48	171/3	Bill8		
49	159-8	Bill75		
			Calf's head L	Rude incuse square.
50	88-2	BIII,-65	[Pl. xxx. 21.]	
51	62:8 worn.	Bill. •6		
52	114	Bal. · 8	[Pl. xxx. 29.]	+
53	10.5	Bill3		
54	7:3	Bill25	Calf's head L	Lion's head I, within incuse square.
55	6.9	Bill28		

No.	Wt.	Motal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
			Youthful male head 1., bound with taenia (Apollo i)	Quadripartite incuse aquare.
56	14	Bill, 35	[Pl. xxxi. 1.]	
57	8.7	Bill -3	[Pl. xxxi. 2.]	
58	59-6	Bill · 5	Youthful male head L (Orpheus I) wearing Thracian (I) head-dress.* [Pl. xxx1, 3.]	Lion's head L within incuse square,
			Female head 1., hair tied with cord wound twice round.	[M] Y Lion's head r.; whole in incuse square.;
59	30.1	Bill.:45	[Pl. xxxr. 4.]	
60	13.7	Bill. 35	[Pl. xxxi. 5.]	(no inser.)
61	13.8	Bill. 3	4	(n n)
62	11.5	Bill3		(" ")
			p. 279, no. 354; pl. s, no	ablished by Dr. Imhoof-Blumer (Mean. pr., 31), who describes the obverse type as de la tiare pursu." I renture to suggest rphens, relying on its resemblance to the t Orphens and Eurydice: see Saumeister, ig. 1317. nn. gr., p. 279, no 255.
			4	

No.	Wt.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
			- 1	LESBOS.
			ELEC	TRUM COUNAGE.
			Circ.	в.с. 480—440,
			-	SIXTHS,
			Series I.: 1	everse type in intaglio.
			Fore-part of winged boar r.	Lion's head r. (in intaglio); behind, small incuse,
Ţ	39.6	El. 4	[Pl. xxxi. 6.]	
2	39-5	El. 45	[PL xxx1, 7.]	
3	39-5	E1. 4	[Pl. xxxx. 8.]	-
4	39-7	EL 45	Fore-part of winged boar L [PL XXXI. 9.]	Lion's head L (in integlie); behind, small incuse.
			Fore-part of bull I.; in front, M	Lion's head r. (in integlio); behind, small incuse,
5	39-2	E1, *4	[Pl. xxxx, 10.]	
6	39-4	El. ·4		(type I.)
			Ram's head r.; beneath,	Lion's head r. (in intaglio); behind, small incuse.
7	38 6	EL 4	[Pl xxx1, 11.]	
8	38 2	EL. 45		
Đ	39-4	EL *45	[Pl. xxx1. 12.]	
10	39	EL -4	[Fl. xxxi. 13.]	(type L)

No.	Wt.	Matal. Size.	Obverse,	Reverse.
n	39-2	R1. 4	Ram's head r.; beneath, cock l. [Pl. xxxi 14.]	Bull's head I. (in intaglie).
19	41.6	El, 45	Ram's head r.; beneath, ram's leg r. [Pl. xxxr, 15.]	Bull's head r. (in intaglio).
13	38	El. ·4	Ram's head τ.; beneath, cock, l. [Pl. xxxi. 16.]	Head of bearded Herakles r., wearing tion's skin (in intaglio); behind, small incuse.
14	39-2	El. ·4	Gorgonsion on aegis fringed with serpents [Pl. xxxi. 17.]	Head of boarded Herskles r., wearing lion's skin (in intaglio); behind, small incuse.
			Fore-part of horse r.; be- neath, AE	Head of bearded Hemklesr., wearing lion's skin (in integlio).
15	39-2	El. 45	[Pl. xxxl. 18.]	
16	38-6	El. 4	[PL xxxt. 19.]	
			Lion's head r.	Calf's head r. (in intaglio); behind small incurs.
17	38%	El. 4	behind, AE [Pl. xxxi. 20,)
18	39-	El. 4	behind, AE	*
19	39.	7 El4	[PL xxxx, 21.]	
20	38*	5 El. 4	[Pl. xxxi, 92.]	
23	39-	4 El. 4	5 [Pl. xxxi, 23.]	
25	39	5 El. 4		

No.	Wt.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Raverne,
23	39-6	El. 45	[PL xxxi, 24,]	(type L)
24	34.3	El, 4	Lion's head r. [Pl. xxxi, 25.]	Cock's head I (in intaglio); behind small incuse.
25	39-2	EL 45	Fore-part of winged lion 1, [Pl. xxxl. 26.]	Cook's head L (in intaglio); behind small incuse.
26	38-1	F1, -4	Hend of bearded Heraldes t., wearing lion's skin. [Pl. xxxi. 27.]	Bull's head r. (in intaglio).
27	38-1	EL·4	Head of Athena r., wearing close-fitting crested halmet and circular earing. [Pl. xxxi, 28.]	Lion's head facing (in intaglio).*
i			Circ. Ro.	140—350 (or later 1)
Ш		1		STATER.
28	238-4	El. 75	MVTI Head of Apollo r., laur.; hair short. [Pl. xxxii, 1.]	Quadripartite incuse square.
				STATUS.
			Series II.: reverse t	ype within plain incuse square.
	6		Fore-part of goat r., look- ing l.	Owl facing, wings aprend, within incuse square.
29	35.8	El. 45	[Pl. xxxn, 2.]	
30	38-3	El. 45		
			square on the reverse, and a place them in Series III. wi incuse. The style of the of 31, seems, however, to requi Series II. sather than with the	val. II., p. 227, with AE (Imboof Coll.) a linear border as well as the incure merely mechanical arrangement would atch has a linear border as well as the brezzes of nos 31, and perhaps 33 and re that the coins should be placed in to coins of Series III. I am inclined to up it may possibly belong to Series III.

No.	Wt.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
			Fore-part of boar r.	Lion's head r. within incuse square.
31	37:6	El. •45	[Pl. xxxii, 3.]	(lion's head within linear border.)
82	37-5	El. 4		(lion's head within linear border.) [Pl. xxxu. 4.]
33	394	El. *4	Female head r., wearing carring; hair rolled. [Pl. XXXII 5.]	Lion's head facing within linear border: whole in incuse square.
34	37-7	El. ·45	Youthful male head r., bare. [Pl. xxxx. 6.]	Call's head r. within double linear border; whole in incuse square.
35	37.7	El. :4	Fore-part of winged lion l. [Pl. xxxii, 7.]	Sphinx seated r. within incuse square,
36	38-1	El, 45	Head of Athenar, wearing close-fitting crested hel- met and circular sarring. [Pl. XXXII. 8.]	Two calves' heads facing one another within incuse square.
37	39-	El. 45	Head of Athena r., wearing close-fitting crested helmet, ornamental with upright olive-leaves and (at back) with floral scroll. [Pl. xxxii, 9.]	on the margin of which is a raised linear border.
38	39-3	El4	Head of bearded Dionyses r., wreathed with ivy. [Pl. xxxr. 10.]	Two calves' heads facing one another; above, floral organizate (olive- spray i): whole in incuse square.
			Head of bearded Satyr r. with pointed ear.	Two rame' heads facing one another, within incuse square.
39	38-	El. 4	[Pi, xxxII, 11.]	above, floral ornament (clive-spray f).
40	384	EL 4	5	n 16 10 10

No.	Ws	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
41	38:5	El. 45	[Pl. xxxii. 12.]	
42	38-7	El. °4		
			Head of Apollo r., laur.; hair short.	Two rams' heads facing one another, within incuse square.
43	38-8	EL -4	[Pl. xxxn, 13.]	above and below, floral ornament (olive-spray!)
44	39-2	El, 4	[Pl. xxxn. 14.]	
45	37:8	El. 4	Head of Apollo r., laur.; huir short. [Pl. xxxn, 15.]	Call's head r., within incose square.
46	38-4	El. *4	Head of Apollo r., laur. [Pl. xxxII. 16.]	Kantharos; beneath, vine-branch: whole in incuse square.
			Bearled male head r,; hair rolled.	Female head r., hair relied; within incuse square.
47	38-4	El4	[Pl. xxxn. 17.]	*
48	37-9	EL -45	[PL xxxn, 18.]	
			Female head, three-quarter face to r.; wears neck- lace; hair, bound with cord, in formal curls over forchead.	
49	38-	EL 45	[Pl xxxii. 19.]	
50	381	EL 4	[Pl. xxxii. 20.]	above bull's head, M

No.	Wt.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
51	39-9	EL 4	Female head, three-quarter face to r.; wears neck- lace; hair, bound with cord, in formal curls over forehead. [Plaxxxn. 21.]	Two boars' heads facing one another; between them, A: whole in incuse square.
			Youthfulmalehead (Pau i) r., horned; hair short.	Gorgoueion within incuse square.
52	38-7	E1. 45	[PL xxxn. 22.]	
53	594	El45	[Pl. xxxn. 23.]	
54	38-8	El4		
55	38-2	EL 45	Youthful male head r. hair short, bound with tsenia. [Pl. xxxu, 24]	Crested Carinthian halmetr., in front $\leq (=M!)$: whole in incuse square.
56	36-2	El. ·4	Youthful male head r. hair short. [Pl. xxxxx. 25.	(Dionysos); within incuse square.
57	38-9	El4	Head of Zens Ammon r. bearded; horned. [Pl. xxxii. 26	Female head r., wearing stephane; within incuse square.
			Series III.: reve	res type in linear equare within incus equare.
58	38.7	EL :43		Two bearded terminal figures (Diony-
5	39-1	EL.4	Head of hearded Dionys r., wearing wreath ivy. [PL xxxIII. 2	os Femalo hend r., wearing kalathos of linear square; whole in incust square.

No	Ws.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
60	39-6	El4	Youthful head r. (Apollo !) Wreathed; hair short.* [Pl. xxxiii, 3.]	Head and neck of griffin r.: square border of dots: whole in incus square. [Bank Coll.]
61	39-5	E14	Head of Apollo r., wreathed with laurel; hair long. [Pl. xxxiii, 4.]	Lyre: Hnear square: traces o incuse square.
			Female head r. (Aphro- dite i) in sakkos; wears earning and necklace.	Lyre: linear square: traces of incuse square.
62	39-5	El. 45	[Pl. xxxm, 5.]	
63	38-5	El. 45	[Pl. xxxii: 6.]	
64	39-1	El. 45	[FL xxxm, 7.]	
			Head of Persephone r., wreathed with corn; wears carring.	Bull lutting L: linear square : traces of incuse square.
65	39.4	El. 45	[Pl. xxxIII. 8.]	
66	39-1	El. :45	[Pl. xxxm, 9.]	
67	30-6	EL 4	Head of Maenad 1., wreathed with bunches of grapes; wears ear-ring and necklace. [Pl. xxxrr, 10.]	Lion r.: linear square: whole in incuss square.
			* The preservation of thi Mr. Head (Nus. Chron., 1887) * female bend r., wearing wre	s specimen is not entirely antiafactory. p. 297, no. 85) describes the type as a

Noc	Wt.	Motal. Size.	Obverse.	Raverse.
68	39-4	El. 45	Head of Hermes r., wearing petasos tied under chin and on back of head. [Pl. xxxtrr. 11.]	Panther r.: linear square: whole in incuse square.
			Female head r. (Kybele ?), wearing carring and turreted head - dress, ornamented with acan- thus pattern.	Head of Hermes r., wearing petasos tied under chin and on back of head: linear square: whole in incuse square.
69	39-6	El45	[Pl. xxxIII, 12.]	
70	39.	EL 45	[Pl. xxxIII. 13.]	
71	39.2	EL -45	Head of Athena, wearing crested helmet, earring and necklace, three-quarter face to r. [Pl. xxxIII. 14.]	
			Head of Hera r., wearing ornamented stephanos.	Head (of negro type) r., wearing stephane: linear square: whole in incuse square.
72	38.8	EL -4	[Pi. xxxm. 15.]	
78	38-4	EL-4	[Pl. xxxm. 16.]	
			Female head r., wearing earring and necklace; hair in broad plaits tied with cord ending in tassal.	Hend of young Dionysos r., wreathed with ivy: linear square: whole in incuse square.
74	39-2	El. 4	[PL xxxm. 17.]	
75	39.4	E2, -45	[Pl. xxxm. 18.]	

No	Wt.	Metal.	Obverse,	Raverec.
76	35:4	El. *45 (base.)	Head of Athena I., wear- ing helmet. [Pl. xxxiii. 19.]	Head of bearded Silenos facing: linear square: traces of incuse square.
77	39.4	El. ·4	Head of young Dionyses r., wreathed with ivy. [Pl. xxxiii. 20.]	Head of bearded Silenos facing linear square; whole in incuse square,
78	39-4	EL +4	[Pl. xxxiil. 21.]	above head on left, star.
			Head of young Dionysos r, wreathed with ivy.	(Pan.f); hair short: linear square:
79	39-6	E1 ·4	[Pl. xxxmr. 22.]	whole in incuse square.
80	39-1	EJ. 45	[Pl. xxxm, 23.]	
81	39-5	El. +45	[Pl. xxxiii: 24.]	
82	88-7	El1		[Pl. EEEHL 25.]
83	89-1	Kl. 45		Youthful mule head r., horned (Pant); hair short: linear square: whole in incuse square.
84	39-4	E1, -4	Youthful male head r., bound with taenia; hair short, [Pl. xxxxx. 27.]	Female head r.: linear square: traces of incuse square.
			House of Apollo r., laur.	Female head r.; hair in sphendone: Huear square: whole in incuse square.
85.	39-5	10. 45	[Pl. xxxnr, 28.]	bolind, serpent

Na.	Wt.	Motal. Size.	Obverse,	Reverse,
86	38-6	EL 4	[Pl. xxxm, 29.]	behind, serpent i
87	39-5	E1. 4	behind head, serpent.	[PL xxxv. I.]
88	39-4	El. 4	in n	[Pl. xxxiv. 2.]
89	39-2	EL -4	68 — FF	[Pl. xxxiv. 3.]
			Head of Apollo r., laur.	Female head r.; hair tied in bunch behind, drapery on neck: linear square: tmess of incuse square.
90	39-3	EI. +45	[Pl. xxxiv. 4.]	
91	39-3	El. ·4	[Pl. xxxiv. 5.]	
92	39-	El45	[PL xxxiv. 6.]	
93	39-8	El. ·4	[Pl. xxxxv. 7.]	
94	39-4	EL -4	Head of Apollo laur, three-quarter face to r [Pl, xxxiv, 8.	Female head r.; hair in sakkos: linear square: whole in incuse square.
			Bearded male head (Area I), wearing creste helmet, ornament- with griffin.	r. Female head r.; hair in sakkos: linear square: whole in incuse square.
95	39:	2 EL 4	[Pl. xxxiv. 9.]	
94	39-	4 EL 4	[Pl. xxxiv, 10.]	
19	7 39	8 El	[Pl. xxxiv. 11.]	

No.	WŁ	Metal. Size.	Ohverse.	Reverse.
			Beardless male head r. (one of the Kabiri or the Dioskuri) wearing pileus wreathed with laurel: on each side of head, star.	square: traces of incuse square."
98	39-1	El45	[Pl. xxxiv. 12.]	
99	39-3	El. 45	[Pl. xxxiv. 13.]	
100	39-6	E14		
101	39-7	EL: -4	Head of Apollo r., laur. [Pl. xxxiv. 14.]	Beardless male head r., wearing chiamys and teenia (or wreath) [without linear square and incuse).
102	39-	El. •45	Youthful male head r. (Apollo) wreathed (with laurel!) [Pl. xxxiv. 15.]	wreathed (with laurei i); chlamys
			Head of Apollo r., laur.	Female hoad r., bare; hair long; linear square: whole in incuse square.
103	89-2	El. 45	[Pl. xxxiv. 16.]	
104	39-5	El. 45		(wears necklace.)
105	38-9 (base ?)	El. •45	Head of Athena r., wearing closs-litting crested helmet. [Pl xxxiv. 17.]	Bearded male head r., wearing Persian head dress with ends falling behind neck: linear square; whole in incuse square;
			* No. 59 was produced by ! Attributed by Dr. J. P. Googylid dynasty of Pergami	SIT I Name I Thomas Address - comme

No.	WŁ	Motal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
			Head of Athena r., wear- ing close-fitting helmet, created and ornamented.	Female head r. (Hera?), wearing ornamented stephanos; hair short: linear square; whole in incuse square.
106	39-	E1, 4	[PL xxxiv. 18.]	[Bank Coll.]
107	38.2	E145	[Pl. xxxiv, 19.]	
108	37-6	El. ·4		
109	39/5	EL ·45	Head of Athena r., wearing close-fitting crested helmet and earring. [PL xxxxx. 20.	traces of incuse square.
			Head of Zeus Ammon r. horned; beardless.	Eagle standing r., looking back : wings closed : linear square : whole in incuse square.
110	39-5	El. 45	[Pl. xxxiv, 21.]	
111	39:4	E1. ·4	[Pl. xxxtv. 22.]	
112	39' (bass.	E1. 4		
ii:	39-4	EL 4	Bearded male head r laur. (Asklepios of Zeus); in front, se pent. [Pl. 1221v. 23	Rest of winged Nike to front; head r.; wears necklace and chiton; hair tied in bunch behind; above head, two stars: linear square; truces of incuss square.
11	39-1	E14	Bearded male head haur, (Asklepios Zeus); in front, se pent. [Pl. xxxiv. 24	r. incuse square.

No.	Wt.	Motal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
			Bearded male head r., laur, (Asklupios or Zeun).	Upper part of serpent r.: linear square: traces of incuse square.
115	39-5	EL -45	[Pl. xxxiv. 25.]	-
116	39-4	EL-4	[Pl. xxxiv. 26.]*	
117	39.1	EL:45	Bearded male head r., laur. (Asklepios or Zeus). [Pl. xxxiv. 27.]	Trident: linear square: [without incuse square]. [Bank Coll.]
			Head of Demeter r., veiled and wreathed with corn; wears circular earring.	Tripod with fillets attached: linear square: whole in incuse square.
118	39-6	EL 45	[Pl. xxxiv, 28,]	
119	39-2	EL ·45	[Pl. xxxiv. 29.]	
120	39-1	El. 45		1
121	39-3	El. 45		
4.50	39-2	EL-4	Bust of Masuad r., draped but with r. breast bare; head thrown back; hair, in sphendone, floating behind. [Pl. xxxiv. 30.]	The second secon
			seem to indicate that by the serpent is not neighboring, 85-80 it appears to be a attribute of the divinities ro	
				tion - Thomas Sale Car 1821 les acor

No.	Metal Size.	Ohverso.	Reverse,
			N OF LESBOS, nucleus.
1	Æ 1-35	(Inser obscure.) Bust of M. Aurelius r., laur.; wour- ing paludamentum and cuirass. [Bank Coll.]	T
2	Æ 14	(Inser. obscure.) Bust of M. Anzelius r., laur.; wear- ing paludamentum and cuirass. [Bank Cell.]	KOINECBION peror (†) standing I., r. hand upraised; in I., spear; before him, draped female figure (Demeter!) standing r., holding torch (†); behind him, young Diony- ses standing I., holding in r. kan- thares, in I. thyrses.
3	Æ 1:4	AVTKMAVPH KOM OAOE Bust of Com- modus r., laur., wearing paladamentum and cui- russ.	DIALIN
4		countermark, lyre.*	(magistrate's name obscure.)
		* Found at Myillene ;	from the Bank of England Collection.

No.	Metal. Siza.	Obverse.	Reverse.
5	Æ 1·35	[AVTK]MAVPH K[O MOAO]E Bust of Commodus r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cuirass; countermark, lyre.	EL BIΩN The Emperor in military dress standing L, holding in r, patern over flaming altar; in L, apear: facing him, female figure (Mytilene I) in chiton and peplos, standing, holding in r. cuimss, in L sceptre: in exergue, figure (rivergod I) reclining L; in L, rudder; r, hand raised.*
6	走 1.45	AV[TKM AVPH KO MOAOE Bust of Commodus r., laur., wearing paladamentum and cuitass: countermark, terminal figure (of Dionysos !) on prow. * Found at Mytilene: f	EHIC [T] PHO MCE HT. PI[A]NOV! KOIAECBIO N Temple of eight columns. [Pl. xxxv. 2.] [Bank Coll.] rom the Bank of England Collection.

So.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Raveres.
1	AL-55	(Struck	OS INSCRIBED AIONE. at Methymna !)* B.C. 330—280 ! BILVER. AIONE Thunderbolt; beneath, ! [Weight, 35:1 grains.];
a)	Æ-65	Female head (Hera !) r., wearing stephane, earring, and necklace. [PL xxxv. 4.]	AIOAE Thunderbolt; beneath, bunch of grapes.
3	Æ-6		
4	Æ:55	[Pl. xxxv. 5.]	
5	Æ ·65		
6	Æ: 45		

Na.	Metal, Size,	Obverse,	Raverea,
		Pemale head (Hera?) r., wearing stephane, earring, and necklace.	AIOAE Thunderboit; beneath, cadu
7	Æ .7	[PI, XXXV. 6,]	(AIOA)
B	Æ ·6		
9	Æ 5		
			4
		-	
		1	
		100	

Non	We.	Metal. Size	Obverse.	Reverse.
			UNCERTAIN	MINTS OF LESBOS.*
				SILVER.
			Circ	n.c. 500—440.
1	25.7	AR *5	KI O1? (inser, obscure) Two boars' heads facing one another. [PL xxxv. 7.]	
			Two boars' heads facing	Incuse square divided diagonally.
2	23.8	A 5	[PL xxxv. 8.]	
3	19-9	/R -5		
			cleased them (MS. Catel.) at tion on no. 1. No. 3 was no. 4 was acquired in 18 Callection, and is describe as "uncortain." Coins six imboof-Riumer, Monn. pr., at rend M. pl. s., no. 26; at The exact provenance of boars' heads on our not certain. The base motal Monn. pr., no. 246, have town of Lesbos or to on or Monn. pr., no. 243, is	the Collection of Mr. H. P. Borrell, who o Mathyama without noticing the inscrippresented by Mr. J. Doubleday in 1811; 5; no. 5 is from the Hank of England d in Herrell's MS. Cat. of that Collection silar to nos. 1 and 2 are published by Dr. s.v. "Kithes!" p. 277, no. 345 [where fined no. 346, pl. E. no. 27 (Cab. de Franca) he coins is unknown, but the type of the 1—1 renders their Lashian origin almost and the "syn" type of our no. 5 and of Dr. Imboof to attribute the vola to of the Hekanoanssei. The inscription of the Hekanoanssei. The inscription (IO) (or KIO!?), though it is obscured. The inscription on Mona, gr., no. 246 KIO, but the letters or our correspondents.

			www.mosie		
No.	Wt.	Metal. Sixo.	Obverse.	Roy	erso.
4	4-	AR +35	Two boars' heads facing one another. [Pl. xxxv. 9.]	Boar's head r,: in	cuso squaro.
5	31.7	At :45 (base ?)	Beardless male head r.; hair short (Apollo I) [Pl. xxxv. 10.]	USERIES RETURNS	Human eye: in
			-		
		4			

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse-	Reverse,
			NTISSA.
		Oire, B	.с. 300—в.с. 167.
			BBONZE.
		Female head r.; hair rolled and bound with taenia.	A N Male head r., with pointed T IΣ beard; wears tall head-dress with veil.
1	Æ -65	[Pl. xxxv. 11.]	beneath, thunderbolt.
25	Æ -65		in front, escluceus.
3	Æ +6		beneath, club.
4	Æ ·65	(countermark, rose.*)	in front, lyre.
5	Æ -65	(" ")	., thymiaterion (1)
6	Æ -65	(, , ,)	(symbol obscure.) [Pl. xxxv. 12.]
7	Æ ·4	Youthful head r., with long hair (Apollo I). [Pl. xxxv. 13.]	Male head r., with pointed beard wears tall head-dross with veil benestle, M†
8	Æ ·5	Bull standing L; above, club	A N Male head r, with pointed [T IX?] beard; wears tall head dress with veil: beneath, bunch of grapes.
9	A2 -6	Bull standing l.; above, club [Pl. xxxv, 14.	A N Apollo in long drapery, standing l.; in l., lyro; in r., plectrum.
		* As on Rhodian coins.	ack at the neighbouring town of Methymna

No.	Metal, Size.	Obversa.	Reverse.
			ERESUS.
		Circ. B.C. 3	00—n.c. 200, or later.
1	Æ ·55	Head of Hermes r., wearing potases. [Pl. xxxvi. 1.]	EPEXI Youthful head r., wreathed?; hair long (Demeter or Apollo),
10	Æ ·7	Head of Hermes r., wearing petasos.	EPEΣI Ear of corn.
3	Æ 4	Head of Hermes I., wearing petasos. [19]. xxxvi. 2.]	EPEΣ Ear of corn; in field 1., pen- tagon and croscent?
4	Æ-35	Head of Hermes r., wearing petases.	EPE Enr of com.
5	Æ ·35		
6	Æ 15	Head of Hermes r., wearing petasos. [Pi, xxxvt, 3.]	EPEX! Ear of corn; in field r.,
7	承 45	Female head r.; hair tied in bunch behind, [Pl. xxxvz. 4.]	EPEΣI Ear of corn; in field r., star.
		Im	perial Coinage.
			BRONZE.
			Philip L
8	Æ 1-25	AVTKMIOVA PIAITI [HOC] Bust of Philip r., laur., wearing mulula- mentum and cuiruss. [Pl. xxxvi. 5.]	with diplois and helmet standing 1.; in r. Nike: in L. sport: at feet
		Caron, will, p.52, no. J. Thu is	d Collection; published by Borrell in Num- emple of Athena is referred to in an inscrip- Lolling in Mittheilungen der deutschen urek

No.	We.	Metal. Size.	Obverse,	Heyerse.
1			ME	THYMNA.
			Circ.	в.с. 500—450.
			1	HILVER,
			Boar r.; head lowered.	Head of Athens I., waaring car- ring, necklace, and close-fitting crested helmet with spiral decora- tion and projecting spike: * square border of dots: whole in incuse square.
1	132-	AR -85	MA⊕VMNAIO\$ [Pl. xxxvi. 6.]	
2	129.5	A .8	12	MA⊕VMNAI O≤
3	124-6	AR -8	[Bank, Coll.]	MA⊕VMN AI O≼ (fore-part of Pegasos instead of spike).
4	126-	AR .8	'n	n (n »)
			Gorgoneion.	Head of Athena L, wearing Carinthian helmet: square barder of dots whole in incuse square.
ō	22.	AR :48	[PL xxxvi. 8.]	
6	20+3	R 4	-	1
			† No. 6 was presented to Montagu, F.S.A., and com- referred to in Nos. Chros- (Greenwell). Speciments occurred in this heard, a Mathymna proposed by 1	s found on the holmets represented on in Nuss. Chros., 1893, p. 91. the British Museum in 1891 by Mr. H. S. from a hoard discovered in Lesbos and h., 1892, p. 32 (Montagu); b., 1893, p. 9 imilar to our no. 1 and to our nos. 5, 6, 7, nd the attribution of nos. 5, 6, 7, 8 a Mr. Montagu (loc. sit.) seems probable ased in 1892, and are possibly from the lyunondon, 1863, lot 519).

No	Wt.	Metal, Size,	Obverse,	Reverse.
			Warrior wearing cuirass and helmet kneeling l., holding spear and round shield.	Hosseman riding t. on fore-part of horse: square barder of dots: whole in incuse square.
7	42-2	At .55	[Pl. xxxvi. 9.]	
8	41.	AR -5		
			Oire.	a.c. 420—377,
		8. 1		SILVER,
0	194	Æ 4	Head of Athena I., wearing close-fitting crosted helmet. [Pl. xxxvi. 10.]	M A Lion's head facing: square border of dots: whole in incuse square.
10	99-3	A.7	Head of Athena 1., wearing close-fitting crested helmet ornamented with vine-tendrils, ivy-leaf, and crescent. [Pl. xxxvi. 11,]	MA O VM NAION Lyre placed on square tablet in relief; whole in incuse square.*
11.	48-6	AR *55	Head of Athena I., wearing close-fitting crested helmet ornamented with vine-tendril and cresent. [Pl. xxxvi. 12.]	M Kantharos : whole in in-
			Circ.	в.с. 330—240,
				SILVER.
			Head of Athena r., wear- ing created Corinthian halmet.	MA Lyre: whole within com- partment of bead-and- reel pattern.
12	42.	AR '55	[PL XXXVL 13,]	on 1., kantharos (lyre filleted),
			* From the Thomas Colle 2023). See slan Imbeof, Mount	ection (Sale Catal., London, 1844, tot mics precines, p. 278, no. 248,

Tu.	WL	Metal. Sizo.	Obverse.	Reverse.
13	40-1	AR '6	[Pl. xxxvl. 14.]	on L, bee.
4	41-4	A .55		" dolphin."
5	40.8	AR -55		
16 18 5	18.5	Æ '45	Head of young Herakles r. in lion's skin. [Pl. xxxvi, 15.]	M A Arion, wearing long chiton O Y and chlamys, seated facing on dolphin r.; in L, lyre; r. hand outstretched.
				BRONE
			Head of Athena r., wear- ing crested Corinthian helmet.	M A Kantharos.
17		Æ '65	[Pl. XXXVL 16.]	on r., wreath.
18		Æ :5	[Pl. xxxvi. 17.]	above, bunch of grapes.
19		Æ -58	countermark, bec.	20 20 39
20		Æ 5	11 11	(details obscure.)
21		Æ ·5	n 0	
93		Æ ·5	11 11	(border of dots.)
23		Æ '5	5 ,, 1,	1
			his Travels and Discourre	ention (let 2023). by Sir C. T. Newton, and engraved is in the Lecont, it., p. 19. On this column reverse type, the onistratched has a plectrum; cp. coin of Severus Alexandre

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Roverse.
24	Æ ·5	countermark, lyre.	
25	Æ:45		above, bunch of grapes,
26	Æ:5	, bee.	и и и
		Second an	d First Centuries B.C.
		[For Alexandrine coins, s	ee Müller, Num. WAles., nos. 981-982.]
			BRONZE,
37	Æ-55	Bull standing I.; above, club. [Pl. xxxvn, 1.]	M A Arion, wearing long chiton O Y and chlamys, seated facing on dolphin r.; head l.; in L, lyre; r. hand outstretched.
		Head of Athena r., wearing crested Corinthian hel- met; border of dots.	M A Kantharos: border of data
8	走力	[Pl. xxxvn. 2.]	
29	惠 65	countermark, lyre.	
10	Æ-7		
31	Æ 17	P 11	
3.3	Æ :65	и и	40
3	Æ: 65		

-			Reverse.
No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	100
34	Æ-4	Head of Athens r., wearing crested Corinthian hel- met. [Pl. xxxvii. 3.]	
35	AC 19	Head of Apollo r., laur. border of dots. [Pl. xxxvii, 4.]	to I love a build
		Is	nperial Coinage.
1		(a. With	out name of Emperor.)
1			
1			Sept. Severus and family.
1		Bust of Athena r., wearing	m MHOV MNAIΩN Tyche standing l.; in r., radder; in l., cornu-
3	6 Æ ·65	[Pl. xxxvii. 5.]	
3	Æ :75	ř.	
		(b. With	head or name of Emperor.)
		German	nicus and Agrippina, sen.
	38 Æ 8	F KAICAP FEPMAN KOC CEBACTOO Head of Germanicus	AΓΡΙΠΠΊΝΑ · ΘΕΑ · ΜΑ[Θ]V MNA Bust of Agrippina sen. r.
		* Procured for the Briti + From the Salutier Co	ish Museum by Sir C. T. Newton. Rection (Sale Cutal., London, 1853, lot 684).

No.	Metal, Size,	Obverse.	Roverse.
50	Æ 1-4	Bust of Commodus r., laur.; wearing paluda-mentum and cuirass.	Commodus. KAAC (?) V (traces of MHOVMNA magistrate's 1ΩN name). Disonysos wearing short chiton, holding in r. kantharos, in l. thyrsos, standing l., with pauther at feet, between naked figure (Apollo i) on r., and Athens, who holds spear and shield, on L*
40	Æ 1·3	countermark, Dionysiae term on prow.	
41	Æ14		J. Domna, EΠΙCTANTAN ΔΡΟΥΜΗΘΥ MNAI Ω Naked male figura (Apollo?) standing l.; r. foot on rock; r. elbow supported on knee; l. hand on hip: chlamys thrown over r. thigh. [Pl. xxxvii. 6,]
42	Æ 1·3	and the second second	Caracella. CTP IOV Chariot drawn MHOVMNAI r. by two pan therspressed all the spressed all the spresse
		name as KAAC, but the lett almost obliterated. Op. Cat. Wei † Published in Num. Chron., dynamic de la soc. franc. de N	England Collection, and is described by 3, no. 3), who reads part of the magistrate's sees are very obscure, and on no. 40 are lening, no. 5219. rii., p. 53, no. 4 (Bank Collection). Cp. cm., iii., p. 54; pl. v., 41 (Grésa Coll.); 3; pl. vii., 3; pt. iii., p. 58, no. 2.

No.	Metal.	Obverse-	Royarus.
45		AVKAIMA PAVPAN ΤΩΝΙΝΟΣ Best of Cameallan, laur.; bearded; wears paludamentum and cuirass.	MHΘV MNA I ΩN Bust of Athena r., wearing helmet and aegis,
44	Æ ·75	AVKMAV [A] NTΩ NI Bust of Caracalla r., laur.; wearing paluda- mentum and cuirass.	MHΘVMNAIΩN Arion, wearing long chiton and chlamys, seated facing on dolphin r.; in l., lyre; r. hand outstretched.
			Geta.
45	Æ:75	HICEHT FETACKA Bust of Geta r., bare; wears paludamentum and ouirass.	MH ΘΥΜΝΑΙΩΝ Arion, wear- ing long chiton and chlamys, seated facing on delphin r.; in L. lyre; r. hard outstretched.
16	Æ 195	ACEПГЕТА CKAIC AP Bust of Geta r, bare; wears paindamentum and entrass.	MHΘ V M NAIΩN Homonoia, wearing chiton and peplos, standing l.; in r., patera; in L., cornucopias.
4.7	Æ ·95	Bust of Geta r., bare wears paindamentum and onirms.	ing chiton and pelsos, stateting to
1	-	Ser	verus Alexander.
#50	AS :T	AA EZANAPO Bus of Sev. Alexander r., laur. wearing paludamentum and cuirass.	MHOVMNAIΩN Arion, wearing long chiton and chlamys, seated facing on dolphin r.; in l., lyre; in outstretched r., plectrum.
41	Æ 75	([A]AEZ ANAPOC bust varied: cuiras only	(M HΘVMNAIΩ) [PLxxxvii.8.]

No.	Wt.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
			M	YTILENE.
				B.c. 440—400.
			G F A	SILVER.
			Female head, three-quar-	M VTI Lion's head L: whole in
-			ter face towards I.; bound with riband.	incuse square.
1	13-3	A 4		(inscription obscure.)*
1.8	13.5	AR :4	[Pl. xxxvii. 9.]	(without inscription ?)
			Youthful male bead r. (Apollo), bound with taenis; hair short.	Quadripartite incuse square,
3	44	At ·3	[PL xxxvii, 10.]	
4	4-2	A 35		
T.		nr 00	T-	
5	10-2	-R -3	Youthful male head r. (Apollo), bound with tasnia; hair short. [Pl. xxxvii. 11.]	M V TI Calf's head r.: whole in incuse square.
				BRONZE.
			Head of Apollo r., laur.; hair short.	M VT Calf's head r.
6		Æ ·3	[Pl. xxxvii. 12.]	
7		Æ 4	[PL xxxvii. 13.]	(inser. obscura.)
			The state of the s	non with M VTI is published by 279, no. 253; pl. w. no. 30. Mnecum by Sir C. T. Newton.

No.	WŁ	Metal. Siza:	Obverse.	Roverse.
			Circ	п.с. 400—350.
			Head of Apollo r., laur.	Female head r. (Aphrodite!) wearing earning; hair rolled.*
8	20-	AR +4	[PL xxxvii, I4.]	behind, cicada
9	20-2	AR •4	[Pl. xxxvn. 15.]	s thunderbolt,
10	19:4	/R :4		, vase 1
11	21.6	AR 45	[PL xxxvII, 16.]	, oinschoe l
12	18-2	R 4		
13	18-	AR *45		. V1; in front, star1
14	18-4	AR 14		1
			Nes. 8, 9, 12 were procus Newton, Nos. 11 and 14 s his MS. Catal. (p. 178, no. 1 Burvell also states (Nem. specimen in the Bank of R MYTI Female head Massam with the Bank cot many other coins) of Maxi Massam registration book pared with a specimen in follows in his MS. Catal. 1	s. 8-14 to Mytllene appears probable, red for the British Museum by Sir C. T. were purchased of H. P. Barrell, who in 105) states that no. 11 came from Mytllene, Chron., vii., p. 53, no. 5) that there was a England Collection, etc. Hd. of Apallo r., r. This coin did not come to the British offsection, nor is it described in the MS. ns. No. 13 was purchased (together with milian Horrell in 1845, and in the British is useigned to Mytilene. It may be constituted in the F. Borrell's Collection, described as 102, nc. 3:—"oby. Laurested head to the MYT1 Fomale head to the right with backing. Y."

No.	Wt.	Metal, Size,	Obverse.	Bereise.
			Y T Lyre.	Lyre.*
10	7.7	AR ·3	(inser. partly obscure.)	
16	9.	AR :3	("[Pl. xxxvn. 17.]	
				FRONZE.
			Head of Apollo r., laur.	Calf's head r.
17		Æ:35		behind, cincahoe. [Pl xxxvii. 18.
18		Æ:35		n n (1)
19		Æ: 35		(MY) beneath, 1
			Head of Apollo r., laur.	MY Bull's head r.
20		Æ:35	[PL xxxvn. 19.]	behind, asduccus.
21		Æ ·35		44 dolphin.
22		Æ :35		24
23		Æ ·35		(TMY)
24		Æ '8		()
25		Æ :35		([Ti]IMY); behind, eagle t
			Nos. 15, 16 from H. P. described in Num. Chron., vi to be in the Hank of England	Borrell's Collection: op. the specimen ii., p. 53, no. 1, and stated (incurrectly ?)

i.o.	Wt.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
6		Æ -35		(MY); belind, oinochoo!
17		Æ :35		(TM1)
			Ch	ге, в.с. 350—250.
			Head of Apollo r., laur.	MY Lyre, with fillet attached: whole in linear com-
28.	176	A. 95	[Pl. xxxvii, 20.]	on I., thunderbolt.
29	189-	AR -95		" plectrum." [Pl. xxxvii. 21.]
30	166-3	AR -9	[Pl. xxxvII. 22.]	" thyrsos."
31	167-1	AR .9	[Pl. XXXVII. 23.]	,, amphora.
32	44/3	AR -5	[Pl. xxxviii. 1.]	n thyrsos.
33	43.	AR ·õ	5 [Pl. xxxviii. 2.]	,, pedum
34	44-5	AR -5		u quiver.
35	441	AR 15	5	caduceus.
36	40	1 A. 6	อี	(MYTI); on l., ivy-leaf.

No	Metal. Size.	Obverse,	Reverse.
			HRONZE,
		Female head r. (Aphrodite?) hair in sphendone.	M Y Lyre.*
37	Æ '5		on r., serpent.
38	Æ '5		а. в
39	A 5		" mm's head.
40	Æ *5		on t, serpent.
		1	
1]	Æ ·5		on L, amphora; on r., menogram t
12	Æ:5		→ branch; " ¥
13	Æ 55		19 19 29
14	Æ ·55		., caduceus; ., Fi
15	Æ ·55		., club; , A
16	A 15		n n t
+0			
	Æ 5		" ear of corn; " 🔨

Now 37-95 wers, with a very few exceptions, obtained by Sir C. T. Newton in 1855 when vice-consul at Mytllene.

Su.	Metal. Bize.	Obverse.	Reverse.
49	Æ-5		on L, ear of corn; en r., 🛪 î
50	Æ '5		n n n n
51.	Æ ·5		" purse " 🛱
52	Æ ·5	countermark, lyrs.	gs 20 36 FT
53	Æő		27 29 39 3
54	Æ 15		" trident; " 🛧
55	Æ ·5		, tripod; "BI
56	Æ 15		" " " [Pl. xxxviii. 3.]
57	Æ ·5		n n n 1
58	Al :5		on l., A ; on r., anchor?
59	Æ -5		" T? " cadnocus.
60	Æ '5		* A: ,, dolphin.
61	Æ ·5) 1 T
63	Æ :55		, [A]; ,, engle's head,
63	AG '55		м н W И

No	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse,
64	Æ ·55		on L, A ; on r., eagle's head.
65	Æ 55		n n n n u
66	Æ 55		" F? ,, ear of corn (orbranch?)
67	Æ:5		n n? n n
68	Æ ·55		" A; " bunch of grapes.
69	Æ :55		. E;
70	Æ ·5		n n n n
71	Æ-5		? fish-hook.
72	Æ '55		, A; " kantharos.
78	Æ -55	*	79 79 Nr 16
74	Æ 55		,, F? ,, cinochoe.
75	Æ -55		11 21 N 10
76	Æ :55		" Mi » prow.
77	Æ -5		29 27 23 24
78	Æ 15		" Ain "?
79	Æ -55		, n n milder?

No.	Metal. Size.	Ohverse.	Eaverse,
80	Æ-5		on 1. A; on r., thunderbolt.
81	ZE:+5		n n n thyrsos?
82	Æ '55		" Él; " " ?
83	Æ ·5		n n n n 2
84	Æð	[PL xxxvm. 4.]	B; " uncertain symbol.
85	Æ :55		10 10 20 10 20
86	Æ 15	[Pl. xxxviii. 5.]	
87	Æ -5		n n n n
88	Æ ·5		js. 103 107 25 30
69	Æ 5		n 29 m is _31
90	Æ 5	[Pl. xxxviii, 6.]	n n n n
91	Æ T	[Pl. xxxviii. 7.]	ps 9 30 35 11
91	Æ ·5		M:
9:	a 在·5		» Йі» « »
9	Æ 5		12 15 10 10 19
9	5 At in		" E? " " "

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse,
		Circ	. в.с. 250—200.
			ERONZE.
		Head of Apollo r., laur.	T Y Lyre: on L. 附; on r., 南.
96	Æ:75	countermark, bust of Ar- temis r., bow and quiver at shoulder.	[Pl. xxxvm. 8.]
97	Æ ·7	countermark, bust of Ar- temis 7., bow and quiver at shoulder.	
98	Æ •7	countermark, bust of Ar- temis r., bow and quiver at shoulder.	
99	Æ ·7	countermark, owl.	
100	Æ:7	two countermarks, owl, and bust of Artemis (as no. 96).	
101	Æ ·7	two countermarks, owl, and bust of Artemia (as no. 96).	
102	Æ ·75	two countermarks, owl, and bust of Artemis (45 no.96).	
		* A vase containing some hundreds of Mytilenean bronze coins of this type was discovered in Leabos at Kariai, on the road to Ajasen: see Koldowey, Leitas, pp. 40, 41. Dr. Dressel (cited in Koldowey, ep. cit., p. 41) considers that the coins are not earlier than a.c. 200. It is quite possible that be may be right, though I am myself inclined to place them in the period a.c. 250—200. The arrangement of the inscription and the form of the lyre seem to connect the coins with the earlier rather than with the later bronze money of Mytilene. It must also be borne in mind that, even when we set aside those Apollo and Lyre coins, there remains an abundant bronze outsays for the period subsequent to a.c. 200.	

So	Metal. Size.	Ohverin.	Beverse.
03	Æ '75	two countermarks, owl, and bustof Artemis (as no. 96).	
04	Æ-7	two countermarks, owl, and bustof Artemis (asno. 96).	
95	A7	two countermarks, owl, and bust of Artemis (as no. 96).	
		Second and	First Centuries a.C.
			SILVER.
		For Alexandrine Coins, se	e Müller, Num. d'Alec., nos. 967-980.]
			BRONZE.
		Head of Zens Ammon to, beardless; herned and bound with tannia.	M Y Terminal figure of bearded T I Dionysos, draped, and placed on pedesial: hair falls in two long curls: on head, tall head dress.
106	Æ :65	[Pl. xxxvm. 9.]	on l., 附; on r., ivy-less.
107	Æ :55	[Pl. xxxviii, 10.]	10 10 10 10
105	AC -65		n a w
101	Æ ·7	countermark, head of Di-	0 0 W W
110	AS 165	countermark, head of Di	- 10 10 W
		The head-dress, in the case on the coin-type it has someth	rminal figure of the reverse-type of the coin of the countermark, commany of tall spikes mee the appearance of a modine, sometime
		of a number of spikes placed	class together.

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse,	Reverse.
111	Æ *6		on i. M.
113	Æ *6		77 . 77
113	Æ -65	countermark, head of Dionysos, [Pl. xxxviii, II.]	,, ,, on r., lyre.
114	Æ ·65	countermark, lyre.	ivy-leaf.
115	Æ-7	[PL xxxviii, 12.]	(head wreathed with ivy): on L. 內; on r., ivy-leaf.
116	A3 ·6		on L, 🙎 [Pl. xxxviii. 13.]
117	Æ:6	countermark, head of Di- onysos.	» A
118	Æ: 65	countermark, head of Di- onysos.	△; on r., grapes?
119	Æ-75		n grapes.
120	Æ 17		" M; on r, ?
		Head of Zeus Ammon E., bearded; horned.	MYTI Terminal figure of bearded Dionysos, draped, and placed on pedestal; hair falls in two long curls: on head, tall head-dress and wreath of ivy.
121	Æ 35	[PL xxxviii. 14,]	on l., thyrsos and mask; on r., K
132	Æ:55		26 27 27 10 10-110-
123	Æ:+6		9 0 0 0

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Почетве.
124	Æ -6	[Pl. xxxvm. 15.]	on 1., thyrsos and mask; on r.,
125	Æ •65	countermark, lyre.	n n n n
126	Æ :6	[Bank Coll.]	,, prow; ,, M
127	Æ 55	countermark, head of Di- onyson (as on no. 109);	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
128	Æ '6	countermark, head of Di- onysos (as on no. 109).	и м ч ч Р
129	A: -6	countermark, head of Di- onysos (as on no. 109).	aplastre; 🎮
130	Æ 16		22 ts (90 (8) 21
		Head of Zeus Ammon r., bearded; horned; border of dots.	M Y Terminal figure of hearded T I Dionyses draped and placed on prow; hair falls in two long curls; on head tall head-dress and wreath of ivy.
131	Æ 17	[Pl. xxxvm. 16.]	(no prow) on 1, aplustre; on r., grapes.
132	Æ-7	[Pl. axxvnr 17.]	on 1, vine-branch with grapes; on r, appustre.
133	At :75		on 1, vine-branch with grapes; on r., aphreire.
134	Æ -75		un 1., vine-brunch with grapes.
135	Æ: ·8		vine-branch with grapes: border of dots.

No	Metal, Size,	Obverse,	Itereree,
130			on I, vine-branch with grapes; on r., vine-branch with grapes.
137	Æ 75	[Pl. xxxviii, 18.]	on l., vine-branch with grapes; on r., vine-branch with grapes; border of dots.
138	Æ 8		on I, vine-branch with grapes; on r., vine-branch with grapes.
139	Æ*6	Bearded male head (Seilenns or Zens?) r.	MV TI On prow, terminal figure A H of hearded Dionyses, draped and on L, male figure moving towards L with r. hand outstretched (and with L placed on the Dionysias term as if about to move it?) [Pl. xxxviii. 19.]
		Head of Zeus r, hearded; laur: border of dots,	MY within wreath.
140	Æ ·7	(no bonier) [Pl. xxxviii. 20.]	beneath inscription, PA
	Æ 75		
143	Æ'S	,	
144	Æ ·8	countermark, hunch of grapes.	
		Bust of Artemis r.; wear- ing steplane, and bow and quiver at shoulder; hair tied in bunch behind: border of dots.	M Y Lyre.
145	Æ 7		

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
146	Æ 6	[Pl. xxxvm. 21.]	
147	Æ:5	[Pl. xxxviii, 22.]	
148	惠·45		
149	Æ 16	(without bow and quiver.) [Pl. xxxviii, 23.]	in field I., ball's head ?
150	Æ 65	(without how and quiver.)	W 0
lái	Æ:65	(u n n)	H 22 30
152	Æ :65	(, , , ,)	lay 34 44
		Bust of Helies r., draped radiate: border of dots.	M Y Tripod, on which, two branches of laurel.
153	Æ '55	[Pl. xxxviii. 24.]	
154	Æ 55		
100	Æ :55		
1.50	Æ 155		
15/	7 Æ '05		
		* Pablished in Harwood, I	tops of med. sel, name grace, pl. iv. 11.

So.	Mutal, Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
		1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	perial Coinage,
		(a. Withou	t name of Emperor;)*
		Tim	e of Tiberius.
		ΘΕΟΦΑΝΗC ΘΕΟC M Y Head of Theo- T I phanes r., bare.	APXEΔAMIC ΘΕΑ Bust of Archedamis r., draped and veiled.
158	Æ ·8	[Fl. XXXIX, I.]	
159	Æ ·85		
160	Æ 85	(the first letter has the form Θ)	
		(For another coin with the	need of Theophanes, see p. 201, no. 175 infro.)
		Imperial Coinago." The chref Collows: Nos. 158, 130, 160 resess infer. Nos. 151, 162 henricals. The heads on the coins nos. 164-169, offer some resemble for coall the heads of the young lyre on the reverse of no. 170 r of 176 and 176 to the time of Sahawaret, a reverse nearly resemble of J. Deman described infer of the likeness of its obverse ty Cysions (Wroth, Cal. Moses.)	man of the personages represented on this red to the Introduction, sepre, "Mytilane, mological arrangement is determined as smalle the coins of Therins [and Livia, a boar resembling Matridia the niece of assigned to the period of the Antonines, annes to the older Faustina; while nos. 173, as reset to the older Faustina; while nos. 173, as reset to the older faustina; while nos. 173, see Emailies that on no. 169. The attribution pt. Severas and family is more denoting that of 175 appears on a Mytileness, and 176 is usuaged to this period because se to the head of young Geta on a cota of L. ziv. 1). Nos. 177—185 (not 184) are derianna Aristomachus, who appears as

strategus on the Mytilomean poins of Valerian and Galllenns.

Na.	Mital.	Oliverse.	Haverse.	
		Time of Matidia, niece of Trajan.		
		MVTI AAAA Female bust (resembling Matidia) r. (Dala?)*	ΠΑΝΚΡΑ ΤΙΔΗC Youthful male figure (Pankratides?), naked, stand- ing I.; r. hand resting on column, round which a serpent is coiled; in I., chlamys.	
161	Æ 85	[Pl. xxxix, 2.]		
162	Æ-S	[Pl, xxxix, 3.]	(NANKPAT[1] AHC r. band lowered; before him serpent; l. elbow resting on chlamys placed on column.)	
163	Æ-9	ΠΑΝΚΡΑΤΙ ΔΗC† Youthful male head r., bare (Pankratides?). [Pl. xxxxx. 4.]	wearing chiten and peples, standing	
		Period	of the Antonines.	
164	Æ1	AECBΩNAE HPΩC NEOC Mole bast r., beardless, wearing wreath of ivy-leaves and barries (Lesbonax in the charac- ter of Dianysos). [PL xxxix. 5.]	(Dameter?), wearing chilon and peplos, standing L; in r., ears of corn?; L holds long sceptre: before hor, lighted altur?;	
		mation Myti AAA/ MATION MYTI (Microsoft). The British Museum s and this also is the reading	imens of this coin has hitherto been variously A (Sahatier in Ker. belge, 4th ser., i. 143); a., iii., p. 51, as 122, and Sup. vi., p. 60, perimens certainly read MVTI AAAA, of an excellent example of no. 161 in the acquired about 1848), of which M. Babelon	
		+ The first eight letters of the	he inscription are obscure. Nam. Chron., vii., p. 57, no. 10: from the	

Bank of England Collection.

Ko.	Metal Size.	Obversa.	Revores,
165	Æ1·	IOVΠΡΟ ΚΛΑΝΗΡΩ IΔΑ Female bast r. (Julia Procuia). [Pl. xxxix, 6.]	EΠΙCTP [A ΑΠΟΛΑΩΝΙ] MV Ti Sappho, wearing shiton and peploe, seated r., playing lyre.*
166	Æ1-	IOVΠΡΟ ΚΛΑΝΗΡΩ IΔΑ Female bust r. (Julia Proculs) [Pl. xxxix. 7]	[EΠΙCTPA ?]A[ΠΟ]ΑΛΩ M[V] TI Female figure (Julia Procula ?), wearing chiten and peplos, seated 1.: 1. hand resting on seat, beside which is tall sceptre; r. hand raised.
167	Æ •75	NAVCIKAA NHPΩI ΔA Bust of Nausikaa r. [Pl. xxxix, 8.]	ERICTPAIE POITAMVTIAH Sappho, wearing chiton and peples, souted r., playing lyre,†
168	Æ 55	NAV CIKA[A] Bust of Nausikau r. [Pl. xxxix, 9.]	MY TI Lyre,
169	Æ-8	ΨΑΠΦΩ Bust of Sappho r. [Pl. xxxix. 10.]	MVTIAH NAIQN Lynt
		Termstyle temple, within which (female?) figure seated on throne, facing.	M Y Lym.
170	Æ:65	[Pl. xxxix. 11.]	
171	Æ :65		
		ix., p. 115. † Cp. Leake, Nam. Hell., p. 2 ix., p. 132; pl. iv. 31 and 8.	27, with ATIOAAQNIOV; see also nbo, Mas. Runder, p. 208, no. 15; Z. f. N., 7; Mion., iii., p. 47, nos. 112, II3; Z. f. N., d Collection; cp. Berrell la Num. Chron.,

No.	Metal, Sira.	Obverse.	Raverse.
172	Æ 19	M Y Totrastyle temple, T I within which (fémale?) figure scated on throne, facing.	Apollo, wearing himstion, standing facing; in r., pleetrum (?); in l., lyre, held over tripod.
173	A: 85	CE ECTON HPΩA Bust of Sextuser., bearded; head bare; drupery on shoulder. [Pl. xxxix, 12.]	ΦΛΑ·ΝΕΙΚΟΜΑΧΙΟ·ΜΥΤΙΛΗ Bust of Flavia Nicomachia r., draped.
174	Æ 1·	ΦΛΑ NEIKOMA XIC- Bust of Flavia Nicoma- chis L, draped. [Pl. XXXIX. 13.]	MVTIAH NAIΩN Femals figure (J. Procula or Flavia Nicomachis I), wearing chiton and peplos, seated I.; I. hand resting on seat, beside which is tall sceptre; r. hand raised.
		Time of Sept.	Severus and his family.
175	Æ7	ΘΕΟ ΦΑΝΗC Bust of Theophanes r., draped; head bare. [Pl, xn, 1.]	MVT[1] ΛΗΝΑ ΙΩΝ Artemis, wearing short chiton and quiver; riding l. on stag; r. holding stag's horn; l. hand on stag's back.
176	Æ 9	[€?]III·A € Youth- ful male bust r., dmped; head bars. [Pl. xiz 2.]	ΛΕΥΚΙΠΠ OC:MVT! Male figure (Lenkippes?) standing L, wearing himstion.
		Time of V	alerian and Gallienus,
177	Æ 1:65	ZEVCBOV AAIOC Bust of Zens Bowkaros I, ; head bare; chlamys on I, shoulder. [Pl. xi. 3.]	E ΠΙCTP-BAA A PICTOMAX OV MVTIAHNAI ΩN Asklepios, wearing himation over lower limbs and l. shoulder, seated L; in outstratched t., paters; l. hand on tall sceptre; before him, coiled serpent.*
		* Described by Borrell in Nur of Ragland Collection.	s. Chrun., vii., p. 58, no. 15, from the Bank

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
178	Æ 1-25	OEOC AMMON- Head of bearded Zens Ammon r., horned. [Pl. xu. 4.]	EΠ- CTP-BAA A PICTOM- AXOV MVTIAHN AIΩN The Tyche of Mytilene, wearing chiton, peplos and turreted head- dress, seated 1. on throne; in r.; paters; in L, Dionysise term.
179	Æ 1·25	ΘΕΟC - AMMΩN- Head of bearded Zeus Ammon r., homed.	EΠΙC-BAA APIC TOMAX OV MVTIAHN AIΩN The Tyche of Mytilene scated I. on throne; holding in r. patera, in I. cornucopiae: before her, Dionysiae term, facing. [Pl. xt., 5.]
180	Æ 1:35	ΘΕΟC· · AMMΩN· Head of bearded Zens Ammon r., horned.	ETIIC BAA API CTOMA X OV MVTIAHN AIQN The Tyche of Mytllens standing l.; in r., patera; in l., cornucopias: before her, Dionysiac term, facing, on prow. [Pl. xi. 6.]
181	Æ 125	ΘΕΟC -AMMΩN- Head of bearded Zens- Ammon r., horned.	EΠΙC- BAA. A PICTOMA XOV MVT IAH NAIΩN Artamis, in short chiton, holding torch, standing in chariot drawn r. by two stags,
182	Æ 1-25	ΘΕΟC - AMMΩN Read of bearled Zens Annua r., horned.	EΠΙC BAA APICT OMAXOV MV TIA HNAI ΩΝ Artemis, in short chilen, drawing arrow from quiver with r., and holding how in l., standing in chariot drawn r. by two stags. [Pl xL, 7.]

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Revene.	
183	Æ 1-25	ΘΕΟC· -AMMΩN- Head of bearded Zeus Ammon r., horned.	EΠΙCTP- BA Λ-API CTOMAX OV MVTIΛΗΝΑ ΙΩΝ Asklepios, on r., standing l. looking towards Hygieia; Asklepios holds in r. snake-encircled staff; Hygieia standing r., feeds serpent from patera.*	
184	Æ-7	Head of hearded Zeus Ammon r., horned. [Pl. xz. 8.]	MVTIΛΗ NAIΩN Dionysisc term, facing, on prow; in r. hand, banch of grapes.	
185	Æ14	TPΩTHAE CBOVMV TIAHN Bust of the Tyche of Mytilene, draped and wearing turreted head- dress. [Pl. xx. 9.]	ETICTP BA A-AP I CTOMAX OV MVTIAHNA ION Sampis, on r., wearing chiton, himation and modius, standing l.; r. hand uplifted; l. holds sceptre; before him, the Tyche of Mytilene to front looking r.; in her r., rudder; in l., Dionyeiac term.	
		(b. With head or name of Emperors.) Tiberius.		
186	Æ1:1	TI-KAICAP [CEBAC] TOC- M Y Tiberius, T I in ponti- fical dress, standing fac- ing; in extended r. hand patern. [Pl. x11. 1.]	[K]A ICAP Car drawn L by four OEOC elephants, on each C]E BACTOC of which is a driver: scatted L on chair in ear, Angustus, draped; his r. hand raised.†	
1		Bank of England Collection. † This specimes was publish proques do Philippe Marga Myrilenean inscription (Kalbel O Malusz zbrospáropa Tubique Ko	Num. Chron., vii., p. 57, no. 12: from the add in Catalogue de la Collection de Méduilles vitis (Paris, 1874), p. 21, no. 98. Cp. thu in Ephemeriespigraphies, il., p. 14, no. sir.) drapa LiBarrov, vaida Ales Kaleapes 'Orcavius judras eldjepys[var], rás bi hapus nédies éro-	

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse,	Reverse.	
		Tiberius and Livia ("Julia Augusta")		
		TI-OEOCCEBACTOC M Y Head of Tiberium T I r., bare.	Hust of Livia t.	
187	Æ ·8	[Fl. xer. 2.]	(CEBACT H)	
188	Æ 70		(" ")	
189	走 185			
190	Æ:7			
191	Æ-7			
192	Æ •7		(CEBACT H)	
		Germanica	and Agrippina sen,	
193	Æ 95	OF ON TEPMANIKO] OF ANAIOAINATPITITINAN M Y Hoad of Ger- T I manieus r., bars. Bust of Agrippina sen. 1.*		
-		* Germanians and his wife Agrippins were in Leabas in a.n. 18, and their daughter Julia was been there. Several lapidary inscriptions found at or own Mythous flustrate the legend on our coin; Militariangen des K. deutsch. Arch. fact. in Allien, xiii., p. 63 (Gichorius). O hipor Apovers Kalrapa va[rips] for ris reparate [Kaljenper col fest Ain[Aides K]geropipa Appendicus]. Buil. arv. Hell., iv., p. 332 (Potiter and fluorette-Bernault): O hip [or]. Appendicus va [risk rispyray ya [ruisa] a reparate va peic. O. I. G., no. 2183, four XsBarrin Ainlikes appropria. Appendicus; il., pp. 8, 9.		

No	Metal. Size.	Obversa	Reverse.
		Nero and Agrippina jun.	
194	Æ *9	NEPΩN CEBACTOC Head of Nero τ., latt.	ΘΕΑ ΑΓΡΙΠΠΙΝΑ CEBACTH M Y T I (inser. partly obscure). Bust of Agrippina jun. r.
		Vespasian,	Titus and Domitian.
195	Æ -95	O[VEC] TACIANOC [CEBACTOC?] Head of Vespasian r., laur.; in front, MYT: Counter- mark, Dionysiae term,	TITOCKAICAP AOMITIAN OC (insur. partly obscure). Busts of Titus and Domitian, laur., facing one another.
196	Æ 1*	[OV]ECTIACIANOC [CEBACTOC r] Head of Vespasian r., laur.	of Titus and Domitian, laur., facing one another; in field, T I
	-		Domitia.
197	Æ 19	[AOMITIA] CEBAC TA Bust of Domitia r.	M Y The Tyche of Mytilene, T I wearing chiton, pepios AC N and turreted head-dress, N A (sic) standing z, in out- stretched L, Dionysiac term.*
			Hadrian.
198	Æ 1·55	AVTOKAITPAIANO C AΔΡΙΑΝΟCCEBA Head of Hadrian r., laur. [Pl. x.t. 3.]	wears short chiton, with diplots,
		# This specimen is from the	this coin, see Imboof-Binmer, Geleckische i, 18. some die as a coin described by Mionant, of his specimun, "se médaillen est faux." a Mionact's series of sulphur casts, but I

No.

Metal. Siza.

Reverse.

Obverse,

		1	
199	Æ: -6	ANTINOO. Head	(Antinons). MVTIΛ ΗΝΑΙΩ Ν Bull stand-
		of Antinous r., bare,	ing r,
900	Æ ·9	GIRL III	Sahina,
200	25 9	CABI NA Bust of Sabina r.	[MVTI]AH NAIWN Arismis huntress, advancing r., wearing short chiton, hunting hoots and quiver; r. draws arrow from quiver; in l., bow.
		Ar	doninus Pins.
201	Æ-7	AITPAIAAPI ANT	
		nims Pius r., bare.	in chiton and peplos, standing l.; here arm bent at allow and placking chiton at her nack; at her feet, wheal.
			. Aurelius.
202	Æ 1-45	AVKAIMAVPHAI AN TΩN€INOC Bust of M. Aurelius r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cuirass. [Pl. xll. 4.]	EΠΙCΤΡΑΠΟΜΤΡΥΦΩ NIAN OVMY ΤΙΛΗΝΑΙΩ N Asklepios, wearing himation, seated l. on throne; in r., patera; l. on tall staff entwined by serpent.
		nationale, nor can it be traced in specimen (judging from the collegend, and this was perhaps the The British Museum specimen Feneralmet, of Paris) shows no technology about the lettering, resemble Roman medallions than	here the original now is. M. E. Babelou, tells me that it is not in the Bibliothèque the registers of that collection. Minunet's set has undoubtedly been tooled in the reason why he pronounced it to be false, purchased in 1874 from MM. Rollin unit figus of tooling, though there is a slight in style and fabrin both specimens rather the large coins (so-called "medallinus")
		Mytheresen "medallion" of H no. 136 ("Diane charecterses"), both specimens were the work Head strongly believes in their: of his argument that the colors	they differ a good deal from another adrian described by Mionnet, lik, p. 5, i was at first inclined to suspect that of a lith or 17th century artist, but Mesochenticity, and I quite admit the force (especially on the obverse) would seem to ark of a modern iminator or forger.

No.	Metal, Size	Obverse.	Haverso.
203	Æ I:a		austina jun. EΠΙ- CΤΡΑΠΟΜΤΡΥΦΩΝΙΑΝ ΟΥΜΥΤΙΛ Artemis in chariot drawn r. by two stags.*
			Commodus.
204	瓜14	AVTOKPAK[AA] VP [KOMMOAOC] Bust of young Commodus r., laur., wearing puluda- mentum and cuirass. (Countermark, lyre within circle of dots.)	[EΠΙCTPAM AVPHΠΡΩΤΕΟVI] [M]VTIAHNA[1] [Ω]N The Emperor in military dress riding on horse r.; in r. spear; behind him, Nike, who crowns him; before him, trophy, beside which two captives.† [Pl. XII. 5.]
			Crispina.
205	Æ 1·5	KPIC[TIET]NA CEBAC TH Bust of Crispina r. (Countermark, lyre within circle of dots.) [Bank Coll.]	Effict P A[T]ΦΟV· ΔΙΟΝ VCI OV MVTIΛΗ Female figure (Crispina ?), in talaric chiton with diplois, standing L, holding sceptre in I. and with r. grasping the right hand of another female figure (Artemis ?) who, in short chiton, stands facing her, holding in I. scoptre: between the two figures, altar.
206	Æ 1·4	[KPICHEINA] CEBAC TH Bust of Crispina r. (Countermark, lyre within circle of dots.) [Bank Coll.]	The Emperor (Commodus) on horse,
		* First published by H. P. Borroll in Num. Chron., vil., p. 59, no. 16, from the Hank of England Collection. † Similar to Mion., iil., p. 55, no. 148.	

No.	Metal. Size.	Obvetse.	Reverse.
207	Æ 1·4	Sep [AV]TKAIACETICE OV HPOCTTEPTIN AE Bost of Severus r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cuirass.	Timins Severus. EΠΙCΤΡΑΑΡΤΕΜΩΝΟCΤΟν CΕΚΟΥΝΔΟν MVΤΙΛΗΝ The Empetor (Sept. Severus) on horse galloping r.; r. hand mised; in L, sceptro.* [PL xm, 6.]
			ulia Domna,
208	Æ 1:4	IOVAIAAOM NACE BACTH Buss of Domina 7. [Pl. xxz, 7,]	ETICTPH[V?]. TOC IABAA APICT OMAXOV MVTIAHN [AIRN] Caracalla and Geta, in military dress, standing fazing one another, grasping hands and each holding scopers; between them, lighted altar.
209	AR -8	IOVAIAA[O] MNAC EBACT Bust of Domins r. [PL xat, 8.]	MVTIAH NAIΩ N Artemis riding i. on stag; in I., torch.† [Bank Coll.]
			Caracalla.
210	是14	AVTKAMAPAV ANT ONEINOC Bust of young Caracalla r., lanr., wearing paludamentum and cuines. (Countermark, Dionysiae term on prow). [Pl. xhii. 1.]	EΠΙCTΡΑΠΟ ΙΟ ΛΕ ΟΝΤΕΩC MVTIΛΗΝΑ[I] ΩΝ Zons Ammon, homed, wearing chiton and himation, standing to front, holding in r. sceptre; beside him, also facing, Apollo, draped, holding in r. plactrum, in l. lyre. [Bank Coll.]
		Leharrie, the yest cal duridous L	a Banney workstier of County to

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Reverse.
911	Æ 1-35	[AVT]KAMAPAV [AN TONEINOC] Bost of young Camcalla r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cuirass.	EΠΙCΤΡΑΠΟΙΟΥΑ EONTEΩC MVΤΙΛΗΝΑΙ [ΩΝ] Nike, holding palm in r., standing in chariot drawn I by two horses.
		AVTOKAIMAPAVPH ANTΩN€INOC Bust of young Caracalla r., laur., wearing paludamen- tum and cuirass.	ONTEDC MYTTAHNA
512	Æ 1·75	[Pl, xt.r. 9.]	
213	Æ 1-7		
214	Æ14	AVKAIMAVP ANTΩ N€INOC Bust of Cara- calla r., bearded, Iaur., wearing paludamentum and cuirass [Bank Call.]	MENEMAXOV MVIIAH NAI ΩN Artemis huntress advancing r., wear-
215	Æ 1:45	AVT KAIMAV PAN TΩNEINOC Bust of Camealla, L., bearded, laux., wearing paladamentum and cuirass; holds spear and ornamented shield.	Caracalla standing l. in military dress, erowned by Nike, who stands behind him, holding palm in hor l, hand
1		* A similar type, varied, oc	curs on Roman mudallions of Lucius Veroa; des, p. 91.

No.	Metal. Size.	Obvetse.	Hererse,
216	Æ 14	AOVCENTIMIOC FE TAC KAICAP Bust of Geta I., beardless, bare, wearing paindamentum and cuirass,	Geta. EΠΙCΤΡΑΠΟΙΟΥΛΙΛΕΟΝ ΤΕ ΩC ΜΥΤΙΛΗΝΑΙΩ Ν Caracalla in military dress standing r., grasplug the r. hami of Geta, who stands facing him, wearing military dress and holding sword in l.: Caracalla is crowned by Nike, who stands behind him; Geta is crowned by the Tyche of Mytilene, who, wearing chiton and peplos, and turpsted head dress, sits behind him, holding in l. Dionysiae term.* [Pl. xi.i. 2.
217	Æ 1·3	AOVCENTIMIOC FE TACKAICAP Bust of Geta L, beardless, bare, wearing paludamentum and cultures.	bolding palm in l. standing in
			Elagabalus.
218	Æ 1.65	[AVT]KAIMAP[K] AV PANTΩNEINOC Bust of Elagabalus r., beardless, lanr., wearing paludamentum and cuirass.	L : in r., globe : in L. seantre - has
219	Æ 1-4	Elagabalus t., beardless,	EΠΙCTPMOKTKO MEVTVXI ΔΟΥ MVΤΙΛΗΝΑΙ ΩΝ Artemis luntress advancing z., wearing short chiton, hunting boots and quiver; r. draws arrow from quiver in l. bow; before her, dog running.
		* First published by H. P. from the Bank of England Col	Burrell in Name Chrom., wil., p. 59, no. 18

No	Metal, Size.	(?byerss	Messreo.	
220	Æ14	Severus Alexander. AVKAIMAVCE AAE ETIICTPAVITPOCA EKTOVII APAAOE MVTIAHN ION APAAOE MVTIAHN ION Tyche of Mytilone, wearing chiton, peplos and turreted head-dress, neated 1, on throne; in r., patern; in t., Dionysine term. [Pl. xen. 3.]		
		3:	alis Mamaea.	
		OVAAVFOVE MAM EACEB Bust of J. Mu-	CTPA VΠΡΟ CΔΕΚΤΟΥΠΑΡ MVTIΛΗΝΑ ΙΩΝ Horseman (Severus Alexander?) galloping r.; in upraised r., spear; bemeath horse, soldier prostrate, and shield.	
221	Æ 14		[Pl. xnm. 4.]	
999	Æ14			
		3	Valorian sen.	
32:	Æ 1:7	AVTK-T-AIKIN-OVA AEPIANOC Bust of Valerian r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cui- rass.	Lyons or mythene, attached the	
38	A: 1-3	AVTKITAIKOVAAE PIANOC Bust of Valerian L, laur, wearing paludamentum and eni- russ; holds spear and ornamented shield.	Tyche of Mytilene standing L, holding in L Dionysiae term, and in r.	
1		* First published by H. P from the Bank of Eugland Co	. Berrell in Num. Chron., vii., p. 59, no. 20,	

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse,	Reverse.
225	Æ 1-25	AVTKII-AIK-BAAEPI ANO C Bust of Valerian r., laur., wearing pultulamentum and cui- mass. [Pl. xxxx. 6.]	of Mytilone standing I t in a mul
226	Æ 1:35	AVTKTIAIK BAAEPIA NO C Head of Va- lerian r., laur.	ETIICBAA API C TOMAXOV MVTIAHN AIRN Tyche of Mytilene scaled I. on throne; in r., issura; in l., Dionysiac term: before her, Artemis in short oblima standing r., drawing arrow from quiver with r.; in l., bow. [Pl. XIII. 7-]
237	Æ 1-20	AVTK-IT-AIK BAAEPI ANO C Bast of Va- terian r., faur., wearing paladamentum and cui- rass.	MYTIAH NAION Tyche of
228	A) 1-25	AVTKHAIK BAACPI ANO C Bust of Va- lutian r., laur., wearing paledamentum and cui- rass.	EΠΙC ΒΑΛ ΑΡ ΙCT OM AXOV MV ΤΙΛ ΗΝΑΙ Ω Ν Artemia, in short chiten, drawing arrow from quiver with r, and holding in t. bow, standing in chariot drawn r, by two stags. [Pl. XIII. 9.]
Ž20	Æ 1-25	AVTKITAIK BAAEPI ANO C Bust of Va- lerian r., laur., wearing paladamentum and cui- ross.	EΠΙCTP-BAΛ-A P ΙCTOMA XOV MV ΤΙΛ ΗΝΑΙΩ Ν Young Dionyses standing L, wearing chlamys; in r., vasa; in L, sespire. [Pl. xntr. 10.] [Bank Coll.]

No.	Metal, Biass.	Obverse.	Reverse.
			Gallienus.
230	Æ 1·25	AVTKITAIK- FAAAI HNOC Bust of Gal- lienus r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cui- rass. [Pl. xxxx. 11.]	EΠΙCBAA APIC TOMAX OV MVTIAHN AIΩN Tyche of Mytilene seated L on throne; in r., patera: in l., cornucopias; before her, Dionysias term. [Bank Coll.]
231	Æ 1·25	AVTK-II-AIKI FAAAI HNOC Bast of Gal- lienus r., laur., wearing paludamentum and cui- rass.	Artemis numbers wavenering 1-9
ŀ			

1.35 ΘE (TOKAIA	AMVTHNON Two translated female figures (the Tyche of Mytilens and the Tyche of Adramy teum) standing, grasping right hands such wears chiton and peples, an holds sceptre in I. hand, [Pl. XLIII. I.
1:35 ΘE (TOKAIA nat of L. Verns r., lam earing palodamentus of cuirass. MYTIL Time of 1 OC AMMΩN Hea	L. Verus. [MVTIΛΗ]NAIΩN[KAI A]Δ AMVTHNΩNTwo to rested female figures (the Tyche of Adramy teum) standing, grasping right hands such wears chiton and peples, and holds sceptre in I. hand. [Pl. XLIII. I. Pl. XLIII. I. Pl. AND PERDAMEN.
1:35 ΘE (mat of L. Verns r., lamearing paladamentus of enirass. WYTH. Time of 1 OC AMMΩN Hea	[MVTIAH]NAION[KAI A]A AMVTHNON Two in reted female figures (the Tyche of Adramy teum) standing, grasping right hands such wears chiton and peplos, an holds sceptre in I. hand, [Pl. XLIII. I.
1:35 ΘE (mat of L. Verns r., lamearing paladamentus of enirass. WYTH. Time of 1 OC AMMΩN Hea	AMVTHNON Two translated female figures (the Tyche of Mytilens and the Tyche of Adramy teum) standing, grasping right hands such wears chiton and peples, an holds sceptre in I. hand, [Pl. XLIII. I.
	Tune of 1	alerian and Gallienus
	Tune of 1	alerian and Gallienus
	OC AMMON Her	AT SAME AND AND ADDRESS.
Ţŝ	bearded Zeus Ammer barned. [Pl. xarri. 2. ank Coll.]	ETICBAA APIC T OMAXO A OMO MVTIAHNAIO KTIEP! AMH The Tyche of Mytilene, wear ing chiton, peptos and turreted head dress, sested 1 on throne, holding in r. patera, in l. Dienysiae term before her, Asklepios standing, wearing himation, and holding in r. sanke-encircled staff.
Ty	che of Mytilene r. ped and wearing tur- ed head-dress.	OMO NOIA MYTIAHNAIO KAITEPFA MHNON The Tyche of Mytilene, wearing chiton, peoles and terroried by the control of the control o
	Ty dim relation to the second	

io	Motal. Sim.	Openias-	Raverse.	
		MYTHENE AND PERGA IN PAMPRILIA. Commodus.		
235	Æ14	AVTOKAIM AVPH Bust of Commodus r., laur., benulless; wears paladamentum and cuirnes.	ETICTP DOV. EPMO AA OV KOI MV TI KAITEPFA The Tyche of Mytilene, holding paters in r., and Dianysiac term in l., standing l.: before her, facing, figure of the Artemis of Perga, wearing chiton with diplois, veil and modius, holding in r. sceptre (?), in l. torch. [Pl. xem. 4.]	

No.	Metal. Size,	Obverse,	Reverse.
		1	YRRHA
		Fou	rth Century n.c.
			BRONZE,
		Female head (Aphrodite?)1., wearing sphendone, ear- ring and nacklace.	PYP Goat L
1	Æ ·45	[Pl. xLIII. 5.]	
Q.	Æ 4		
3	Æ 45		(PYPP)*
		* Nos. 2, 3 are from the Co (Nam. Chroz., vil., p. 61; ep. specimens of this class are four	diection of Mr. H. P. Borrell, who state his MS. Catal, in Brit. Mus., p. 103) tha nd in Lesbos.

0.	Metal. Size.	Obvecse.	Reverse.			
Ì						
ISLANDS NEAR LESBOS.			S NEAR LESBOS.			
			NESOS.			
Fourth Century D.C.		th Century B.C.				
			SILVER			
1	A 6	Head of Apollo 1., laur. : bair long. [Pl. xi.ii. 6.]	NAΣ1 Panther r., looking back; l. fore-paw raised: in field r., mm's head.* (Weight, 39 grains.)			
			BRONZE.			
2	Æ:35	Youthful male head r.; hair short (Apollo?).	NA≤ Panther running r.			
		Head of Apollo r., laur.; bair long.	NAS Panther running l.			
3	Æ 35	[Pl. xum 7,]	beneath, star?			
4	Æ ·35					
		The	ind Century B.C.			
			BRONZE.			
5	Æ 75	Head of Apollo r., laur.	NAXI Dolphin r.; beneath, palm branch,			
		* From the Bank of England Collection: cp. Borrell in Num. Chros- vii., p. 61. The small silver coin in the British Museum described T. Comba's Vet. pap. of regass munt, pl. xiil. 17 is assigned by Dr. Imboo Blumer (Z. f. N., iii., p. 313, no. 10) to Neses. In the British Museu arrangement, I find the com now placed under Nagidus in Cilicia, and have ventured to leave it there, as, on grounds of style. Nagidus appea- to me to have a claim to the coin which is an good as or better than it				

Obverse,	Reverse.
Head of Apollo r., laur,	NA Dolphin r.; beneath, lyre.
Head of Apollo r., laur. [Pl. xrim. 9.]	NAΣI Dolphin r.; beneath, lyre.
NAX Delphin r.; beneath, lyre. [Pl. xxxx. 10.]	NAΣI Dolphin r.; beneath, lyre.
Head of Apollo r., lanz. [Pl. xLIII. 11.]	NAXI Lyre; on r., branch (of
Head of Apollo r., laur.	ΝΑΣΙ ΔΙΟΝΎ Ττίροδ.
Horseman, in chlamys, riding r.; beneath, A: countermark, dolphin. [Pl. xLiii, 12.]	NA within laurel-wreath.
	Head of Apollo r., laur. Head of Apollo r., laur. [Pl. xLIII. 9.] NAX Dolphin r.; beneath, lyre. [Pl. xLIII. 10.] Head of Apollo r., laur. [Pl. xLIII. 11.] Head of Apollo r., laur. Horseman, in chlamys, riding r.; beneath, A.; countermark, dolphin.

So.	Metal. Bizo.	Obveres.	Reverse.		
		PORDOSILENE.			
LATER POROSELENE,		m Porosulene.			
		SILVER.			
		After Circ. n.c. 450.			
1	AL -55	Youthful male head r., bound with teenia; hair short (Apollo?). [Pl. xent. 13.]	POPA O≲IA Lyre: whole in in- case square. (Weight, 61 grains.)*		
			BRONZE.		
ı		C	Fre. 11.0, 400.		
Bearded male head r. POP Dolphin r. +		COP Dolphin r. †			
	44.0	(Silenos?).			
9	Æ:3	[Pl xnu. 14.]			
3	Æ: 35		1		
		In	sperial Coinage.		
	1	(a. With	out name of Emperor.)		
		Time of Sep	t. Secorus and his family.		
4	Æ: ·5	Head of Athena re wearing helmet.	g ΠΩΡΟC[ΕΛΗ]NEITΩN Tole sphoros standing facing.‡		
		chiefly of the Troad, Mysia, a	Pullan in 1868, together with other coles		

No.	Metal. Size.	Obverse.	Roverse.
		(b. With name of Emperor.) Sept. Severus.	
ā	Æ •7		ΠΩΡΟC EAHNEI Asklepion standing facing, looking I,; in r., make-encircled stuff.
0			

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IV. B. Magistrates' Names on Autonomous Coins.

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ΙΟΥ. ΠΡΟΚΛΑΝ ΗΡΩΙΔΑ-Mytilene, 200.

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M.

MVPEINA.-Myrina, 139.

N.

N (=NEOY).—Cyme, 116.

NAVCIKA[A].—Mytilene, 200.

NAVCIKAAN ΗΡΩΙΔΑ.—Mytilene, 300.

N E.—Scepsis, 80; xxiv.

NE (=NEOV).—Cyme, 122.

NEOV.—Aegae, 99; Elaca, 130.

NIKA.—Pionia, 77.

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OAVMITIOC (Hadrian).—Came, 102.
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CEECTON HPΩA.—Mytilene, 201.

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Ψ.

ΨΑΠΦΩ.—Mytilune, 200.



B. LATEN.

GEN. COL. AVG. TROA .- Alexandria Tross, 17.

TABLE

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THE RELATIVE WEIGHTS OF ENGLISH GRAINS AND FRENCH GRAMMES.

Graine	Gramman	Grahas,	Ġталциен.	Umins	Отнициясь.	Cruns.	Granmet.
1	-064	41	2-656	81	5-248	191	7:840
2 3	120	4.9	2-720	82	5319	120	7:905
4	*194 *259	43	2.785	83	5:378	103	7.970
5	1324	4-4-	2.850	84	5-442	124	8.035
5	:388	45	2.915	85	50508	125	8:100
7	*453	46	2.980	86	5 572	1.26	8464
8	518	47 48	3.015	87	5-637	127	8-229
9	583	49	3:110	88	5:702	128	8-294
10	-648	50	3.540	89	5.767	129	8.359
11	-719	51	3.304	90	5-839	130	8424
12	-777	52	3.368	92	5/896 5/961	131	8.188
13	:842	53	3434	93	6 026	132 133	8.553
11	907	54	3.498	94	6:091	134	8-618 8-682
15	-979	55	8-564	95	6.156	135	8.747
16	1.036	56	3-628	98	6:220	136	8:812
17	1:101	57	3:693	97	6.285	137	8:877
18	1-166	58	3.758	98	6:350	138	8-942
19	1-231	59	3.823	90	6415	135	9.007
20 21	1-296	60	3 888	100	6:480	140	9-072
33	14360	61	3-959	101	6.544	141	9.136
23	T-425	62	4:017	103	6:600	142	9/200
24	1 190	63	4.085	103	6:674	143	0-265
25	1:555 1:620	64	4'146	104	6 739	144	9:330
26	1:684	65	4:211	105	6.804	145	9:395
27	1.749	66	4.276	106	6.868	146	9:460
28	1814	68	1.341	107	6 933	147	9-525
29	1.879	69	4.406	108	6:998	148	9.590
30	1:944	70	4 471 4 536	109	7:063	149	9-655
31	2.008	71	4.600	110 111	7-128	150	9-720
32	2.073	72	4'665	112	7:192	151	9:784
33	2 138	73	4:729	113	7:257	152	0:848
34	2 202	74	4.794	114	7:322 7:387	153	9-914
35	2:207	75	4.859	115	7459	154	9:978 10:041
36	1.333	745	4.924	116	7:516	156	10.108
37 38	2.397	77	4.989	117	7'581	157	10 173
39	2:462	78	5 054	118	7.646	158	10.238
40	2-527	79	5419	119	7711	159	10:303
40	2:592	80	5 184	120	7:776	150	10:368

T A B L E

OF

THE RELATIVE WEIGHTS OF ENGLISH GRAINS AND FRENCH GRANNES.

(Frains.	Grammas.	Grains,	Grammas.	Grains:	Grammes.	Grains.	Grammes.
161	10-432	201	13-024	241	15-616	290	18-79
162	10-497	202	13-089	242	15-680	300	19:44
163	10.559	203	13-154	243	15:745	310	20:08
164	10.626	204	13-219	244	15:810	320	20.73
165	10-691	205	13.284	245	15.875	330	21 38
166	10.756	206	13:348	246	15.940	340	55-05
167	10-821	207	13413	247	16.005	350	22.67
168	10.886	208	13.478	248	16:070	360	23-32
169	10.951	209	13:543	249	16:135	370	23:97
170	11-016	210	13-608	250	16-200	380	24.62
171	11.080	211	13.672	251	16:264	390	25.27
172	11-145	212	13.737	252	16-328	400	25-99
173	11-209	213	13.802	253	16-394	-410	26.56
174	1.1-274	214	13.867	254	16-458	420	27-20
175	11:339	215	13932	255	16.524	430	27-85
176	11.404	216	13 996	256	16.588	440	28:00
177	11-169	217	14-061	207	16 653	450	29.15
178	11.534	218	14-126	258	16.718	460	29-80
179	11-599	219	14-191	259	16.783	470	30 45
180	11.664	220	I4:256	260	16.848	480	31-10
181	11-728	221	14.320	261	16.912	490	31-75
182	11-792	929	14:385	262	16 977	500	32.40
1.83	11:858	923	14.450	263	17:042	510	33.04
184	11-933	224	14.515	264	17-106	520	33 68
185	11-988	1125	14.580	285	17-171	530	34:34
186	12 052	220	14.644	266	17-236	540	34-98
187	12-117	227	14 709	267	17:301	550	35-64
188	12-182	228	14:774	268	17-366	560	36:28
189	12-247	229	14 839	269	17-431	570	36.93
190	12-312	230	14-904	270	17-496	580	37·58 38·23
191	12-376	231	14.963	271	17-560	590	
192	12441	232	15-033	272	17/625	600	38 88
193	12-506	233	15-098	273	17:089	700	45.36
194	12-571	234	15-163	274	17:754	-800	51-64
195	12-636	235	15-297	275	17-819	900	64-80
196	12-700	236	15-292	276	17-884	1000	129 60
197	12:765	237	15:357	277	17-949	2000	194:40
198	12-830	238 239	15423	278	18:014	3000 4000	259-20
199	12-895		15:487	-279 -280	18/079	5000	324 00
200	12960	240	15.059	-200	10 144	*MANA	924 00

TABLE

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CONVERTING ENGLISH INCHES INTO MILLIMETRES

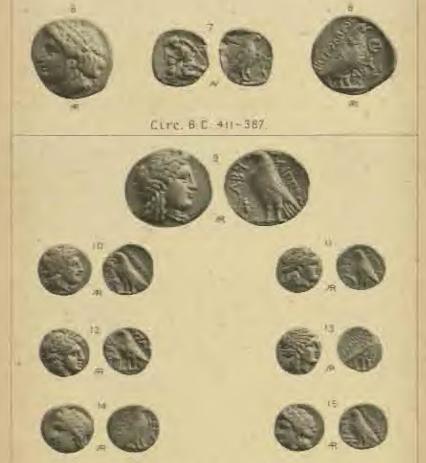
MEASURES OF MIONNET'S SCALE.

ENGLISH INCHES		FRENCH MILLIMETRES
		bE
0.5		90
		85
3,	MICHNET'S SCALE	80
0,		75
	- 18	70
3.5	п	65
		60
	-15	45
*	34	in
	13-	45
1.5	12-11	40
-		35
	8-	10
1.8		26 ——
-8	-4	20
- 6	3	15
- 3	1	10
- 4		4

tidbust & Bremgton (Lumpel), 62, 21, Jone's Square, Cintheuwell, E.C.



Etre B C 480 450

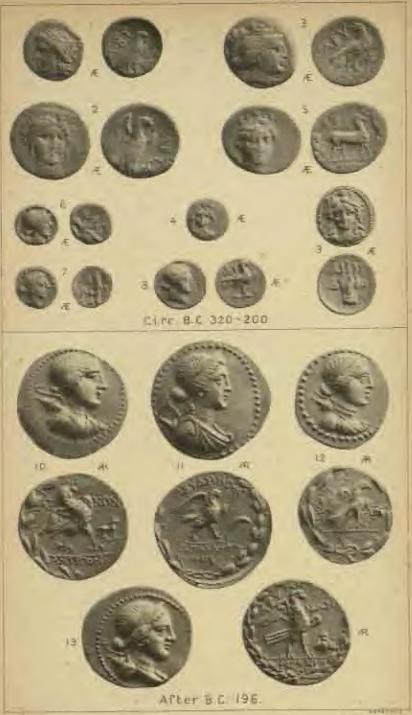


Circ. B.C. 320-280.

ABYDUS .

AND SERVED





ABYDUS .







Alexandria Trous. Circ B.C 300.



Atexandria Trous 3ed 2 2nd Centuries & C

ABYDUS, ALEXANDRIA TROAS .





Alexandria Trons After 8 C 189



Alexandrus Trous Imperial Times

ALEXANDRIA TROAS.





Imperial Times



Imperial

ALEXANDRIA TROAS,





Imperial

ALEXANDRIA TROAS.





Antandrus Circ B.C. 420-400



Antandrus Circ B.C 408-284







ANTANDRUS, ASSUS.





Birytis 4th Cent B.C.



Gebren B.C. 500-400.



Cebren Circ 8.C. 400-310



Antiochia (Cebren) Circ 8.C. 310-280.

BIRYTIS; CEBREN.

FEFTERS









Cotone. Circ. 8.C. 400-310.





Dardanus 5th Cent B.C.

















Dardunus 4th Cent B.C.





Dardanus 2nd Cent 8.6.







Dardanus Imperial.







Dardonus Imperial









Gargara Circ B.C. 420-400.

















Gargara Eirc 8.6 400-284











Gentinus 4th Cent B.C.





Gergis Circ. 8.C. 400-350





Gergis Circ 8 C 350-241





Hamaxitus Circ. 8.C. 408-310.



Heum Circ B.C 300-250







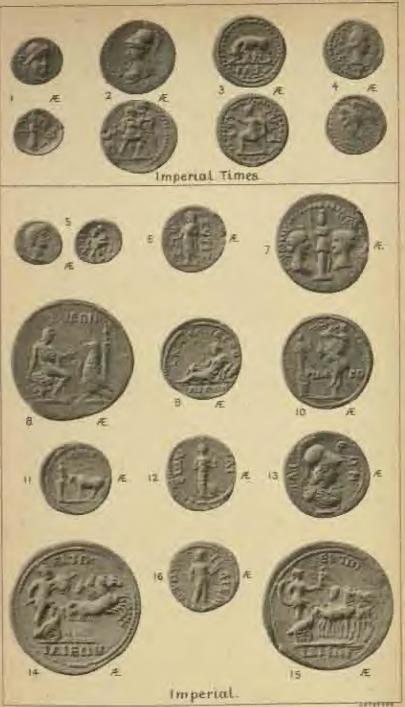
Hamaxitus Circ B.C 400-316



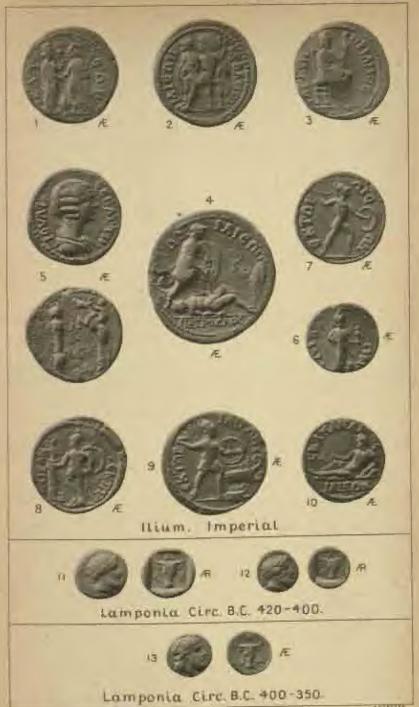


HAMAXITUS, ILIUM.









ILIUM. LAMPONIA





Neundria B.C. 4007-310.



Ophrymam Circ. B C. 350-300.



Plonia M. Aurelius



Scamandria 4th Cent B.C.





Circ B.C. 460-400



Circ. B.C. 400-310



2nd or 1st Cant B.C.



Imperial Times



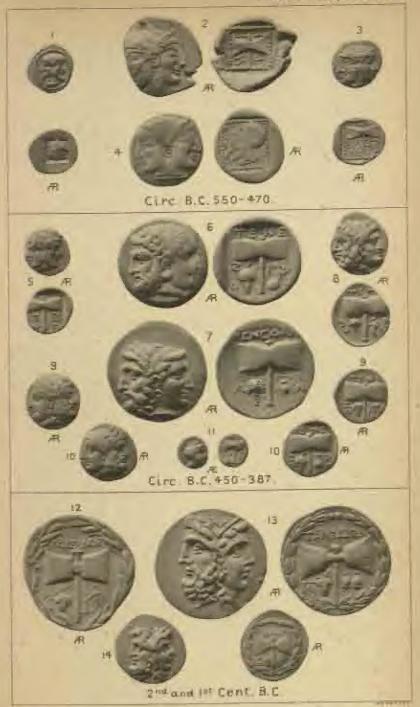
Faustina JUN.





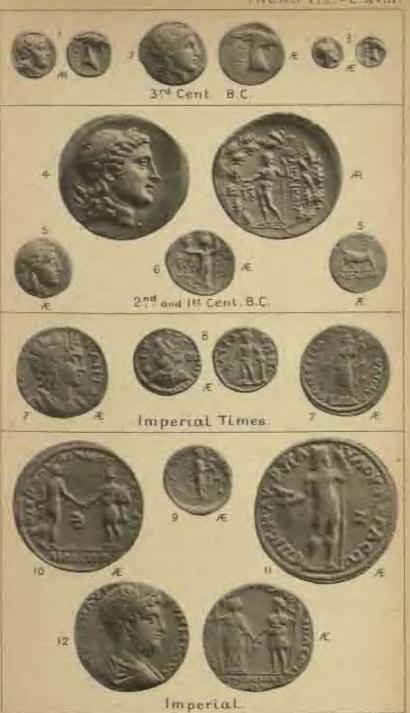
SCEPSIS, SIGEUM, THYMBRA, ZELEIA.





TENEDOS.





AEGAE -







Came Commodus.



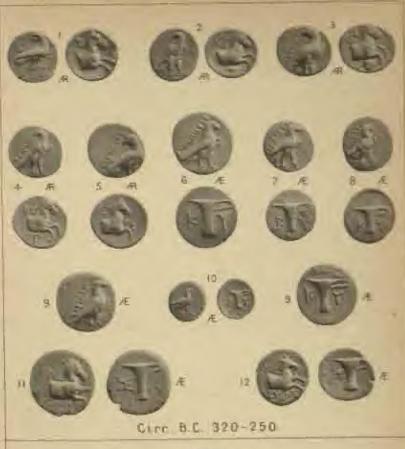


Cyme Circ B.C. 480-450



Cyme Circ. B.C. 350-320.









Cerc B.C 250-190.

CYME.





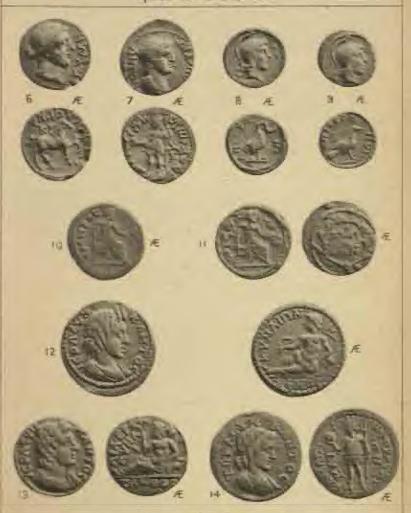
CYME.

ARTESTS.





After Circ B.C. 190.



Imperial Times.

CYME.



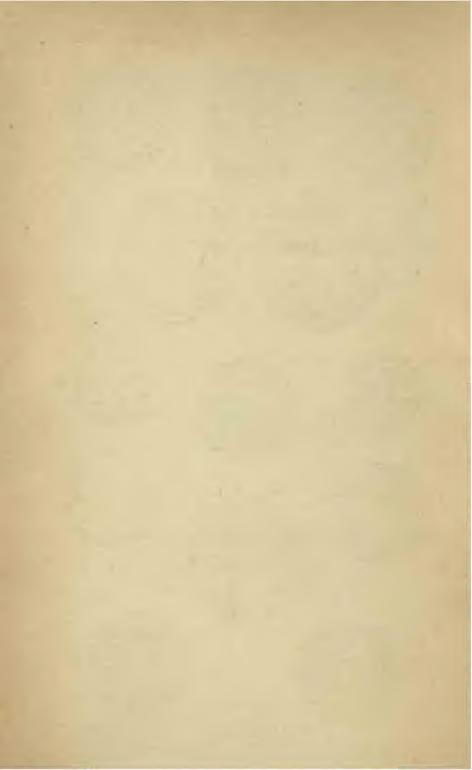


Imperial Times.



Imperial.

M. SACABI





CYME.









After Circ. B.C. 480.











After Circ. B.C. 340.

















Imperial Times.







Gryntum, 31d Cent Bt.



Larissa. 4th Cent B.C.





MYRINA.













Temnus 3rd Cent BC



TROAS ETC. PLXXIX.

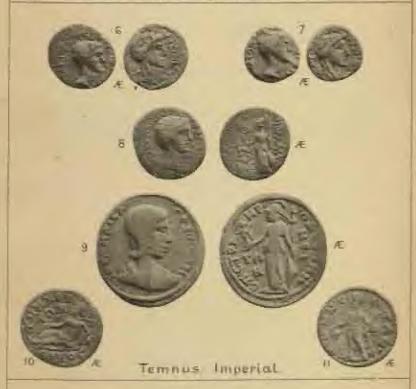




Ternnus 2" and I'l Cent B.C.



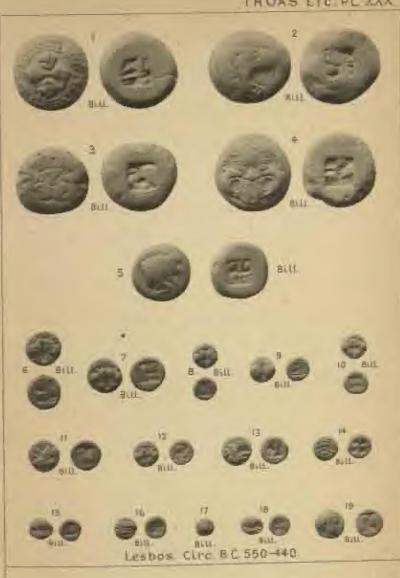
Temnus Imperial Times.





TEMNUS, TISNA.





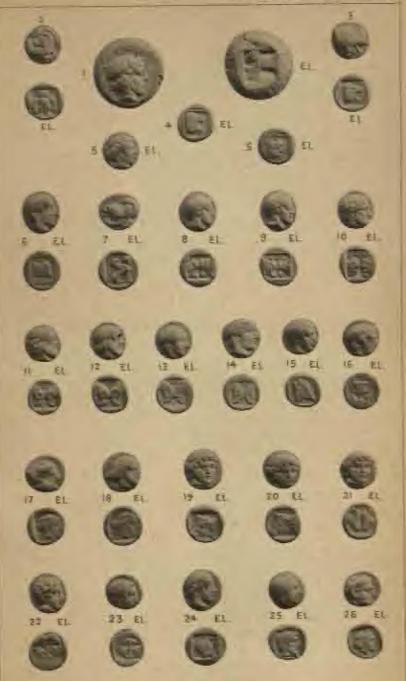


Lesbos Circ B.C 550-440





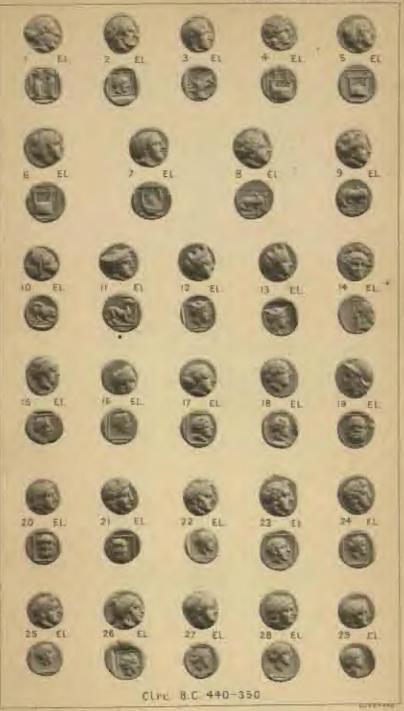




Curc. B.C. 440-350

Statement











TROAS ETC. PLXXXV





Lesbos ? Circ B C. 330-280°



Uncentain of Lesbox Circ 8.C 500-440.



Antisso Circ 8.C. 300-167

LESBOS - ANTISSA.

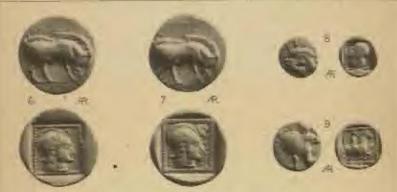




Fresus Circ 8.C 300-200?



Eresus Philip L



Methymno, Circ B E 500-450.



Methymna Circ B C 420-377



Methymna Circ. BC 330-240















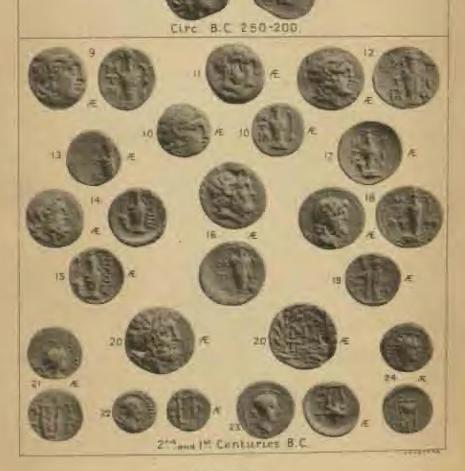
METHYMNA, MYTILENE.

Mytllene

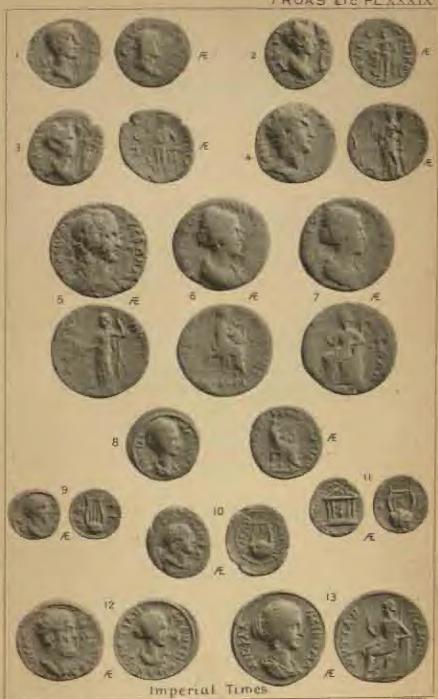




Circ B.C 350-250



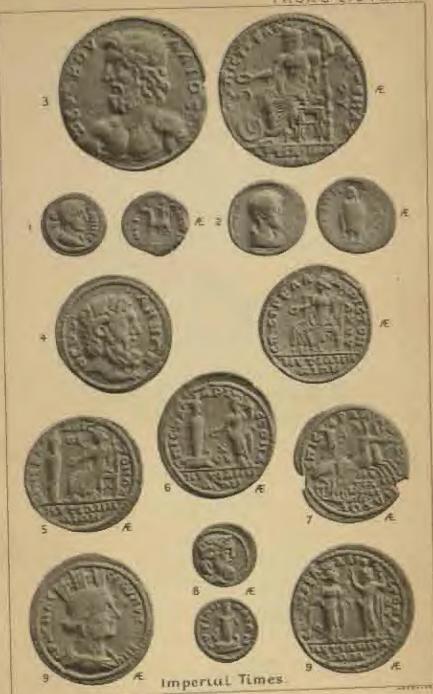




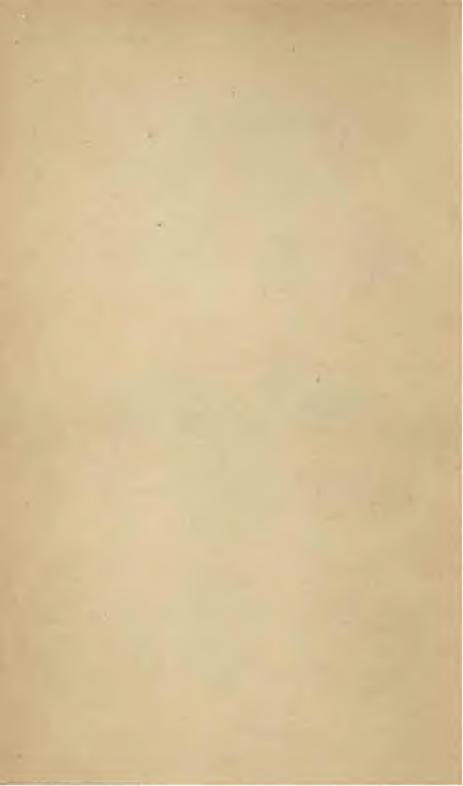
MYTILENE .

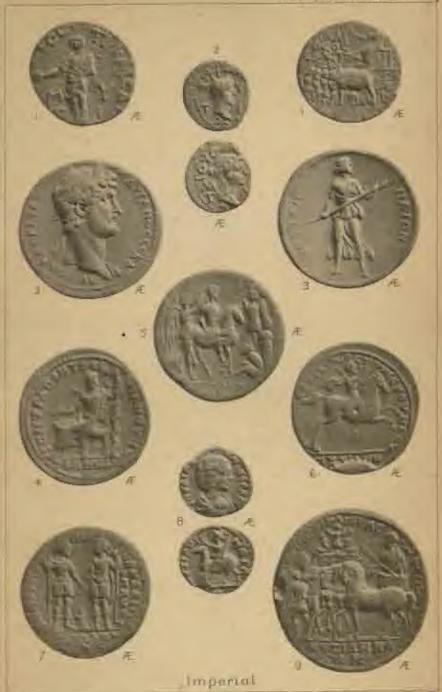


TROAS ETC PLAL



MYTILENE .





MYTILENE .



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MYTILENE.







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